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PARIS, MONDAY, JELY 5, 1982

2 Arabs Slain

In West Bank

**Disturbances** 

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatcher
JERUSALEM — Two Arabs
ied and 12 were injured in dem-

onstrations Sunday in the Israeli-occupied West Bank protesting the Israeli invasion of Lebanon to crush the Palestine Liberation Or-

ganization, military sources said. A general strike won only-limited

Nablus by Israeli soldiers who opened fire after they were attacked by a group of demonstrators, the sources said. Two of the wounded men died later in a hospital. In Ramaliah, an Arab was

wounded when Israeli soldiers opened fire on protesters, Israeli

In the West Bank town of Beit Shira, six Palestinians were injured

by bullets and stones when Arab

members of the Israeli-backed Vil-

lage League and Palestinians clashed over a PLO call for Pales-

tinians not to go to work in Israel, Israeli radio said.

of an American Jewish settler was found Friday near Bethlehem. The

daily newspaper Ma'ariv said po-bice were holding two young Pales-tinians suspected of stabbing to death David Rosenfeld, 27, in re-

Many Arah workers who com-

mute daily to jobs in Israel re-mained at home Sunday to express

solidarity with the PLO in Leba-

non, but there was only a patchy response to a call by West Bank

Palestinian leaders to begin a two-

day general strike over the inva-

sion. Israeli radio reported a par-tial strike in Nahlus.

tions were the first serious Pales-

tinian protests in the occupied ter-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

Sunday's strikes and demonstra-

enge for the invasion.

Also in the West Bank, the body

Five Arabs were wounded in

The Columbia landing Sunday at Edwards Air Force Base in California

# Columbia's Final Test Flight Ends With a Perfect Landing

By Thomas O'Toole

Washington Post Service
EDWARDS AIR FORCE n by Paril end to the last of four test irches in lights, astronauts Capt. Thomas wies in h. Mattingly and Hearry W. Harts-nuster described by flew the space shuttle Colthe of particle of the office of the offi

said to Remaining to Earth after seven the gardinays in space, Capt. Mattingly and in ken, fir. Hartsfield landed the shuttle hur hill a refore a crowd of more than half a sall in in million people. President Reagan, the who attended the landing called the astronauts "pathfinders" in the strength of a the They and other astronauts have he into hown the world that Americans till have the know-how and Amer-

cans still have the true grit that cans still have the true grit that amed a savage wildeness. Mr. cos rate teagan said in a speech not far rom Runway 22 where the 100-FREE Om spaceliner sat.

he United States, permanent pres-rice in space, he fell short of com-Nancy, welcomed the astronauts at

mitting the country to building a the foot of a ramp put up against the shuttle's batch. The president permanent, orbiting space station such as the National Aeronautics and Space Administration would like to start work on next year. Such a station could cost \$6 bil-

Mr. Reagan did say the United States will develop "an anti-satel-lite capability, with operational de-ployment as a goal," but he never-theless insisted that the United States was committed to the peaceful exploration of space.

The shuttle touched down 3,000 feet (910 meters) beyond the threshold of the concrete runway, then used another 8,000 feet to roll to a stop. It halted in the middle of a 300-foot-wide target strip, Previous landings had been on the

desert floor. "Welcome back to Earth," as-ronant Brewster Shaw called to the crew from Mission Control at the Johnson Space Center in Houston. The Columbia had completed -I 13 trouble-free orbits.

salutes, then Mrs. Reagan kissed the two space fliers on the cheek.

After Capt. Mattingly gave the
Reagans a quick tour of the space-

craft, the president and his wife returned to the stand where Mr. Reagan gave his address.

He said the shuttle's fourth landing was "the historical equivalent to the driving of the golden spike which completed the first transcontinental railroad. It marks

our entrance into a new era." "This has been the cleanest flight we've had to date," Flight Director Harold Draughon said at the Johnson Space Center.

The only thing believed to have gone wrong during the flight was in the workings of an Air Force instrument package in Columbia's cargo bay. Capt. Mattingly hinted that there had been trouble with the instruments.

The Columbia is to begin an operational space freight program in



Israel Bars PLO Presence in Lebanon

Rejects Arafat's Reported Plan for Token Guerrilla Force in North

An Israeli soldier in East Beirut stops cars trying to cross into West Beirut. The Israeli Army and the Christian militia have sealed off all crossing points between the two sectors of the city.

# At an Outpost in Beirut's Suburbs, Palestinians Ready for a Last Stand

By Thomas L. Friedman New York Times Service

EL-LAILAKE, Lebanon - lt takes only one trip to the Palestinian guerrillas' forward position on the southern outskirts of Beirut to understand why the Israeli Army is reluctant to invade the Lebanese

El-Lailake is the southernmost Palestinian-controlled suhurb of West Beirut. It is a honeycomb of narrow twisting streets in which every building seems to house five or six heavily armed Palestinian

fighters. Anni-aircraft guns are hidare pocked with freshly drilled holes for the insertion of land

"It is full," said Rifaat Shihaah, 23, a Palestinian commando, "do you understand that? It's full of fighters. Maybe the Israelis will come and maybe they will win here, but I promise you it will be a big cemetery for them."

The guerrillas move about El-Lailake, which is just south of the main Palestinian camp of Borge Barajni, seemingly oblivious to the occasional hurst of Israeli sniper fire. Some in civilian clothes, others in green army fatigues, the guerrillas are armed primarily with rockets and PG-7s, Soviet-made rocket-propelled grenades that are particularly effective against tanks at close range.

at close range 'All We Know'

"If the Israelis come in here," said a guerrilla who identified him-self as Ghassan Haidar, 21, "they will not be able to use their air force. They will have to come get us with tanks and men. They do not like street lighting, but street fighting is all we know.

The outpost at El-Lailake affords a perfect view of the battlefront. To the west is Beirut International Airport, with the charred carcasses of two Middle East Airlines planes still on the tarmac. Israeli armored units are dug in just

south of the runway. To the south, across a wide tomato patch still being worked hy a small intrepid group of Lebanese farmers, is the hillside village of Chouffate, where Israeli troops look down on the guerrillas from a

Israelis and go out carrying white flags. Never." Sitting around mattresses in the building that has been their home since June 6, the day the Israeli invasion began, the guerrillas talked of friends who died fighting in Sidon, Tyre and Damour and inquired about what the Israeb sol-

ers and beavier weapons.

all West Beirut.

To the east are Hadath and Baabda, where Israeli tanks and

armored personnel carriers are tucked throughout the terraced

hills, with a panoramic overview of

The guerrillas at the El-Lailake

outpost do not seem to have the least conception of the political ne-

gotiations swirling around them -

nor do they seem to care. If Yasser Arafat, the chairman of the PLO,

tells them to go, they will go, and if

he tells them to stay, they will stay.

They still do not believe they have lost.

"Look," said an unshaved guer-

rilla named Wadia, a Lebanese

going to surrender our arms to the

ability and about casualties. The only time there was bitterness was when they were discussing the failure of the other Arab states to help them.

liers have said of their lighting

"Curse their mothers," said Samih, 23, a European-trained engineer. "You see where the Israelis are. Well, behind the Israelis is King Fahd and Hafez al-Assad and King Hussein," he said, refer-ring to the leaders of Saudi Arabia, Syria and Jordan. "They are all in this together and every Palestinian, every child, will know what to do large factory they have taken over. every child The guerrillas say the tomato with them."

## Habib Given **More Time** For Talks

By Edward Cody

JERUSALEM — The Israeli government, responding Sunday to w proposals relayed by the United States, rejected suggestions that the Palestine Liberation Organizalitical presence in Lebanon.

"The government of Israel re-jects without any qualification whatsoever every proposal concerning any presence - policical.

The Arab League warns the U.S. of grave damage to their ties if Israel is not restrained. Page 2.

organizational or militarily symbolic — of terrorists in Lebanon," the Cabinet said after a meeting on the Beirut crisis. "All of them without any exception should leave

The government's stand seemed to constitute a straightforward "no" to a document reportedly signed Saturday in Beirut by PLO ader Yasser Arafat as part of negodations with Lebanese political figures and, through them, Philip C. Habib, the U.S. special Middle East envoy. The U.S. ambassador to Israel, Samuel W. Lewis, was reported to have informed Prime Minister Menachem Begin of the progress in the talks, including Mr. Arafat's latest rocition, during a Arafat's latest position, during a meeting in Jerusalem Saturday

Although the document signed by Mr. Arafat accepted in princi-ple Israel's insistence on a PLO evacuation of Lebanon, the Lebanese state radio said, it also left open the question of PLO de-mands for token guerrilla forces to remain in the Bekaa Valley and northern Lebanon.

#### More Time for Talks

By rejecting this outright, Mr. Begin's government heightened the chances of an Israeli assault on West Beirnt. At the same time, Isracli sources said, the Cabinet decided to give more time - how tiating efforts,

Despite the hard line on a PLO presence in Lebanon, observers de-tected a note of flexibility on another key Palestinian demand: Mr. Arafat's insistence that Israeli forces ringing Beirut begin a limited withdrawal, linked to the withdrawal of PLO guerrillas.

Previously, Israeli officials have insisted that discussions on Israeli withdrawal can begin only after all guerrillas have left. In Sunday's statement, however, the Cabinet said: "No change in the existing lines in Lebanon would be carried out without the consent of Israel."

With Israeli forces commanding the situation around Beirut, it seemed self-evident that they would change their lines only with the consent of the Israeli government, leading observers to conclude that the statement had

(Continued on Page 2, Col.4)

## U.S. Officers Urge Sending More Advisers to El Salvador this year has been about 40, embassy officials said. The increase in the number of mittees — could result in a rightist units, the Salvadoran Army was trained in 1981; Belloso, By John Dinges

SAN SALVADOR - Members of the U.S. military mission help-ing El Salvador fight its war against leftist rebels now advocate increasing the number of U.S. military advisers here above the cur-LTH Strent ceiling of 55 men, an informed Western source has said.

ALL THE THE INDICATE OF THE STREET OF THE STREET OF THE U.S. trained battalions in two recent campaigns. The source, however, criticized regular army units, saying that their tactics in a Al SERIbattle in early June allowed guerrillas to rout two army companies IGRATION with about 300 men.

Asked for comment, a U.S. dip-lomat here said Saturday that the embassy was "not giving any so-rious consideration to raising the ly 30 U.S. advisers are in El Salva-vored tactics that would be moniming in 1981, and the approximate-winning the war using U.S. fatored by American advisers and the approximate-winning the war using U.S. fatored by American advisers. NET number of trainers." Approximate in 1981, and the average number

advisers is being suggested to allow teams of advisers to be based at headquarters of Salvadoran Army brigades around the country, the military source said. Most of the advisers now are based in San Salvador and go out by day to train Salvadoran troops in nearby

camps.

The source said the Salvadoran high command had supported the idea of introducing U.S. teams at the brigade level.

#### Fighting Is Heavy

The military source said be saw no quick end to the war, with fighting here in recent weeks at its heaviest level since the March 28

takeover of the present high command, which is pro-United States. The source estimated that the Salvadoran forces could hold out for only about a year without U.S.

#### Battalion's Test

He said the U.S. military team was attempting to teach more effective counterinsurgency tactics in regular armed forces units, including the use of "saturation patrols" by small units operating at night and during the day to "deny the night to the guerrillas." The military source did not say

how many additional training personnel would be needed. The U.S. diplomat said the idea of such military teams was "worth exploring" but that "we haven't really studied that at all."

In the first test of a Salvadoran battalion that had been trained for

launched an offensive at the end of May involving about 4,000 troops the northwestern guerrilla stronghold of Chalatenango.

The army said it killed 135 "subversives" before calling off the sweep after 10 days. On May 5, however, the Fara-hundo Marti Liberation Front

forces overran the towns of Perquin and San Fernando in northern Morázan province. The army's first attempt to retake the town was a failure, the

military source said.

Two army companies were sent north to Perquin on June 9 and ran into an ambush four miles (6.4 kilometers) outside of town. "Coordination was abysmal," the source said. The Salvadorans were battered after "they walked out from under their artillery sup-

port," he said. A few days after the ambush,

#### trained at Fort Bragg; and Atonal, trained this year in El Salvador. They performed well, the source said, especially the Belloso.

But the key to the government counteroffensive, the source said, was the arrival in El Salvador on June 15 of six U.S. A-37 fighter-

Nevertheless, the source said, initially at least" the fighting was a psychological victory for the reb-

In San Salvador, meanwhile, Monsignor Arturo Rivera y Damas, the acting archbishop of the city, said during Mass Sunday that Pope John Paul II will visit Central America, including El Salvador, next year, Reuters reported. [In Rome, however, a Vatican

spokesman said he could not confirm that the pope would make such a visit.

# Strikes Mark a Return to 'Normal' in Britain

### Political and Labor Disputes Replace War as Major Issues

By Steven Rattner

New York Times Service LONDON - After three weeks of cease-fire, the Falkland Islands war has slid off most front pages, and displays of patriotism in sup-port of "our boys" have largely ubsided. When Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher takes questions in the House of Commons these days, fewer involve the South Atlantic and more concern the 3 million unemployed.

The British public, never overly demonstrative about the Falklands, bas returned to some of its more enduring preoccupations the royal family (naming of the lat-est royal heir, Prince William of Wales), sports (tennis at Wimbledon and the soccer World Cup), deep political divisions and labor

For commuters, and perhaps for Mrs. Thatcher, too, one unmistakable sign of a return to "normal" has been the proliferation of work stoppages, notably separate strikes last week on British Rail and the Underground, the London sub-

However, management spokesmen said 25 percent to 30 percent of the striking National Union of Railwaymen turned up at work anyway, union delegates voted against continuing the walkout. However, a new strike by a different British Rail union began Sun-

Warning by Williams

With inflation still running at more than 9 percent, other workers were also restive. The Times of London was shut for two days by a union dispute. Health workers across the country staged localized walkouts, demanding a 12-percent pay increase. The Royal College of Nursing, representing 195,000 nurses, settled for 7.5 percent. But other health service unions,

rejecting a 6-percent offer, threat-

ened a three-day walkout in mid-July. These and other union disputes prompted Shirley Wil-liams, a leader of the Social Democratic Party, to warn that Britain could be heading for something resembling the general strike of Recalling that previous British vernments were brought down

by strikes, opposition politicians tried to capitalize on the disruptions. But the public appeared to be solidly behind Mrs. Thatcher. Unions are not popular in Britain, and the railroad unions, which have made few sacrifices during the current austerity, are perhaps the least popular. Last winter, travelers endured

17 brief strikes, and polls showed support remained strong for the government's tough stance. Mrs. Thatcher indicated last week that she would press ahead with legislative proposals to curb the unions. Although the Falklands dispute

receding as an issue, Mrs. Thatcher has held onto much of the strength she gained by her un-compromising direction of the war. A recently released poli by Market Opinion and Research International - taken before the railroad strikes - registered 48percent support for her government, an all-time high and well ahead of the Labor, Liberal and Social Democratic parties. The Social Democrats last week elected their first leader, Roy Jenkins, a former Labor minister. Mrs. Thatcher came out on top despite a sharp jump - 40 percent to 63 - in the number of Britpercent ons who regard unemployment as the most pressing problem.

The Labor Party leadership, meanwhile, has been preoccupied with internal divisions. A party report has recommended a crackdown on a Trotskyist faction called Militant Tendency, which has taken control of Labor's youth movement and perhaps 50 local or-ganizations. The militants have oined Tony Benn's left-wing followers in moves to unseat Labor moderates in Parliament. The party's national executive committee voted last month to approve a report insisting on openness and democratic procedures. "Militant Tendency as presently constituted would not be eligible," the report

ley, Peter Shore and Roy Hattersley have been urging Michael Foot, the party leader, to act on the report. But he is unlikely to move without an endorsement from the party conference, and the outcome there is uncertain; large unions that support Mr. Benn would be expected to oppose the

With British lives no longer at risk, the opposition has abandoned its low-key approach in favor of a frontal attack on the government's handling of the Falklands crisis in its early days. Late last week, Mrs. Thatcher was still locked in negotiations over opening an inquiry into the genesis of the crisis, and these negotiations already had produced considerable political acri-

#### Rail Engineers Begin Strike

LONDON (Reuters) - Most of Britain's railroad engineers began an indefinite strike Sunday. Only a handful of the usual Sunday total of 8,500 trains were running, but a British Rail spokesman said management was optimistic that more drivers would work on Monday. London's subway system, which was almost completely closed for nine days last month, was not af-

#### INSIDE

fected by the dispute.

■ The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development has issued a highly critical report on U.S. economic policies, saying they are likely to keep real interest rates high through the end of

Jimmy Connors edged John McEnroe 3-6, 6-3, 6-7, 7-6, 6-4 in a 414 hour thriller to regain the Wimhledon title after eight years. Martina Navraulova overpowered defending champion Chris Evert Lloyd, 6-1, 3-6, 6-2, Saturday to win the women's crown for the third time.

France and Poland qualified for the World Cup semifinals. Giresse and Rocheteau both scored twice as France defeated Northern Ireland 4-1 to reach the semifinals for the first time since 1958. Poland drew 0-0 with the Soviet Un-Page 13. ion to advance.

■ The French government's turnahout from economic expansion to at least temporary austenty has given the Communist Party, badly eroded by its uncomfortable junior partnership with the Socialists. some new political opportuni-

#### Reporters Now Telling Of U.K. Errors in War hands — "the Defense Ministry of-ficer on board the ship, the ship's captain and then the Defense Min-New York Times Service LONDON — British journalists returning from the Fakland Isistry in London."

lands, no longer constrained by censorship, have been writing critical accounts of apparently made-quate British intelligence and military bungling there. The news stories, published over AG: 1 the past week, provide a backdrop of for the forthcoming parliamentary A551 inquiry into the war. Many of A551 them recall the reporting of the

var in Vietnam., Many reporters and editors say it was the Vietnam experience that influenced the British Ministry of Defense in its handling of the press during the Falklands fighting Michael Nicholson, a continue of the press during the Falklands of the press during the Falklands of the press during the Falklands of the pressure o spondent for Independent Television News, said "it was a question of Look what you people did in Vietnam, turning a nation against

the war." \*\* ? The written testimony is being submitted to a bipartisan panel of the Parliamentary Defense Committee, which will begin hearings July 21 into the government's handling of public and press informa-

#### 3 Readings Reported

Peter Archer of the Press Association, Britain's domestic news agency, was aboard the aircraft carrier Hermes, the flagship of the task force. He said it was "a problem of too many censors, or press officers, on board the ship who did not know what was being done in

According to John Witherow of The Times of London, who was on the Invincible; the other aircraft carrier in the task force, news reports went through at least three

"The real problem was being told we could not write about the Sheffield being hit, the Belgrano being sunk or two Sea Harriers colliding at sea, only to turn on the colliding at sea, only to turn on the BBC World Service and hear it being announced in London," he

In the war zone, disputes be-

tween reporters and military officials revolved not over restrictions on security matters, which the press accepted, but over delays in transmission, discrepancies in policy with London and the seemingly arbitrary deletion of adjectives, phrases and sometimes entire ac-

"I know of some copy that never got through," said Mr. Witherow. A reporter was alongside Sir Galahad when it was hit, killing 50 men. It was the worst single incident of the war for Britain, and the account never arrived."

Mr. Nicholson and Brian Hanrahan of the British Broadcasting Corp. were aboard the Hermes, working as a team with a television crew, but film was never transmitted from the ship. Military officials are expected to testify that the transmission equipment was to be turned over to television when it was not needed for operational traffic, but that moment never

But Mr. Hanrahan, describing what he said was a generally frustrating experience, said, "There is a balance to be struck between the military need to keep things secret, to keep their communications locked up, and to provide information in an acceptable form to the



The British submarine Conqueror returned Sunday from the Falkland Islands to its Faslane, Scotland, base. The vessel. which sank the Argentine cruiser General Belgrano, flew the skull and crossbones to mark the end of a successful mission.

country which is supporting, fi- sored reports, said, "Things went nancing and running the opera- awry. Mistakes were made.

#### British Error Reported

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches LONDON - British journalists have reported that British troops on the Falklands sometimes shot each other and Argentine jets killed 50 men who were watching films while waiting to leave a land-

The reports were published Friday by Bob McGowan of the Dai-Express and Gareth Parry of The Guardian, who were with the British task force. A Defense Ministry spokesman,

asked to comment on the uncen-

Mr. McGowan said that after the British landing May 21 at Port San Carlos, British paratroops in the hills saw unidentified forces moving in on British positions. It

Argentine counterattack. "British mortars rained down on the interlopers and C Company poured fire at them. I was told that four men were hit, two with brain injuries, before the frightening error was realized. The interlopers were other men of C Company."

was believed to be the start of an

Mr. McGowan wrote. The troop landing ship Sir Galahad arrived June 8 at Bluff Cove to land Welsh Guardsmen (Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

new opportunities for Soviet policy in the Middle East, Mr. Klibi

said that conservative Arah lead-

ers at the meeting in Saudi Ara-bia discussed the possibility of

wider diplomatic recognition for

the Soviet Union. None of the

Gulf states, except Kuwait, has

diplomatic relations with the So-

viet Union Kuwait, with the

PLO will head the Arab delega-

Although Mr. Klibi's state-

ments did not commit any Arah

government to specific actions, his warnings carry weight be-

cause he has a reputation for

being pro-Western, a fact he em-

Asked if he thought the Unit-

ed States colluded with Israel in

the Lebanon operation, Mr. Kli-

bi said: "America has encour-

aged Israel hy not reacting, whether out of negligence, or weakness, or design. But it is worse than a plot, it is a stupid

By speaking out, Mr. Klibi ap-parently signaled the fast-ap-

proaching end of a period dur-

ing which Arab governments, while embarrassed by develop-

ments in Lebanon, felt that quiet

diplomacy would be sufficient to

phasized during the interview.

tion to Moscow.

# Arab League Head Warns U.S. on Relations if Israel Is Not Curbed

By Joseph Fitchett

al Herald Tribune PARIS - U.S. interests in the Arah countries will suffer grave damage if the Reagan administration allows Israel to destroy West Beirut and wipe out the Palestine Liberation Organiza-tion, the head of the Arah League, Chadli Klibi, warned

It was the first time during the crisis in Lebanon that a prominent Arab official, speaking for moderate Arab governments, has publicly threatened the West with anti-American actions in reprisal for Israel's military ac-

Mr. Klibi, complaining that the Reagan administration has allowed Israel to believe it has a blank check in Lebanon, said the United States should intervene to save Beirut, leave the PLO politically intact as a negotiating body and, at a subse-quent stage, help create a Palestinian state.

PLO chairman Yasser Arafat, he said, has emerged "a stronger and a wiser leader" from the war in Lebanon, and Western governments should use the crisis to

produce a diplomatic opening for Mr. Arafat.

The situation can become a major crisis between the Arab countries and the West, especially the United States," Mr. Klibi said in an interview. He added: "It's America that has the power to act, and we hope it recognizes its historical responsibilities and the gravity of our situation; failure will leave indelible consequences on our relations."

Mr. Klibi's views apparently reflected the mood of moderate Arab leaders about Arab-U.S. relation. Saturday, he was involved in crisis talks on Lebanon in Saudi Arabia. They were attended by Saudi leaders and representatives of Kuwait, Algeria, Syria, Lebanon and the PLO.

Denouncing what he called U.S. inaction in the crisis, Mr. Klibi criticized the performance of the special U.S. envoy, Philip C. Habib, whom he described as "a messenger for Israel, not a mediator, he has never pressed Israel to accept any compro-

Mr. Klibi, a Tunisian, is secretary-general of the Arab League, which groups all the Arab governments except Egypt.

The Arab governments, at their meeting in Saudi Arabia, decided to send delegations to the United States, the Soviet Union, Britain, France and China — the permanent members of the United Nations Security Council

The most important mission will visit the United States; it will be headed by Saudi Arabia's foreign minister, Saud al-Faisal. Mr. Klibi said the Saudi official is seeking an urgent appointment with President Reagan, perhaps as soon as Tuesday.

The results of the talks in Washington and the other capi-tals, Mr. Klibi said, could strongly influence Arah policies toward the United States, Europe and the Soviet Union.

He declined to cite specifie threats. "I refuse to visualize a U.S. refusal and the agonizing reappraisal that it could cause," But he acknowledged that in Saudi Arabia, Arab leaders dis-

cussed a range of possible retaliation involving oil, economic relations, military cooperation and diplomatic relations. Arguing that Israel's recent

military successes have created

contain Israel within limits acceptable to Arab opinion.

"We have been betting all the

capital of our good relations with the United States," Mr. Klibi said, adding that "the socalled 'silence of the Arabs' is an invention of Israeli propaganda, insinuating that Arab govern-ments are happy about what is happening to Lebanon and the PLO."

He did oot explain why Arah governments appear to be more ready to resort to public diplomacy, but reports from Arah capitals in recent days have spoken of rising public unhappiness as the Israeli operations have increased in scale while PLO fighters have continued to resist.

Mr. Klibi said that the Palestinians have won a moral victory m Lebanon by performing credibly, in the eyes of many Arabs, during what he called "the first Israeli-Palestinian war."

He said the fighting has con-firmed Mr. Arafat as the Palestinians' acknowledged leader be-cause he led the toughest resistance mounted by the PLO in any war. At the same time, Mr. Klibi said, the Palestinians' losses have discredited Mr. Arafat's more radical rivals.

"Arafat has proved to be the man of compromise and the man of resistance, and he should be taken at his word when he says that the only problem is for Israel to recognize the Palestinians' right to a state," Mr. Klibi

The United States, he said, is Israel's best friend and therefore should tell the Israelis - whom he described as "drunk with victory" - that the time has come for a political compromise, offering what Mr. Klibi called the prospect of stability instead of recurrent crises.

Prime Minister Menachem Begin of Israel, he said, is refusing to entertain Mr. Arafat's assertions of Palestiniao moderation "oot because he lacks confidence in the Arabs but because he wants the land, the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, for Israel."

He also accused Israel of seeking to turn Lebanoo into an Isracli sate ite under the control of Israeli-backed Christian mili-

Israel and the main Christian

militia leader, Bashir Gemayel, have rejected a PLO plan, approved by the Arab League meeting in Saudi Arabia, for a substantial withdrawal of Palestinian guerrillas from Lebanon.

The Arah plan, Mr. Klibi said, calls for the PLO to retain about 300 troops in Lebanoo as part of the Lebanese Army with weapons to be specified by the Lebaoese command. In addition, the PLO also is seeking "an expanded political presence," hot this does not necessarily imply an embassy with diplomatic immunity, he said.

Arab governments, he said, have no objections if Lebanon wanted the United States and France to contribute troops to an international peacekeeping force in the Beirut area - a suggestion reported Sunday from

Syria is ready to withdraw its forces from Lebanon if asked by the Lebanese government, he said, adding that there is an Arab consensus for such a move. To allow these changes, he said, the Arab plan calls for a token Israeli military pullback of a few miles so that Lebanese and Palestinian leaders are no longer



Chadli Klibi

acting under direct military coer-

At the Saudi Arabian meeting he said, Arah representatives made it clear that they would guarantee implementation of their plan and would also contribute extensive aid for Lebanon's reconstruction after a set-

# Nkomo Fails to Show Up at Rally; **Mugabe Links Him With Shooting**

HARARE, Zimbabwe — Zimbabwe's opposition leader, Joshua Nkomo, suspected of complicity in a gun attack on the home of Prime Minister Robert Mugabe, failed to appear Sunday for a long-awaited political rally in the Zimbabwe

capital.
Party officials of the Zimbabwe African People's Union told a crowd of about 3,000 — unusually small for the veteran politician — that Mr. Nkomo had a severe case

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with affiliates who have

strength and achievement.

built reputations for

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39, Avenue Montaigne

of flu and was confined to his Bulawayo home on doctor's orders.
But when telephoned at his bome immediately afterward, an aide said Mr. Nkomo was at a meeting in Bulawayo and would not be back until later Sunday. Asked if Mr. Nkomo was well, the aide, who identified himself

Douglas Ngwenya; said: "He's fine. Quite well. Definitely." He said he did not know why Mr. Nkomo had oot turned up for the rally, scheduled last month and billed as an appeal for peace and reconciliation in Zimbabwe.

Mr. Mugabe on Saturday publicly linked Mr. Nkomo with the attack on guards at the gate of his official residence in Harare on June 24. He said ZAPU had organized and carried out the raid.

"Whether Nkomo had a direct hand in it will be established by the police," he said at a news conference. "But ZAPU was responsible; therefore the inference can be drawn that Nkomo was responsi-ble."

was fired from Mr. Mugabe's coalition Cabinet in February on allegations that he had plotted a coup.

Edgar Tekere, a prominent radiation serious antempt of his his but they said it appeared Mr. Mugabe was convinced that Mr. Nkomo had a hand in it, despite his denials.

cal figure in Mr. Mugabe's party, the Zimbabwe African National Union, accused Mr. Nkomo in Parliament last week of hiring gunmen to attack the prime minister, and called for his detention and trial. Mr. Tekere, a former minister

for manpower, was fired from the

Cabinet after he was acquitted on

a technicality in the murder in 1980 of a white farmer. In his speech prepared for Sunday's meeting and read on his be-half by the ZAPU secretary-general, Joseph Msika, Mr. Nkomo denied that he or his party had plotted against the government.

Mr. Nkomo accused Mr. Tekere of taking advantage of parliamentary privilege to make malicious statements and said: "It is most unfortunate that persons entrusted with the leadership of our people should fail to see or even perceive the consequences of such irresponsible utterance of unfounded charges."

Sources close to Mr. Mugabe Mr. Nkomo, 65, was already un-der threat of arrest following the incident at his residence as a discovery of arms caches on prop-erties connected with ZAPU, He serious attempt on his life. But

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A crowd of about 50,000 jammed the square in front of the Tel Aviv City Hall calling for the Israeli Army's withdrawal from Lebanon and Prime Minister Menachem Begin's resignation.

# Israel Rejects Any PLO Presence in Lebanon

opened the way for mutual withdrawal from the Lebanese capital. According to reports from Beirut, Mr. Habib's discussions include the possible stationing of a multinational force along with the

Lebanese Army in West Beirut to enforce order as PLO guerrillas leave and perhaps separate Israeli and Palestinian forces.

High Israeli officials cited by the government-run radio Sunday em-phasized that the United States, in ceping Mr. Begin abreast of the Beirut negotiations, was oot seeking Israeli agreement for a contin-ued PLO military presence in Lebanon, hat they said oothing about a political presence.

Earlier reports said Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. suggested in a message to Mr. Begin

# In West Bank The news agency said Col.

(Continued from Page 1)

ritories since the invasion began. In the largest expression yet of Is-raeli opposition to the invasion, about 50,000 protesters held a rally Saturday in the square in front of Tel Aviv's City Hall.

The sea of placards reflected the

theme of speeches: opposition to an attack on West Beirut, demands for the resignation of Prime Minis-ter Menachem Begin and Defense Minister Ariel Sharon, and an immediate pullback from Lebanon.

Despite the protest, two oewspa-per polls published over the weekend indicated that 93.5 percent and 85 percent of the respondents expressed support for the invasion.

#### Begin Regains Majority

TEL AVIV (AP) — Prime Minister Menachem Begin named Mordechai Ben Porat to his Cabinet Sunday as minister without portfolio in a move that restored his 61-vote majority in the Knesset (configurery)

(parliament).

Mr. Ben Porat got the post after agreeing to join Mr. Begin's ruling Likud coalition along with Yigael Hurwitz, his partner in the twoman Telem faction.

#### Israeli and Arafat Meet

TEL AVIV (AP) — Uri Avnery, the Israeli publisher of the leftist weekly Haolam Hazeb (This World), said Saturday after meet-ing with Yasser Arafat in West Beirut that the PLO chairman appeared relaxed but "a little fatal-

In a radio interview, Mr. Avnery said nothing about Mr. Arafat's remarks in their extended discussion Saturday, believed to be the first between Mr. Arafat and an Israeli. But Israeli television reported that the PLO leader had said that whoever says the PLO wants to destroy Israel "is telling a libel."



Telex 56809

#### government eventually could allow a PLO office, Qadhafi Urges Suicide

last week that the PLO could re-

tain an undefined political pres-

ence in Lebanon, a point that dif-fered in ouance at least from the

Israelis' former position. The for-

mer position was that all PLO

members must leave, without ex-

ception, but that the Lebanese

TRIPOLI, Libya (AP) — Col. Moamer Qadhafi said Sunday that Palestinian guerrillas encircled by 2 Arabs Slain

Israelis in Beirut should "commit suicide rather than accept shame," the official Libyan news agency JANA reported Sunday.

> bya was putting "all its capabilities under Syria's disposal." It did not explain what that would entail. Syrian troops are in Lebanou, sent in after the 1975-76 Lebanese civil war to enforce a truce.

## **British Errors** Are Reported

(Continued from Page I) without sufficient protection because no Rapier anti-aircraft missiles had been put ashore, Mr.

McGowan said. For nearly five hours, be reported, the Sir Galahad and its sister ship the Sir Tristram sat waiting, their passengers and crew watch-ing films, with a known Argentine

observation post nearby. He said when Argentine jets attacked "it was like a turkey shoot," and asked, "Why were men watch-ing video films when they should have been taken ashore?"

British Special Forces hidden on the Argentine mainland gave Brit-ain's Falklands task force two-minute warnings of air attacks, Mr. Nicholson reported.

He said that men of the elite Special Air Service on the aircraft carrier Hermes "were in daily or hourly contact with the men on the

Mr. Parry reported that corre-spondents with the task force were "very happy" to leave out of their dispatches details about unexploded Argentine bombs and their

faulty fusing.

But he said that "to our horror" details of the failure of the bombs to explode received a lot of publicity in London and that "the day after, the Argentines got their fusing right."

#### Nicolaides Yows Readiness COMODORO RIVADAVIA.

Argentina (UPI) — Argentina may have been "surprised by the disproportionate magnitude" of Britain's reaction to the Falklands invasion, according to Lt. Gen. Cristino Nicolaides, the new commander of the army.

In his first reference to the war since taking over as army chief, Gen. Nicolaides vowed Saturday to a group of war veterans and relatives of Argentine soldiers that he would oever let the country be surprised again.

He said it will he his joh to "modernize" the army "so it is ready when the nation needs it."

# **Italy Presses Vatican** On Role in Calvi Loans

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches ROME — Italy's treasury minister, Beniamino Andreatta, has asked the Vatican's bank to accept responsibility for its dealings with Milan's Banco Ambrosiano, whose president, Roberto Calvi, a key figure in a 1981 banking scandal, was found dead two weeks ago.

According to newpaper reports, Mr. Andreatta in his speech Fri-day to the Chamber of Deputies was referring to loans made by Latin American subsidiaries of the Banco Ambrosiano on the strength of letters from the Vatican's bank.

Commissioners appointed to take charge of Banco Ambrosiano, Italy's largest private bank, met Friday with the directors of the Vatican's bank, known as the Institute for Religious Works, which is the fourth largest shareholder with about 1.5 percent of the Milan bank.

Quoting well-informed sources, the Turin daily La Stampa and the financial daily Il Globo described the meeting with Archbishop Paul Marcinkus, head of the Vatican's bank, as negative and difficult.

The crisis is over the Vatican's refusal to take responsibility for about \$1.2 billioo lent hy Banco

Amhrosiano's Latin American

subsidiaries to Panamanian 17 Reput of letters of patronage issued by the Institute for Religious Works, according to earlier Milan press re-

ft was reported Sunday in La Stampa and Il Globo that Archbishop Marcinkus confirmed he signed an agreement with Mr. Cal-vi assuming responsibility on the part of the Institute for Religious Works for the loans. However, he reportedly then produced a letter, signed by Mr. Calvi, releasing the Vatican's bank from its obliga-

tions, the newspapers reported.

Archbishop Marcinkus has submitted his resignation from the board of the Nassau-registered Banco Ambrosismo Commented Banco Ambrosiano Overseas Ltd., a move intended to separate his bank from the inquiry, La Stampa

In a separate development, Wilfredo Vitalone, a Rome lawyer who acted for Mr. Calvi, was freed provisionally after being arrested for misrepresentation over the jud-icial inquiry into Mr. Calvis ac-

Mr. Calvi, 61, disappeared from Italy in June and was found hanged under London's Blackfriars Bridge eight days later. British police consider the death a suicide.

### **WORLD BRIEFS**

### 8 Miners Die in South African Riots

JOHANNESBURG — Eight black miners have been killed in rioting in gold mines over pay demands, and 22,000 white miners are to vote on a national strike over their own claims. About 7,000 black miners refused

Six of the eight blacks were killed Saturday when police were called to help control riots at West Driefontein gold mine near Carltonville and at Grootylei near Springs. Three miners were shot and killed at each mine. Police said they found the bodies of two more miners at West Driefontein, one in a beer hall and the other in fields near the mine. A spokesman at West Driefontein said that several hundred men at the

mine were being dismissed after refusing to work.

South Africa's 22,000 white miners, who have not staged a major work stoppage since 1922, vote this week on whether to strike after being offered a 9-percent pay rise.

#### Panchen Lama Makes a Visit to Tibet

PEKING — The Panchen Lama, Tibet's highest-ranking spiritual leader after the exiled Dalai Lama, has returned home for the first time in nearly 20 years, official press reports said Sunday. He flew into Lhasa on Saturday to begin a two-month visit and was warmly received by local Chinese officials led by the Communist Party first secretary, Yin Fatang, the reports said.

The Chinese government had not allowed the Panchen Lama to visit Tibet since he criticized Communist policies in the Himalayan region in 1964. His return indicates official confidence in Peking that reforms introduced two years ago have begun to beal the rift between the Tibetans and their Chinese rulers.

### British Fugitive Killed in Shoot-Out

MALTON, England — A 17-day manhunt through Yorkshire woods and scrublands ended Sunday on a tennis court 300 yards (about 270 meters) from a police station when Britain's most wanted fugitive was

Barry Prudom, 37, a self-employed electrician accused of killing two policemen and another man, was killed after he refused to surrender and then fired on some 60 heavily armed policemen, said Kenneth Henshaw, the North Yorkshire police chief.

Mr. Henshaw said Mr. Prudom died with an automatic pistol in his right hand and also had a machete. "The man... was called on to surrender to police," Mr. Henshaw said. "This he refused to do, and he fired shots at the police officers. The fire was returned and the man was later found to be fatally wounded." Police were still trying to establish a motive for the killings.

#### American, Russian Exchange Charges

MOSCOW — Soviet television gave the U.S. ambassador to the Soviet Union, Arthur A. Hartman, time to convey greetings to mark the U.S. Independence Day Sunday night, then followed his remarks with a commentary contrasting the words and deeds of the Reagan aministration.

Mr. Hartman said the United States sought a frank and open dialogue with the Soviet Union and called on it to a remise particular to help with the Soviet Union and called on it to exercise restraint to help overcome deteriorating U.S. Soviet relations and reduce the danger of nuclear war. He said the United States would like to improve its relations with the Soviet Union but added: "We must say frankly that this

can not depend only on us." His remarks were followed by a Soviet analyst's commentary. "Recently the Americans have been saying they won't use nuclear or nonnuclear weapons except defensively," said analyst Alex Bovin. "Nevertheless, they also claimed their intervention in Vicinam was defensive and are saying oow the Israeli attack on Lebanon was defensive."

## **Mexicans Vote in National Elections**

MEXICO CITY - Mexicans turned out in small but steady numbers Sunday to vote in national elections. The government presidential candidate, Miguel de la Madrid Hurtado, was virtually assured of winning. Spot checks of polling stations showed a constant trickle of people voting. One hundred thousand armed troops stood guard around the nation's 52,000 polling stations. Four hundred thousand police and security agents have been deployed patientials state Saturday night. No curity agents have been deployed nationwide since Saturday night. No incidents had been reported by early Sunday afternoon.

The new president would replace President José Lopez Portillo for a single six-year term Dec. 1. Mexican law prohibits a second term. Mexicans also voted for a new Senate and House of Representatives. The record field of seven candidates was considered unlikely to threaten the dominance of the ruling Institutional Revolutionary Party

Compiled From Agency Dispotches

65 percent of the state's voters in June, 1978. It limited taxes on

property to 1 percent of its value

and subsequent increases to 2 per-cent annually. When a property is

sold, the tax can be raised to 1 per-

cent of the property's current mar-

ket value. This provision has often brought sharp differences between

the tax levied on homes that have

been resold since 1978 and those

tion 13 slashed property tax revenue by 60 percent. Since then, be-

cause of the 2-percent increase al-

lowed each year and the turnover

of property that permits higher as-

sessment, property tax revenue in

some communities has now almost reached pre-1978 levels.

Since 1978, however, the Legis-

lature and the voters have ap-

proved a series of other tax cuts. Most recently, voters approved measures on the June 8 election

ballot that all but eliminated state

inheritance taxes and permanently limited annual increases in state

income taxes by tying them to in-

\$5-Billion Surplus

public employment slowed abrupt-ly after the passage of Proposition 13. many cities, counties and

school districts continued opera-

ting more or less as they had before the series of tax-cutting mea-

They were able to do so largely because there was a surplus of more than \$5 billion in the state

treasury. The surplus was distrib-

uted to local governments, and it reduced much of the pressure to

But the surplus is now exhaust-

ed, and public officials throughout

the state have been warning re-cently that they will have to lay off

employees, curtail services and add

or increase fees for the use of parks

cut government spending.

Although the rate of growth in

creases in consumer prices.

Almost immediately, Proposi-

that have not been resold.

# U.S. Supreme Court's Ideological Rift Widens

Justice O'Connor Makes Impact With Her Conservative Ideas

By Fred Bathash

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON - The occasion was argument before the U.S. Supreme Court on a major death penalty case. Justice William II. Rehnquist, the arch-conservative asked a lawyer for the state of Okalahoma whether in would be cheaper "from the tax-payers' point of view to execute the defendant than to confine him for years of psychiatric

From the other end of the bench came the familiar grows of Justice Thurgood Marshall, the arch-liberal: "Well." Justice Marshall said sarcastically, it would be cheaper just to shoot him when you arrested him, wouldn't it?"

Justices Marshall and Rehnquist are in hostile camps. During the term that ended Friday, the camps were perhaps as hos-tile as they have ever been. Jus-tices Marshall, William J. Brenon one side and on the other, Chief Justice Warren E Burger and Justices Rehaquist and Sandra Day O'Connor.

Justices Byron R. White, John Paul Stevens and Lewis P. Pow-ell Jr. alternated between the poles, casting the deciding votes. Sometimes, two courts seemed

tn be at work.
One court broke new ground
in federal-state relations by im-

posing important restrictions on federal court intervention in state criminal proceedings and property tax controversies.

Another court seemed to revive the federal interventionism of the 1960s by telling legislatures that they cannot deny a free public education to aliens who are in the United States illegally, and by telling school boards that they risk being trauled into federal court for censoring books.

One side won major victories by roling that the states must

**NEWS ANALYSIS** have stronger evidence of abuse or neglect before removing chil-

dren from parents. The other side succeeded in giving police nearly blanket authority to search private belongings in automobiles, in awarding absolute immunity from civil damages to the president and in telling school systems they do not have to go overboard in pro-viding special schooling for the handicapped.

On the bench are a former majority leader of the Arizona Senate (Justice O'Connor); a former president of the Rich-mond, Va., school board (Justice Powell); a former leader of the National Association for the Adrancement of Colored People (Justice Marshall), a former Jus-tice Department official under

President Richard M. Nixon (Justice Rehnquist); a former political adviser to perennial presidential candidate Harold Stassen (Chief Justice Burger); a former. Harvard mathematics major (Justice Blackmun); an anti-trust lawyer (Justice Stevens); a Rhodes scholar and football legend (Justice White), and a former New Jersey trial

judge (Justice Brennan). Collectively, the court's record in the difficult cases this term was a smorgasbord gnaranteed to give lawyers whatever quote they need.
Aliens by definition, are

those outside the community, the court said in a case uphold-California's exclusion of legal aliens from jobs as probation officers. But when issuing the ruling on illegal aliens and education, the court said, "We cannot ignore the social costs borne by our nation when select groups are denied the means to absorb the values and skills upon which our social order

In a ruling that upheld federal intervention in cases involving termination of parents rights, the justices said, "When the state moves to destroy weakened familial bonds, it must provide the parents with fundamentally fair procedures." But when it re-solved a second case by ruling against a federal role, the court said the use of federal habeas

corpus "should be reserved for those instances in which the federal interest in individual liberty is so strong that it outweighs federalism and finality con-

Extraordinary facts - the plight of the mentally retarded. the crime of exploiting young children in sex films, a blatant abuse of power by the courts of Mississippi against the NAACP - occasionally permitted solid majorilies.

Justice O'Connor's arrival seemed to polarize the court further. She brought her conserva-tive ideas of judicial restraint, most pronounced in cases involving confrontations between federal and state power. Much of her writing struck the note of states' rights:

• Federal habeas corpus, which allows judges to review state criminal incarceration at any time, is "federal intrusion." she wrote.

• Federal court rulings on whether state unemployment taxes may be imposed on religious schools constitutes "federal court interference," she wrote. A decision striking down Idaho's method of taxing corporations, she said in dissent, has

"straitiacketed" the states. The crusade clearly got to the liberal wing. Justice Brennan noted that "the bloom is off the rose" as he dissented from one



Justice Thurgood Marshall Justice William H. Rehoquist

of Justice O'Connor's rulings and accused her of straying from an earlier opinion she wrote in a case involving a plaintiff named

There was one major exception to her efforts on behalf of judicial restraint. She wrnte the decision declaring unconstitunonal the exclusion of men from the Mississippi University for Women nursing school. The language of the decision is an important reinforcement of the law gainst sex discrimination In other highlights, the jus-

 Disapproved in several cases of making one person responsible for the misconduct of others. Contractors in Pennsylvania cannot be punished for job discrimination by a union hiring ball and NAACP protesters in Mississippi cannot be punished for violence not directly tied to them. A criminal cannot be put tn death unless he is directly involved in a murder.

· Carved out a special legal place for children. In the child pornography case, the illegal al-iens case and the federal interventinn in child custody case, the court said special protections are due the young. Similarly, it permitted prayers on public college campuses, but refused to retreat from its ban nn prayer in public grade schools.

· Said that fee-splitting among doctors could be automatic violations of anti-trust law and bar associations cannot impose excessive restrictions on the content of lawyer advertising.

which he also spoke of some of the

"Cap is a very stand-up type nf guy," Mr. Shultz said. "He'll have

has a backbone of steel. He's not a

trimmer ..., It's never a surprise to

me that Cap speaks out .... He's

something of a Renaissance man.

He has views on a lot of things. It's

view, and it's clear-cut. And he

## 4 Years Later, Budget In California Reflects **Voters' Tax Rebellion**

By Robert Lindsey New York Times Service

SAN FRANCISCO - Four years after Californians rebelled and voted a limit on soaring property taxes, the state has adopted a new budget that officials say may bring about the kind of deep cuts in public services that were envisaged when the law was passed.

The budget, for the 12-month period that started July 1, mandates the first decline in spending, from nne year to the next, by the state since 1943.

Passed by the Legislature after weeks of disagreement over how to spend diminishing revenue, the budget totals \$25.2 billion, about 2 percent less than that for the previous fiscal year.

Taxer and Spender

The Legislature's ability to reach an agreement on a new budget without approving new taxes appeared to strengthen the senatorial campaign of the state's Democratic governor, Edmund G. Brown Jr., who is under attack by his Republican opponent, Mayor Pete Wilson of San Diego, as a "taxer and a spender."

Gov. Brown, who signed the budget bill June 30, can now present himself to voters as having balanced the budget and avoided a threatened deficit of more than \$2

But in halancing the budget, leg-islators cut deeply into programs long protected by some of the state's most influential lohbying organizations and brought warn ings of difficult times ahead for California's 429 cities, 58 counties and 1,044 school districts.

The legislators voted to reduce state aid to cines and counties by more than 20 percent, put a virtual freeze on state aid to school districts, raised fees at state universities \$100 to an average of \$416 annually, decreed that there would be no cost-of-living increases for state employees and most welfare recipients in the 1982-83 fiscal year and, nver the objections of medical organizations, approved a program designed to control rising medical costs for the poor.

"It will provide a year of anguish, pain and sadness," said Assemblyman John Vasconcellos of San Jose, one of many Democratic legislators who said that the burden of balancing the hudget will fall hardest on the poor.

'Message of Prop 13'

But other people, including Howard Jarvis, co-author with Paul Gann of Proposition 13, said that state and local governments had been ignoring the "message of Prop 13" and that more cuts in spending were overdue.

Proposition 13 was approved by

and other services. In cutting state aid to cities and counties by \$270 million, the Leg-

islature gave proportionately more money to large cities, such as Los Angeles, which have more effective lobbyists than smaller cities. But two of the state's most powerful lobbying organizations, the Cali-forma Teachers Association and the California Medical Association, experienced unusual setbacks in the scramble for pieces of a

#### Jobless Rate Falls in Italy

United Press Inter ROME - Italian unemployment dropped from 9.3 to 8.6 percent in the first trimester of 1982 and inflation in June continued at the May level of 15.2 percent, the government reported.

# Shultz Reportedly Believes Weinberger Cost Him Earlier Job at State

By Martin Schram

Ported Sub Washington Pon Service

II Globe WASHINGTON — Although cinkus on they are viewed as the boys from reement will Bechtel. George P. Shultz and Weinberger have not alresponsible Caspar W. Weinberger have not are institute for ways marched in lockstep. In fact, at Bechtel Group Inc. But the loans it Mr. Shultz has privately said he have not been the personal intimen product believes that Mr. Weinberger eased mates, nor even philosophic soul mates that many in Washington mates that many in Washington to be according to

wspapers me p Marcials Belgian Soldier Gets resignation Life Term for Shooting

rosiano Otez ended to BRUSSELS -A Belgian soldier he inquire who killed two persons and injured ate develope a sports meeting has been impris-ne. 1 Record for life. The air force corporal. Odon

after his Renard, said at his court-martial in into Mr. G Liège that he had wanted to kill as many people as possible and prac-61 dispersions shooting on living targets during an international cross-country and 12 meet at Hannut in central Belgium. T Londons in 1979. The military court, handghi days he ing down its verdict Priday, said er the dema he was mentally distorbed but not insanc to the point of being inca-pable of controlling his acts.

⊢ार तमे पुत्री the Course

him secretary of state in 1981, in- his friend Mr. Reagan away from formed sources say.

The two respect each other's strengths and attributes, having served together in President Rich-ard M. Nixon's Cabinet and later believe them to be, according to sources who know them both. And they will now play out their roles as the administration's top two na-tional security policy-makers against a backdrop that was sketched in part during the days of

intrigue of the Reagan transition. Mr. Shaltz was being actively promoted for the secretary of state job by a number of prominent Republicans, among them Arthur F. Burns, a former Federal Reserve Board chairman, and Melvin R. Laird: a former defense secretary, according to informed sources. Shultz was willing to take the job they said and those support-ing him believed they had con-

vinced Mr. Reagan to name him.

Mr. Shultz as secretary, according to these sources.

As they understand it, Mr. Weinberger passed the word that Mr. Shultz felt committed to stay in his job as president of Bechtel, where Mr. Weinberger was then also employed as a vice president, general counsel and a director. Mr. Weinberger is also said to have suggested during the transition period that it might be unwise politically for the administration to ap-point two senior Bechtel officials to top national security positions, being aware that he, too, was in line for a top administration job. The job Mr. Weinberger is said to have wanted most was secretary of

Mr. Shultz was also ready to take the job at State, had it been offered, and the first time that Mr. Shultz was aware that Mr. Reagan was being told otherwise was when he received a telephone call from the president-elect. As one of Mr. Shultz' allies tells it:

"Ronald Reagan calls George and says he has talked to what he But Mr. Shultz and some of his called 'friends of yours' and that supporters' believe that Mr. Weinberger was instrumental in turning he has a commitment to stay at Be-

chtel. Reagan goes on to say he hopes George can help him in other ways. And that is the end of it. George never had a chance to

Mr. Sbultz did not dispute that version when it was recounted to him earlier this year by a Washington Post reporter, "I was never invited to join the administration. he said "And I never turned it down - I never had a chance to." He added, "I loved it in Wash-

ington. I liked what I'm doing" at Bechtel, and when people asked whether he wanted to come to Washington again, "that's what I'd respond. Nobody asked me to take any job." He also said he did not know where Mr. Reagan would have got

the view that he was unwilling to become secretary of state then, adding specifically: "I never dis-cussed it with Cap," a reference to Mr. Weinberger. confirmed that Mr. Reagan telephoned Mr. Shultz during the tran-

sition period and that the presi-

discuss a Cahinet joh with him. The official said he believes that by the time the president-elect tele- defense secretary's professional atphoned Mr. Shultz during the tran-tributes that he admires. sition, he had already made up his mind to nominate Alexander M. Haig Jr. as secretary of state, and Mr. Weinberger as secretary of de-

(Mr. Weinberger is on vacation, and a spokesman, Michael Burch, did not respond to questions on whether the secretary played a role in Reagan transition discussions concerning Mr. Shultz.)

Mr. Shultz discussed the matter

**UN Secretary-General** Begins European Tour

GENEVA - UN Secretary-Genadding specifically: "I never discussed it with Cap," a reference to Mr. Weinberger.

A senior White House official start of a 17-dny tour of Europe. The secretary-general will oper the summer session of the UN Economic and Social Council here dent-elect was of the opinion that on Wednesday before making a Mr. Shultz felt he could not leave two-day official visit to the federal Bechtel at that time, and so did not capital of Bern.

hard for him to learn to bite his At no time during the interview did Mr. Shultz voice overt criti-

cism of Mr. Weinberger.

Russian Sees Harder Line MOSCOW (Reuters) - A senior Soviet official has said the Reagan administration could take a tougher stance on foreign policy when Mr. Shultz becomes secre-

tary of state. Leonid Zamyatin, a close aide of President Leonid I. Brezhnev, said in a television discussion program Saturday that Washington may try to extend economic sanctions against the Soviet bloc and thus cause further rifts in U.S. relations with Western Europe and Japan.

# Give the folks back home a picture of Europe and save enough on the call to paint the town.

When you're having the most colorful trip of your life, let your family and friends have a "look" right along with you. Give them a call. But first, check out all the money-saving tips below, so you have a clear picture of how to call for less.





Save on surcharges. Many horels out: side the U.S. charge exorbitant surcharge fees on international calls. And sometimes the fees are greater than the cost of the call itself. But if your hotel has TELEPLAN, the way to keep hotel surcharges reasonable, go ahead and call. No Teleplan? Read on!

There are other ways to save money. Save with a shortie. In most countries there's no three-minute minimum on selfdialed calls. So if your hotel offers Internadonal Dialing from your room, place a short call home and have them call you back. And you pay for the callback from the States

with dollars, not local currency, when you get your next home or office phone bill.

Save these other ways. Telephone Company Calling Card and collect calls may be placed in many countries. And where they are, the hotel surcharges on such calls are usually low. Or, you can avoid surcharges altogether by calling from the post office or from other telephone centers.

Save nights & weekends. Always check to see whether the country you're in has lower rates at night and on weekends. Usually the savings are considerable. Now you have the whole picture.





# Herald Eribune Published With The New York Thomas and The Westmann Port

# Radio Martí: Merits, Costs

The Reagan administration's proposal for a new radio station to broadcast news of Cuba to Cuba — not just news of the United States, as the Voice of America already does -has a good deal of merit.

One of the purposes behind it is to serve a general policy of making it harder for Fidel Castro to run his country. Whatever one thinks of that, "Radio Marti" could give Cubans, as Radio Free Europe and Liberty gives East Europeans and Soviets, the chance to hear news kept from them by their government's controlled media. That seems to us the central consideration. Listening is entirely the listener's choice.

Mr. Castro, who knows something about foreign broadcasting, says he would regard Radio Marti as hostile and subversive. But the station, if properly run, would be hostile and subversive only to the extent that truth is hostile and subversive - the truth, for instance about the scope and costs of Cuba's foreign adventures. In the United States, some worry that Radio Marti might provoke Cubans to revolt or, more plausibly, to emi-grate in uncontrollable numbers. But careful policy guidance presumably would keep broadcasts on the information level.

There is concern that a new station would undercut the Reagan administration's diplomatic outreach to Cuha. The Reagan initiative apparently amounted to an all-or-nothing proposition to switch sides. Mr. Castro rejected it, as one might have expected. He had already rejected as well, however, the

previous administration's very differently pitched effort to reach an accommodation by more gradual and conventional means. An impartial observer would have to conclude that he puts a higher value on his commitment to sustaining and exporting revolution.

On general principle it is wise to keep on trying to talk. But that is no reason not to try something else — like Radio Marti — that should have been tried years ago.

One practical problem, however, must be disposed of first: the interference of Cuban and U.S. radio signals. There is a history of Cuban interference with U.S. and other hemispheric radio broadcasting on the sensitive and crowded AM band. Cuba has its own complaints, not least that Radio Marti would entail a U.S. violation of a treaty obligation to confine AM broadcasts to the country

there they originate.
Within the Reagan administration, there is a strong tendency to handle Cuban radio interference, existing and prospective, as a raw political challenge and not to yield to it. Many American commercial broadcasters, however, are inclined to go slow on Radio Marti so as not to add what they regard as an extraneous issue, and a hot one, to a radic negotiating circuit that is already groaning

negotiating circuit that is already groaming under a heavy load.

Radio Marti could make a useful addition to the news available to Cubans. But the Reagan administration will have to do better in explaining to the U.S. Congress how it proposes to keep American radio listeners from paying unduly for it.

## The Failures of Voodoo

From THE NEW YORK TIMES:
Recall the catechism: If we cut taxes, limit spending and hold back monetary growth, the economy will be born again. Long-term interest rates will fall as lenders gain confidence that inflation is cooled. That will trig-ger a boom in productive investment. And it will be sustained by the personal savings of a revitalized work force.

ft seemed too good to be true, and it was.

As President Reagan acknowledged last week. Congress gave him most of what he wanted, including the income tax cut that will raise take home pay this month, Yet U.S. interest rates remain at record-high levels, investment has shriveled and the economy staggers in recession.

Administration officials churn out excuses. But they sound more and more like the schoolboy whose dog ate his homework. It now appears that the best hopes ride on conventional approaches to maintaining growth and price stability.

Mr. Reagan's advisers banked on the tax cut to release a torrent of savings and effort. But a college sophomore with a pocket calculator could predict that most of the effect would be offset by inflation-induced bracket creep, increased state taxes and scheduled increases in Social Security taxes.

Corporate America, too, was supposed to be roused by the president's check on government spending and the Fededral Reserve's tight money policy. But Mr. Reagan's tax cuts far exceeded his budget cuts, scaring Wall Street with the prospect of huge deficits in the mid-1980s. And with most businesses hedging their bets by borrowing short-term, the Fed's reluctance to supply the cash led to

incredibly high interest rates.

tomed out: Retailers are replenishing inven-tories and builders plan slightly more hous-ing. But the best guess is that tight credit, stretched tighter by the Treasury's own borrowing, will suffocate the recovery in its cradle. Reaganomics will defeat itself.

Liberal Democrats argue, correctly, that the Fed could sustain the recovery by creating enough money to lower short-term interest rates. But the Fed argues, also correctly, that this could drive up inflation and long-term interest rates. What is needed is a tighter fiscal policy so that the Fed could ease up without frightening business.

But Mr. Reagan has closed off the simplest

retreat from his prospective \$200-billion deficits: No, he says, neither the 10-percent tax cut scheduled for 1983 nor the indexing of tax rates in 1984 can be postponed. He may still be open to a big tax on energy. And con-servatives would prefer a "flat rate" income tax reform, eliminating most deductions and sharply lowering marginal rates for the af-fluent. But it is doubtful that major changes in the tax code could be engineered quickly enough to save the recovery.

Chances are, nothing more will be done until the voters appraise Reaganomics in this year's Congressional election. The president obviously prefers to give his theories the benefit of a doubt; he will plead for still more time as the economy strains to recover.

Yet what was voodoo in the spring will still be voodoo in the fall. The recession was the price the United States had to pay for unwise management in the 1970s. But Reaganomics has prolonged the agony with indigestible deficits and compounded the suffering with budget attacks on the poor. It sounds fair to credibly high interest rates.

There are signs that the recession has botsay let the voters judge. But what Americans are losing, daily, is irretrievable.

## Other Editorial Opinion

#### Games for World Leaders

Two Canadian fellows have designed a board game called "The Falklands." Object: the war in the Falklands. A member of the British Parliament has asked that the game be banned in Britain, saying it is disrespectful to British lives lost in the war. It's a shame the game wasn't developed before the war, so that perhaps the leaders of Britain and Argentina could have been persuaded to sit down and play it instead of going through with the real thing. As a matter of fact, maybe the two young Canadian game designers could come up with similar games that world leaders could play in lieu of actual fighting. Think of the uncountable savings in lives and money. Perhaps even video games could be designed, and the United Nations could be turned into one gigantic game room.

— The Mirror (Altoona, Pa.).

#### Bonn Alliance: How Long?

The agreement on the 1983 federal budget reached by the two partners in the West German coalition means that Helmnt Schmidt's administration is safe — for the moment. It indicates that the battered and crumbling alliance between the Social Democrats (SPD) and the Liberal Free Democrats (FDP) in Bonn will outlive its 13th birthday in the autumn. But for how long, once the inordinately lengthy German summer break is over? It is tempting to rail against the appalling predictability of West German politics, which reflects the remarkable slowness with which the political pendulum has swung in Bonn in the one-third of a century of the Federal Republic's existence. Just as in the late 1960s it was for years a question not of whether but

Christian Democrats (CDU) at the head of federal affairs, so now it is a matter not of whether but of when the CDU comes back. The "How" in each case involves a transfer of allegiance by the FDP. Cynics argue that the lackluster leadership of Helmut Kohl in the CDU is the only factor apart from the split in the FDP that has prevented a CDU takeover before now. The SPD has had its day, knows it and shows it. This must mean that Helmut Schmidt has very nearly had his, because the pendulum is unlikely to swing back soon enough to enable him to make a comeback once he has gone. He is already staked out as victim No. 1 of West Germany's peculiar gradualism of inevitability. - The Guardian (London).

#### Begin: More Than Chutzpah

It was something more than chutzpah that sent Menachem Begin to the United Nations to denounce "aggressive war" and then on to Washington to explain to President Reagan why Israel had invaded Lebanon and marched to Beirut. It was arrogance, brass, a wilful disregard for the sensibilities of the civ-ilized world. It is no wonder that two-thirds of the membership of the UN General Assembly boycotted Begin's address. ft is regrettable that the government of the United States has had so little to say against Begin's latest and bloodiest adventure in the Middle East. The Reagan administration may be em-barrassed by Begin's coming to Washington, but it may be privately elated over the success of Israeli arms, furnished by the United States, in contest against the Arabs armed with gear from the Soviet Union.

- The Arkansas Gazette.

## July 5: FROM OUR PAGES 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1907: Japanese-Korean Tiff

SEOUL — The report of the appearance of a Korean delegation at The Hague caused a great sensation to the Japanese authorities, and the Emperor of Korea is charged by the Japanese with bad faith. He repudiates the mission, declaring that its credentials are forgeries, but the Japanese are satisfied of his connivance in and financial backing of the mission. The revelation is certain to precipitate a crisis in the relations between Japan and Korea, making it mcreasingly difficult for Marquis ftc, whose policy for the open annexation. JOHN HAY WHITNEY (1904-1982). Chairman

#### 1932: Hard Times in Italy

ROME - As June marked the conclusion of the first year of an intense phase of the economic crisis in Europe, statistics published in Rome give an interesting reflection of the effects of hard times on the Fascist state. The budget commission reports that during the past year wages have fallen 10 to 15 percent. as have incomes on real estate; incomes on stocks and bonds 33 percent and commercial profits 40 percent. The general decline in the cost of living amounted to about 10 percent. Restaurant prices have fallen and it is possi-Koreans was modeled after that of Lord hie to go into restaurants of almost any city Cromer in Egypt, to resist the strong infin-outside Rome and find the old prices actually ence of Tokyo demanding an iron hand or inked out on the menus and reduced figures

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PARIS — The guns and troops are still there. But, four weeks after Israel's invasion, the worst has so far been averted in Beirut. There are signs that some movement has at last begun in men's heads instead of only

with their armor. The old truism has been shown again: It's a lot harder to get out of a war than into one. There is reason to believe Israeli Defense Minister Ariel Sharon when he says his country doesn't want to keep an inch of Lebanese territory and hopes Lebanon will be the second Arab country to

sign peace. But now he, too, seems to see that it can't be achieved with arms alone. Lunching, in civilian clothes, in an east Beirut restaurant, he added that "we think problems should be solved peacefully, with diplomatic efforts and patience." He also said, "We believe in peaceful coexistence with the Palestinian people."

Sharon has never been a patient man. His own college pointed out be-fore the invasion that he believes in the use of force as an element of politics, not just as an "other means" of last resort in the Clausewitz sense. He

believes in the fait accompli, as he demonstrated at Suez in the 1967 and 1973 wars, disobeying orders from Jerusalem not to go too far in the conviction that he could get away with it. He may have done the same

thing in Beirut.

Still, a sense of both political risks and opportunities is beginning to weigh on all involved in the frightening situation. Yasser Arafat, a shrewd and cau-

tious man, said the appeal by three world Jewish leaders for mutual recognition between the PLO and Israel is "a positive initiative toward a just and lasting Middle East peace." Egypt, France and Saudi Arabia have accepted the destruction of the

PLO as a military force and are moving now to save it as a viable political organization, on the ground that otherwise there will be no one to speak for Palestinians until they are able to generate another, even more extreme radicalized leadership.

The offer by Egypt's President Hosni Mubarak to accept a Palestinian government-in-exile in Cairo has

'Is there a doctor of economics in the house?'

Mexican Land Battles, Rights Abuses

By Jonathan Power

AN CRISTOBAL DE LAS CASAS, Mexico — ft's the

rainy season in Mexico. In the southernmost state of Chiapas, close to the border with Guatemala, the tiny

The Indians, descendants of the Mayans, whose astron-

omy and mathematics were the most advanced of the pre-

Columbian civilizations, wander around with plastic waterproof sacks covering their red serapes and black

The greenness is deceptive. Without irrigation, the land is unfertile for most of the year, dry as a bone — recalling the lines from the Cuban film The First Charge of the

Machete": "when even the flowers withhold their per-

But in parts of the lowlands there is now water the year

round. The Mexican government has built large dams over the last decade and a half, and the land has sprung to

life, producing coffee, sugar, vegetables and fruit Land disputes that had simmered quietly for a century or more

have begun to crupt. Peasants claim land of the landlord

Landlords seize the land of peasants. There are gunfights and private armies. The local church workers in San Cris-

tóbal de las Casas, the 17th-century town that is the cen-

In the law, it is often difficult to sort out the rights and

wrongs. There have been so many preces of land legisla-tion in the last hundred years, each laying out new princi-

ples, while not clarifying age-old rights, that litigation has

been known to go on for two generations.

The Mexican Army is actively ensconced in Chiapas

Some of the disputes have become so serious that the

government is worried that the political unrest of Guate-

mala will spill over into Mexico. Already Guatemalan

guerrilla movements use Chiapas as a refuge. Some U.S. State Department observers attribute recent Mexican cau-

tion on speaking up for the left in Central America to nervousness about the contagiousness of land rebellions.

For those who have watched Mexico trumpet the cause

of human rights so vocally in Central America it can come as something of a surprise to learn that this white knight on a charger has problems of his own.

Yet land problems and human rights abuses are not

new to Mexico. According to the State Department's

most recent annual report on human rights, Mexico has

1,000 political prisoners. The report also notes that "there

are credible reports of physical mistreatment of prisoners and of verbal threats by the police to the detainees or

tion of Independence was sub-

mitted to the Second Continental

Congress 206 years ago by Richard Henry Lee of Virginia on June 7,

1776, and was passed unanimously, as amended, by "the 13 United States of America" 27 days later.

The Founding Fathers - or "per-

sons," as we now call them - were

not acquainted with the modern tech-

niques of partisan conflict and pru-

dent delay, so they voted the darn

thing through after a couple of days'

debate without a dissenting voice.

Maybe the old boys were no smarter,

Richard Henry Lee seems to have

been an odd character. He wrote the

"real" Declaration of Independence,

and he wrote it with brevity and gen-erosity, not minding who got the credit. On instruction from the Vir-

ginia Convention, he came up with a

simple proposition for the considera-

"Resolved: That these United Col-

onies are, and of right ought to be,

free and independent states; that they

are absolved from all allegiance to the

British Crown, and that all political

connection between them and the

State of Great Britain is, and ought to

pretty good idea, and appointed a committee consisting of Thomas Jef-

ferson, John Adams, Benjamin Franklin, Roger Sherman and Robert

R. Livingston to consider Richard

There was a bit of a fuss about the

origins of the declaration. Richard

Henry Lee's proposition.

be, totally dissolved..."

The Congress thought this was

tion of the Continental Congress:

but at least they were quicker.

ter of the region, say there have been massacres.

fume, when even the streams withhold their water."

Indian mountain plots are receiving their annual deluge.

been helpful. The extreme factions of the PLO would be split off. Moderate Arabs, including Jordan's King Hussein, would be released from the pledge endorsing the PLO as "sole legitimate representative of the Pales-

secretary of state for foreign affairs, points out that mayors in the West included in talks on the Palestinians' future. Israel, if it chooses, would

Egypt has regained recognition in the crisis from both the PLO and sev-

By Flora Lewis

en masse to Cairo. But it accepts that admitting them would violate the spirit of Camp David. tinian people."

Butros Ghali, the lucid Egyptian Bank and Gaza Strop could then be have a way around its determination never to deal with the PLO, because a government-in-exile could do some-

eral Arab states as an irreplaceable center. At the same time, however, it has given concrete proof, beyond previous verbal assurances, that it remains deeply committed to its peace with Israel

This should be an important ele-ment in easing Jerusalem's fears about accords with Arab states. Ironi-

Amnesty International goes further. The draft of a re-

Amnesty international goes turned. The that of a forport soon to be published talks of reliable information on
"deaths in custody" (in some cases apparently the result
of torture), "disappearances and extrajndicial
executions... Many people, particularly peasants involved in land disputes and trade union leaders, are con-

demned to long years of imprisonment on charges of murder, robbery or property damage, with the sole evidence against them being confessions allegedly obtained under torture during the initial phase of their arrest when they are in incommunicado detention."

The bishops of the Roman Catholic Church are one of

Amnesty's principal sources of information. They are be-coming increasingly vocal in Mexico despite the constitu-tion's prohibitions on the clergy's participation in politics and its the right to criticize basic laws. The bishops of the

southern Pacific region have spoken out against the in-

volvement of the security services in the repression of peasants. In April, 1981, Sergio Mendez Arceo, the bish-

op of Cuernavaca, a spa town near Mexico City, ordered

stated that the general public was convinced that "the

police are not a protection, but a source of terror."

Rosario Ibarra de Piedra, the charismatic presidential

candidate of the Revolutionary Workers Party, claims

that about 500 people have disappeared in Mexico in the

last 10 years, including her son.

Miguel de la Madrid Hnrtado, presidential candidate

of the official government party and the man who was

expected to be the runaway victor in Sunday's national

election, said in November that he regarded demands to

establish the whereabouts of these 500 people as legiti-

mate, but he added: "People disappear in every country

of the world, and the governments never know what hap-

pened to them." Ibarra de Piedra, however, believes that

at least some of the "disappeared" are held at Military

Camp No. 1, on the outskirts of Mexico City, a conclu-

Many such accusations appear in the Mexican press,

Yet, just as there was on Sunday an election with candi-

dates and campaigns but with only one possible victor, so dissidents in Mexico, while often free to speak their mind

and organize their protests, never quite know when the

heavy arm of the police, the military, or a landlord's pri-

International Herald Tribune

evident: that all men are created

equal; that they are endowed by their

Creator with certain unalienable

rights; that among these, are life, lib-erty and the pursuit of happiness?" Getting the Creator into this and

leaving out the women is not going to

Think how old-fashioned the old

codgers in the Congress were in Jef-ferson's days. They accepted the Committee on the Declaration of In-

dependence, had faith in its members

and followed its advice. Nobody fili-

bustered or protested or questioned

the committee's good faith about who

The former chief justice of the

United States, Earl Warren, said just

before he died that if the Bill of

Rights was put to a vote of the Amer-

ican people, it would probably be de-feated overwhelmingly. But for-tunately, we don't take polls on ev-

So the Declaration of Independ-

ence remains 206 years later. In his

first draft of the declaration, Jeffer-

son wrote, not that "these truths" are

ated equal and independent - but

that they are "sacred and undeni-

able." And though the people may

not believe in this, they still seem to

The New York Times.

believe in believing.

can memory.

'self-evident" - that all men are cre-

would write the declaration.

erything in the United States.

help the "pursuit of happiness."

political prisoners are allowed to write letters to Amnesty. investigations are regularly mounted, and policemen are

sion that Amnesty International has also reached.

fired and even brought to trial for abuses.

vate army will ruthlessly stamp on them.

Singing the Music of Independence

By James Reston

Treatise on Government, and had

even been influenced on the elemen-

tary rights of the people hy the writings of Aristotle and Cicero.

Declaration of Independence had no new ideas in it, and Jefferson, admit-

ting the charge, wrote to Lee that the

essential thing was to "place before

mankind the common sense of the

subject, in terms so plain and firm as

The contrast today, assuming such

a major decision had to be made

about the future of the republic, is

startling and even amusing. The Congress now would want to know about

its "own" independence. Sen. Jesse Helms of North Carolina would cer-

tainly want to know whether an "in-

dependent" republic would assure

federal farm supports for his tobacco

growers in North Carolina; Middle

Western senators would be wonder-

ing whether they could go on selling

grain to the Soviet Union, no matter

what the Soviets did in Afghanistan

or Poland. And what would this all

mean to the flow of arms to Israel

The modern Congress would also

be asking many other things. Who, for example, are all these people who produced these subversive ideas in

the first place - Aristotle, Cicero

and all these other "foreigners." Has

And why couldn't Jefferson have

left Richard Henry Lee's simple Dec-

laration of Independence from the

and the struggle in the Mideast?

the FBI looked into them?

Henry Lee admitted that he had cribbed his ideas out of John Locke's add: "We hold these truths to be self-

to command their assent ...

Adams complained that Jefferson's

the excommunication of torturers in his dioces

cally, it is an additional obstacle in the urgent, practical problem of how to get the PLO forces out of Lebanon. Egypt isn't afraid it would be unable to control them if they moved

They don't seem to know where to go, and the fate of Beirut still hangs on arranging their way out decently enough to create the chance that has been hlasted open for a long-term negotiation. That is in Israel's ultimate interest, as well as in the interest of the United States. It needs to be taken before the Soviets, who have begun stirring after a strange silence, get their cumbersome policy machine

together and decide to intervene. For the moment, however, the diplomats are overwhelmed with the lomats are overwhelmed with the tricky issues of just ending the fighting and sorting out the sides. And now, in what Ghali said has become "the battle of symbols," it is time to review the underlying attitudes that have kept the Arab-Israeli state of war gaing so long. war going so long.

Over the frustrating years of a search for peace, Israeli leaders have come to believe that Arabs "only respect force" and will not hear reason. They can make an impressive argument, but it is misleading. What Arabs respect is success, above all success in building a viable nation. That has been Israel's most dazzling achievement and their major failure

The PLO has been obliged to see now that it, too, was misled by the argument. Its dedication to "armed argument. Its dedication to attrest struggle" has brought only disaster, and, far from galvanizing Arabs eve-rywhere, it served to multiply fends and weaken them.

The way for Palestinians to emerge from defeat with honor is to redefine victory as the same kind of success that distinguishes Israel, not military might but vibrant self-respect.

Nation-building is the essence of the Palestinian cause. It can only be achieved with, not against. Israel. Israel should take heart from its own experience and encourage that, now that the walls have been made to tumble down.

The New York Times.

# France's Latin Fancies: Socialism of Provinces

By William Pfaff

PARIS — The present government of France likes to believe that France is a Latin country. The new Socialist minister of culture, Jack Lang repeatedly insists upon the Lat-in "vocation" of the French, their supposed obligation to recover their neglected Mediterranean origins and values. French foreign policy, under the Socialists, is concerned to renew links with the North African and eastern Mediterranean countries, and

with Latin America. During the Falklands war the Socialist press was sympathetic to Argentina and took Argentine victory reports on good faith. Britain was treated with reserve. Britain's sinking of the French fleet at Mers-el-Kebir, the port of Oran, in 1940 was recalled as a reminder of Britain's enmity to Latin power, ft was even suggested in one Socialist paper, Le Matin, that British generals and admirals had got out of hand and that militarism was

pushing civilian government aside. The conservative French press more often backed Britain and supported the principle of resistance to Argentina's armed aggression. This all seemed the opposite of what one might have expected — the Socialists sympathetic to Argentina's military dictators, because Latins have to stand together, and the nationalistic

French right backing Britain.
The idea that France is a Latin country can seem odd to a Paris resident. It is true that the South of France — Provence, the Midi — is Latin. It is part of an ancient Mediterranean civilization of grapes, olives and almonds, of heat and the sea, and the people of the region resemble their Italian and Spanish neighbors. They also make more of this than the facts warrant. Since the last cen-

tury, southerners bave thought it romantic to emphasize their "true" emotions, poetic sensibility and belief in living as an art. In fact, most of the Provençals who rejoice in these qualities are fairly recent immigrants from the Alps and Pyrenees regions, from the rest of France, or from abroad.

At the end of the 19th century Provence was racially one of the most mixed regions in France, with a low birth rate and high immigration and emigration. The medieval language of the South, Occitan, was parallel to and as rich as the French of the north, and produced the poetry of the troubadours, but by the 20th century it was all but lost in more than a score of dialects, and its revival was the bobby of enthusiasts and cranks.

The idea of latinité in France has been popular for a hundred years. One reason is that it provided a ra-tionale for resisting the economically and politically dominant part of France, north of Valence, where the landscape and weather change and the traveler from the south approaches the rain and chill of Burgundy.

For those already in the north, the

values of Latin civilization have seemed to stand in opposition to those of capitalism, industrialization, the modernization of society, the bleak power of the centralized state. Northern France - in particular Normandy and Flanders - was an

early industrial society. The iron and steel mills of Lorraine, the coal mines of the north, were rivals of those in the Ruhr. This could be a society of work and of deferred gratification. Paris, in the 18th century, produced a French version of Calvinism in the Jansenist heresy at the convent of Port Royal, and French Catholicism was permanently marked by its em-phasis upon sexual puritanism and

human predestination.

The north can hardly be thought a gay place. The foreign tourist in search of ooh-la-la can find it in the nightclub or on the stage, but would also find the producers, investors, artistes and artisans behind the Folliesthis or Casino-that to be rather donr,

essimistic and calculating.

Ask the ordinary Frenchman what
thinks of the future, and be will tell you that things must get worse. Every public opinion survey that asks about the future produces a pessimistic majority. To be an avowed optimist in France, in the way Americans-take optimism for granted, is thought not to be serious. Socialism in most countries is asso-

ciated with great urban industries and the urban proletariat. One thinks of industrial workers crowded into the grimmest neighborhoods of Man-chester, Düsseldorf, Brussels, laboring in the sweatshops of the New York garment trade. American Socialism was mostly learned from Central Europe. The native variety, the romantic syndicalism of the Wob-blies, had been the creation of such wandering autodidacts as "Big Bill" Haywood, and it was used up by the end of the 1920s.

But France's Socialism has been a movement of the provinces, of smalltown rebels and anti-clericals, teachers, pharmacists, discontented peasants. It is, in important respects, an anti-urban, anti-industrial and antinent It is a of resistance against what the modern world too often has become. French Socialism is not, really, what Socialism elsewhere has tried to be: a way to leap over the present into a scientifically ordered future.

The attraction of France's Socialists to the idea that France really is a Latin country and has to recover its Latin heritage seems one more sign of the Socialist majority's actual uncasiness in the Fifth Republic. An important part of the Socialist electorate, and many of the Socialist intel-lectuals (certainly not all), are instinctively bostile to the modern France of technocratic planning and management, of high technology and interna-tional competition, that has come into being since the war.

They would prefer another and more stylish time, when international money men would not sell the franc short and speculate upon still another-devaluation, when the industrialists of West Germany, Italy and the United States were not trying to scize French markets, and the constant pressures upon a government were not those of economic competition, industrial rivalry and austerity.

International Herald Tribune.

#### LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

The German Majority Why do you and the American me-

dia so overemphasize reporting about the activities of a Moscow-oriented and -influenced German minority? The behavior of only 0.5 percent of the German population may cause the American public to believe that the Germans are against the U.S. Why not report about the 59,500,000 Germans who support close ties be-tween Germany and the U.S? Those Germans consider the alliance between our countries desirable and necessary in order to prevent a Communist takeover of Western Europe.

Only by reporting and emphasizing that most working Germans desire close ties to the U.S. and approve of its presence in Western Europe can the understanding and friendship between our countries improve.

Why does nobody report about the Germans who represent the majority and welcome the Americans and their

HEINER SCHWAERZEL Bremerhaven, West Germany.

#### Middle English Holiday

Jefferson wasn't quite fair to Richard Henry Lee, who really wrote the simple words of the Declaration of Your columnist William Safire. writing on British slang in an article Independence; but Jefferson rewrote entitled "Haig's Snake-Checks" it and rewrote it and, with a little help (IHT, May 10) did a commendable from Franklin and Adams, produced ob in defending American English, if music, which still sings in the Ameriindeed that is not a contradiction in terms. However, in one case at least his aim was awry — "holiday," apart -

from its obviously respectable ancestry as "holy day," has, according to the Oxford English Dictionary, been used synonymously with "vacation" since Middle English (i.e., before 1450). I feel sure it must have made the Atlantic crossing before 1970, even given the isolation of the United States from English civilization. LAWRENCE BANKS. London.

The Facts as Tools

John Dornberg ("Reagan's Visit and Raised Hopes," IHT, June 12) launches into a sweeping condemna-tion of U.S. media coverage of the NATO summit in Bonn. He resurrects the clicke about "not letting the

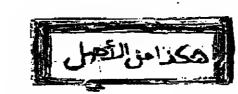
facts get in the way of a good story." Perhaps be may not think so, but your readers might be gratified to hear that while most of us in the media appreciate a "good story," we use the facts as the tools to tell it.

PHILIP J. TILL. NBC News, London.

#### What Americans Believe

Americans believe in Britain, believe in a strong, free NATO, believe in the rule of law. The wise among them also know that Miami hes closes to Vienna on any map than it does to Rio, just as the fiction of U.S.-Lann American - solidarity lies in the domain of postprandial speeches.

ALBIN DEARING. Perugia, Italy



## French Communists See a Chance

Austerity Plan Allows Cautious Break From Socialists

By Richard Eder

New York Times Service.
PARIS — The French government's turnabout from economic expansion to austerity has given mains one of what may be called the Communist Party, badly grodbeen object ed by its uncomfortable junior desire to lose their toehold in the was him partnership with the Socialists government to a recent debate in some new political opportunities. the National Assembly, the Comsome new political opportunities.

Until now, the Communists who lost a great deal of ground to the Socialists in last year's election, have been careful to support published. alcstiniant b. ernment, in which they hold four of 44 Cabinet positions. The party leadership reasoned that Socialist s Israel of leadership reasoned that services is left. The popularity and Communist electoral weakness made President only viable, if undignified, form of ot against the political transport. François Mitterrand's coattails the erity has drawn fire from the entire only viable, if undignified, form of labor movement as well as from

have been t ment's decision to impose a four-month freeze on prices and wages, raise payroll and corporate contributions to the imemployment fund and cut some social benefits has

been the Communists' signal to move out to the left.

Georges Marchais, secretary-general of the party, delivered a speech in Corsica last month in which he flatly criticized the wage falling it immecessary and freeze, calling it unnecessary and unfair. Mr. Marchais praised other parts of the program and made it clear that the Communist Party would still give general support to raine, then the government, but he had never re rivate of spoken out so sharply against the could be the Socialist government's policies A litter of Strikes

Henry Krasucki, the Communist at the on head of the largest labor group, the French C. General Labor Confederation marked by (CGT), said the union movement ual pure rejected the wage freeze. He said

to decide upon their response" - a tions, and the Citroëo victory clear hint that protest strikes might

The Communist position renuance: the party's leaders have no

#### **NEWS ANALYSIS**

munists criticized the wage freeze but made it clear they would join the Socialists in the vote enacting it. The Socialists have a parliamentary majority even without the Communists support.

The government's swing to austof against political transport.

Now the party is beginning to to be seen how unpopular — or authorities give the coattails some victors stere, for that matter — it will encourage give the coattails some victors are proven prove to be. In any case, it has given en the Communists their first use-ful issue since Mr. Mitterrand took

> In using the issue, they have drawn encouragement from two recent victories - again, their first since Mr. Mitterrand became pres-

#### Union Victory

Two weeks ago they managed to call out as many as 200,000 people on the streets for a march against nuclear weapons, despite the fail-are of the Socialists and a number of anti-nuclear groups to support it. It had been several years since the Communists had drawn a satisfying street crowd.

Soon after the march, the CGT culminated a long and bitter struggle by winning a stunning victory in the Citroën car plant, defeating the company union and winning almost 60 percent of the vote. The tual purpose rejected the wage freeze. He said been losing ground in factory elec-

raised its spirits considerably.

The Communists have not seriously begun to crode Socialist strength, but the government's difficulties have given them an issue for the future — if susterity fails or becomes unsupportable.

Mr. Mitterrand will need the cooperation of labor if the freeze and the policies of wage restraint to follow it are to work. Up to now it has been essential to the Communist Party to avoid a rupture with the Socialists. Now it is important for the Socialist Party to avoid a rupture with the Communists because of their power in the labor movement and their ability to encourage dissent there.

That has accounted for a oumber of concessions the Socialists have made to the Communist Party for the municipal elections that will take place next year. It is likely to make Mr. Mitterrand uncharacteristically tolerant of the Communists' holding power in the government while criticizing it

Although the final shape and dimensions of the government's austerity plan are oot yet evident, and may not be for several months, it is clearly operating with a sense of crisis. The premises of the Socialists' first year in office that it would be possible to expand the economy and simultaneously increase and redistribute national income in a recession-bound West-ern world — have been abandoned, at least for the moment.

The turnabout was sudden prompted by a disastrous run on the franc. Since a devaluation last month, the franc has been fairly stable in relation to other European currencies, although, like them, it is being hurt by the relentless rise of the dollar.



Igor and Bella Korchnoi, the son and wife of Soviet defector Viktor Korchnoi, talked with reporters Sunday at the Vienna airport, before continuing on to Zurich to join Mr. Korchnoi.

## Soviet Union Releases Korchnoi's Family After 6 Years

VIENNA - The wife, son and stepmother of

defected Russian chess master Viktor Korchnoi arrived in Vienna Sunday, ending a six-year struggle to emigrate to the West.

Bella Korchnoi, Igor Korchnoi and Rosa Fried-man arrived aboard an Aeroflot flight from Len-Igor Korchnoi, 23, had spent two and a half years in a Siberian jail for refusing military service and had been served another draft notice when

word came that the family could join Mr. Korchnoi in Switzerland, where he has lived since he "I am very happy my son won't be convicted a

second time," Mrs. Korchnoi said, as they waited for a Swissair flight to Zurich, where Mr. Kor-chnoi lives, "He's very happy that he is free now." Igor Korchnoi said, "I'm glad, but there is a little bitterness. I've left a lot of friends in the Soviet Union." He said he wanted to study in the United

Mr. Korchnoi, ranked the second best chess player in the world, has been a bitter critic of the Soviet Union since his defection after a chess tournament in Amsterdam in 1976. He had written letters to President Leonid 1. Brezhnev, former President Jimmy Carter, Pope John Paul II and U.S. Sen. Edward M. Kennedy asking help in having his family released from the Soviet Union.

controls.

strations before the election, some

intends to act forcefully to prevent an explosion of the immigrant

population. He announced the decision to expel the 20,000 illegal al-

iens, and expressed a desire to in-

crease border security and identity

eigners more than anybody else.

said René Mazenod of the Move-

ment Against Racism. In the end,

Mr. Mitterrand ruled out any iden-

rand policy, though they empha-size that it has not solved most of

their daily problems.

Immigrants praise the Mitter-

In recognition of the political

of which ended in violence.

# **Delays in EEC Entry** Worry Spain, Portugal

BRUSSELS — Receding hopes that Spain and Portugal will be able to join the European Economic Community in 1984 are causing growing concern in Madrid and Lisbon. Problems in developing trade

rules for agricultural products, textiles, steel and banking are making it increasingly unlikely that negotiations on the two nations' entry will be completed by the end of this year to enable the EEC's enlargement beginning in 1984.

Last week, a summit of the 10 community leaders ordered the EEC Commission to draw up a detailed list of problems involved in Portuguese and Spanish member-

Diplomats said the move would almost certainly delay Spain's en-try, and it came as a bitter disappoiotment, though hardly a surprise, to the Madrid govern-

With French farmers and wine growers fearful of Spanish competition, President François Mitter-rand told King Juan Carlos I during a recent official visit to Madrid that Spain's entry under current rules could lead to disaster.

This was a hard blow for Premier Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo, who has made entry into the EEC and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization his main foreign policy

Raimundo Bassols, secretary of state for relations with the community, said Spain's hopes of joining by 1984 had been shattered by the decision. Spanish envoys would shortly meet Commission President Gaston Thorn to discuss how Spain could take part in drafting the study, he said.

#### **Original Schedule**

fo Lisbon, Portuguese officials stressed that the problems lay with Spain, and that all community leaders had recently assured Portugal that they wished to keep to the original schedule for entry into the community.

Portuguese officials said the community heads of government, while agreeing it would be better for both countries to join at the same time, had also assured Portugal that if the Spanish problem sensitivity of the immigration is-sue. Mr. Defferre has recently made it clear that the government proved too great, it could join

Sources at the commission here, however, have said that for technical, economic and institutional reasons it would be extremely unlikely that the two countries could join separately.

Any delay would be unlikely to

have a serious effect on the Por-But critics immediately saw the tuguese economy, but it could discourage foreign investors, ob-servers in Lisbon said. latter idea as a disguise for cracking down against legal as well as illegal foreign workers. "Identity controls would be used against for-

The biggest blow would be the psychological effect on a young denocracy anxious to join modern democratic Europe and the loss of face for Premier Francisco Pinto Balsemão, who over the past six months has made a series of visits to European capitals to speed Pormgal's entry.

#### Political Problems

Mr. Balsemão's Democratic Alliance government has a large majority in parliament, but his own leadership qualities have often been questioned within his Social Democrane Party.

Similar pressures could now face the Spanish government, Mr. Bassols said recently that there was unanimity in favor of EEC entry among Spain's political parties, trade unions and industrialists. 1979, he said, he had to work 15 hours a day or more making pants

But continuing delay could bring a turnabout in public opinion, leading Spaniards to turn

Political sources in Madrid said there was little Mr. Calvo Sotelo could do to put pressure on the community. His ruling Union of the Democratic Center Party, weakened by divisions and deser-

tions, faces a strong challenge by the Socialists in general elections due within nine months.

#### Italy-Spain Consultations

MADRID (Reuters) - Premiers Giovanni Spadolini of Italy and Calvo Sotelo of Spain agreed Sat-urday to hold consultations every six months to develop cooperation between the two countries. A communique said Italy staunchly sup-ported Spain's entry into the EEC.

## W. Germany May Not Meet NATO Goal

By John Vinocur New York Times Service

BONN — Preliminary reports on West Germany's 1983 military hudget show that it will again fall below goals set by the North At-lantic Treaty Organization and possibly contain no growth at all.

After discussions Friday be-

tween Defense Minister Hans Apel and Finance Minister Manfred Lahnstein, an agreement was reached on a budget of \$18.4 bil-lion, West German sources said

The figure represents a nominal increase of 4 percent over the cur-rent year, but, with an inflatioo rate of 4 or 5 percent counted, real growth would be minimal or nonexistent. Mr. Apel was quoted as having said that the armed forces' financial situation "will not be free of problems."

With the other nations in the Atlantic alliance. West Germany pledged in 1978 to try to increase real growth in military spending by 3 percent a year through 1983, Spending for the current year, which cannot be finally judged until next spring, is expected to show marginal growth or none at all.

The importance of developing conventional forces was stressed at the meeting of alliance leaders here last month. No specific goals were set, but Gen. Bernard W. Rogers, the commander of allied forces in Europe, said in February that a goal of a 4-percent yearly increase for the years 1983-88 had been ap-proved by the alliance's military commanders.

#### Resistance Expected

There is no certainty that the West German Defense Ministry will get what it wants when the exact amounts are debated. Resistance is expected from the Social Democrats' parliamentary delega-tion, which is likely to argue that military outlays will be growing disproportionately to the rest of the budget.
The outlines for the overall hud-

get, announced Thursday, provide For many Social Democrats, these reductions would be intolerable without similar efforts to trim mili-

tary spending.
The issue of how much the United States' European partners, West Germany in particular, spend on the military has been a relatively sore one for the allies for more than two years. Some U.S. officials have expressed irritation at what they consider to be the Europeans' unwillingness to pay fully for their own defense.

The current situation in West Germany means that investments already made in new weapon systems continue to be paid for, but that virtually oo oew procurement projects are being initiated. There have also been cutbacks in some training and maneuver programs, and the removal from active service of some equipment that the Defense Ministry has described as

#### the stage in After Amnesty for Illegal Aliens, Mitterrand Policy Grows Cautious that too many foreign workers were being settled in working-class suburbs that the party controlled. They organized frequent demon-\$1,470) to leave voluntarily, "The Foreigners are oow allowed to

By William Echikson mational Herald Tribune

PARIS - Moussa D'Nongo used to live in constant fear of expulsion from France. As an illegal, alien, the 29-year-old Senegalese said, he could not even ride the produces as said, he could not even true and subway for fear of a police check.

For Mr. D'Nongo, though, those days are over. The government of translets. granted at President François Mitterrand has regularized his status, along with that of 100,000 other foreign work-

of the had arrived in France before Jan. There are I, 1981, and had steady work were ghorhoose given from August through the end orf. Bruss, of last year to file dossiers to beustops of a come legal immigrants. rade Amer. By granting this amnesty, the internalist Socialist government has not only name as reversed the policies of the previ-

List of the out administration but is also takthe crantel ing the opposite approach from idars as t that of many other European countries, which are trying to re-duce the number of foreign workers in their midst. Patrick Weil, an official of the

Ministry of National Solidarity office that handles immigration, said the change was necessary because past policies of vigorously encouraging immigrants to return home not only were ineffective but also "smacked of racism."

But the new policy has also pro-voked sharp criticism. The under-secretary of labor in charge of imsecretary of labor in charge of immigration in the previous government, Lionel Stoleru, said, "Legalizing 100,000 illegal aliens was crazy, considering France's high unemployment"—now about 8.5 percent. He also expressed the fear that the policy could in fact lead to an upsurge of racism.

has become so heated lately as to somewhat and promote a harder

line toward foreign workers. Interior Minister Gaston Defferre recently announced that the government would begin proceedings to expel about 20,000 illegal aliens, those who arrived after Jan. 1, 1981, and are without steady work. Until the mid-1970s there was

little dispute over the need for foreigo workers, said Vittorio Porta, a specialist in European immigration working for the European Parliament. France, and Europe in general, greeted immigrants with open arios. They were needed, Mr. Porta said, to do low-paying but vital jobs of manual labor in mines, fac-tories, garbage dumps and the like.

But then the recession struck, and European governments began trying to rid their countries of the foreigners. In 1975 the government of Valery Giscard d'Estaing ended virtually all legal immigration to France except for political refu-gees. It also began offering its 4.5

return to their native countries. linmigrants were paid as much

ATHENS — Premier Andreas Papandreou has shuffled his nine-

month-old Socialist government

and introduced a oew National

Economy Ministry to combat

Greece's pressing economic prob-

On Saturday, Mr. Papandreou dropped eight Cabinet members and appointed six full ministers and 13 deputy ministers to in-

crease the government to a record

Gerasimos Arsenis, governor of the Bank of Greece, will head the National Economy Ministry.

which replaced the Economic Co-

idea was the same as retirement, to open up jobs for unemployed and younger Frenchmen," said Mr. Stoleru.

But critics complained that these rewards were accompanied by a brutal expulsion policy under which police conducted raids in immigrant neighborhoods, forcing many people out of the country by trumping up charges of disturbing the public order. The new government has contin-

ued the policy of banning almost

all further immigration, but it has stopped paying immigrants to leave. And, according to immi-grant leaders and human rights activists, it has balted summary ex-There are few expulsions for disturbing public order now," said Daniel Jacoby, a lawyer for the

view each case. The government has also moved

ordination Department. Three other bankers also joined the new

"Our various economic prob-

lems demand further and stronger bandling," Mr. Papandreou said Friday. "These will constitute one

of the oew government's first priorities," he said.
Soaring food and utilities prices, declining value in the drachma and an annual 25-percent inflation rate

are causing vocal criticism among

Greeks of all political persuasions, marking the end of the Socialist

Mr. Papandreou, the only gov-

ernment member with Cabinet ex-

government's honeymoon.

the approval of the Interior Ministry, and their wives and children are allowed to join them in France. The more liberal attitude runs

form ethnic associations without

counter to policies in West Germaoy and Switzerland, which also have large foreign populations, Mr. Porta said. In West Germany, he said, immigrants must contend with a host of restraints that prevent families from being united and workers from moving freely about the country. Foreign workers continue to complain about arhitrary treatment by West German authorities that often leads to summary expulsions, he said.

#### **Moral Imperatives**

Despite the moral imperatives that the Mitterrand government says determined its actions, practi-Human Rights League. Unlike be- cal reasons are emphasized as well. fore, a lawyer and a judge — not a "Paying immigrants just didn't government official — have to rework," Mr. Weil said. "Not many left, and those who did just returned clandestinely." Keeping foreign workers in

swept to power in last fall's general election, will continue to hold the

defense portfolio. No changes were announced for the Foreign Minis-

But a former deputy foreign minister, Asimakis Fotilas, who

was dismissed last December after

a misunderstanding at a Common

communities abroad.

Not only have opposition fig-ures such as Mr. Stoleru criticized the new government's liberal immigration policies, but during the election campaign last year, the Socialists and Communists differed sharply on the issue.

has also helped improve France's relations with many of its former

colonies, especially Algeria. There are more than 800,000 Algerians in

France, according to Interior Min-

istry statistics, and one of the ma-

jor sore points between the two

countries has been France's past threats to deport large numbers of

Domestically, though, kindness to foreign workers is not a popular cause. Polls show that many

French people blame immigrants

for increasing unemployment. And

immigrants are also often blamed for crime, drug trafficking and

Although there has been open split on the issue since the

two parties formed a ruling coali-Papandreou Shuffles His 9-Month-Old Cabinet

perience before the Socialists were Minister Eleftherios Veryvakis took over the new Social Insurance were formed under a law enacted Friday that is aimed at promoting

> welfare policies The new ministers will be sworn Political commentators said the

Market meeting returned to the government as a deputy minister handling affairs of Greek migrant new system will give Mr. Papandreou a firmer grasp on decision-making. But the Cabinet changes suggested that Greece's first So-Deputy Education Minister cialist premier will continue a George Lianis was promoted to head the new Research and Tech-nology Ministry, and Education trend in recent months toward moderation of his previous poli-

#### Foremost among them, they say, is racism. "It is everywhere," said Sally N'Dongo, president of the Senegalese Workers' Association: "On the street, on the bus, in the café, and even from the Socialist bureaucrats we have to deal with." The experience of his nephew, Moussa, shows how hard life con-tinues to be for immigrants in France. When Moussa arrived in high technology and improving

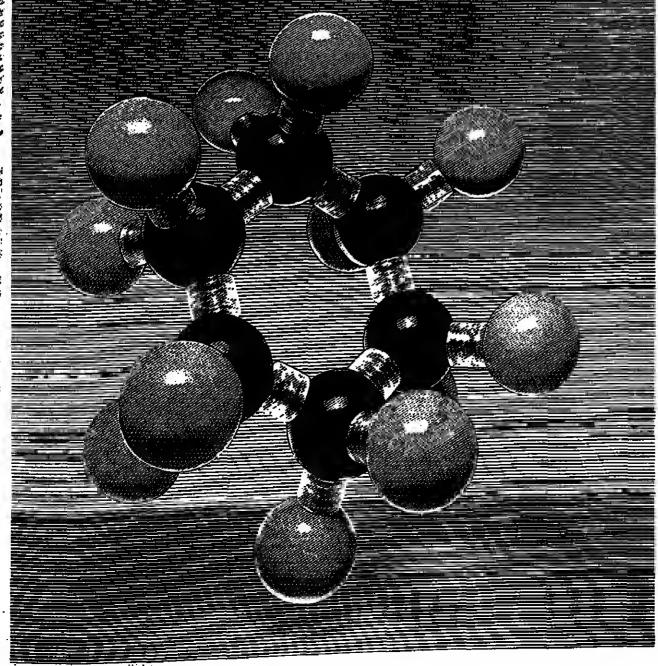
in a crowded atelier to earn a meager salary of 2,500 francs a month. pers, he has moved to a real factory with better conditions. He con-tinues to make pants - for nine hours a day at a salary of 3,500

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TOKYO — Japan's Communist Party, the nation's oldest political organization, is marking its 60th anniversary this month amid expressions of doubt about its future.
"We hope to hold fast to the tradition of our 60-year history," its leader, Kenji Miyamoto, said last week at a meeting with foreign reporters. Bot he added that "the situation in Japan is complicated."

He appeared to be alluding to recent losses for the party, particularly its sharp decline in the 1980 elections, in which its representation in the 511-sent lower house of parliament dropped from 41 to 29.

In the 1970s, a period when the party was making gains noder the leadership of Mr. Miyamoto, the Communists had hopes of taking power in alliance with the Japan Socialist Party. Today the Socialists, who have 104 seats in the lower house, are pledged to an alliance with the Korneits a widdle of the with the Komeito, a middle-of-theroad Buddhist party with 34 seats.

Looking back over the more than 20 years he has been the party leader, Mr. Miyamoto, 73, acclaimed the organization's achievements — the rise in its membership from 80,000 in 1961 to 470,000, the increase in the readership of its newspaper, Akahata, from 300,000 to more than three million and the gain in its representation in parha-ment from a low of 6 seats to a high of 41 before the 1980 elec-

Mr. Mivamoto also pointed out

### Newsman Getting U.S. Post

WASHINGTON — The Senate confirmed Thursday the nomination of John Hughes, 52, a Pulitzer Prize-winning journalist, as associ-ate director of the International Communications Agency. The agency is in charge of the Voice of America.

that the number of Japanese voting Communist had increased from 1.16 million in 1960, or about 3 percent of the electorate, to 5.8 million, or 10 percent, by 1980. He said the Communists were convinced that the Socialist-Komeito alliance was "doomed to failure" and that "progressive unity" — a Socialist-Communist alliance would be possible.

#### **Anti-Soviet Stance**

The opposition groups, however, trail far behind the governing Lib-eral Democratic Party, which has a comfortable 21-seat majority in parliament, with a total of 287 members in the 511-seat lower

The party chief appears to see himself as a counterpart to President François Mitterrand of France, the Socialist leader, and not of Georges Marchais, the French Communist chief.

Mr. Miyamoto is vehemently anti-Soviet, has denounced the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan and Moscow's role in Poland and has repeatedly denounced "he-gemony," a code word in the Far East for Soviet regional ambitions. He opposes the presence of 40,000 U.S. troops in Japan but urges that Japan possess strong armed forces for "self-defense."

The Japan Communist Party, according to party histories, was founded July 15, 1922, when Communists here met to debate a direc-tive sent from Moscow. The party was outlawed beginning in 1933, and its leaders were imprisoned. Mr. Miyamoto was held for 12 years until the end of World War II in August, 1945, when Gen. Douglas MacArthur, the allied commander, allowed the Commu-

nists to return to politics.

The party quickly gained wide-spread support from intellectuals. and Marxism became a leading philosophy at principal universities. A major weakness of the par-ty, however, is that it lacks support from organized labor. It is heavily dependent on its oewspaper for

From the 5 of July to the 27 of August everyday Monday through Friday, The News in English will be presented at 10 o'clock on radio station RMC.





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Prince Norodom Sihanouk, left, and Thai Premier Prem Tinsulanonda greeted each other on Sunday after the prince's arrival in Bangkok for discussions with Thai officials.

### Thai Leader, Meeting Sihanouk, **Vous to Aid Cambodian Coalition**

United Press International BANGKOK - Premier Prem Tinsulanonda promised Prince Norodom Sihanouk on Sunday full Thai support for a new anti-Vietnamese Cambodian coalition government, but a spokesman

A spokesman for Mr. Prem said the premier pledged "to help the coalition government of democratic Cambodia to return their

The spokesman said the Cambodian prince was scheduled to have an audience with King Bhumibol Adulyadej of Thailand on Monday. Thai officials said the prince would probably cross into a guerrilla-beld area of Cambodia on Wednesday. He will then, with his former premier, Son Sann, and the Communist Khmer Rouge leader, Khieu Samphan, set up a coalition government on Cambo-dian soil, and the leaders will hold their first meeting.

The news agency of the Vietnamese-supported government in Phnom Penh warned, meanwhile, of military action against the coalition. It said in a commentary monitored in Bangkok that the coalition was "playing with fire" by harboring plans for "an increase in armed attacks from Thai territory." It added that Prince Sihanouk had "gone too far."

## **Afghan Rebel Envisions Soviet Threat to Gulf**

By Drew Middleton

New York Times Service
NEW YORK — The Soviet military forces in Afghanistan are turning the country into a forward

operational base for possible military moves in Southwest Asia, according to an Afghan rebei leader. Hassan Gailani of the National Islamic Front, one of the largest of the Afghan resistance movements, cited two examples: a major Soviet air base under construction at Shindand in the west and a border

readjustment at the head of the Afghan corridor that leads to the frontier with China. The air hase sits 580 miles from the Strait of Hormuz, which leads into the Gulf, Soviet fighter-bombers based at Shindand will be

much closer to the strait than those stationed in the southern part of the Soviet Union. The Soviet Union, Mr. Gailani added, has built a bridge across the Amu Darya, the river on Afghanistan's northern frontier, and

to the capital of Kabul. The Soviet men con mains concerned, he said, over the frootier with China. vulnerable communications line aimed at liquidating rebel forces

#### Strategic Balance

From the standpoint of the stra-weapoo against the resistance, and tegic balance in Southwest Asia, the rebels' principal oeed is for however, the Kremlin's investment surface-to-air missiles. Mr. Gailani in the Shindand air base is the said he knew of only two gunships most important oew development. base is protected by a triple ring of mountain pass that exposed their fortifications that include dug-in unarmored top surfaces.

**QUALIFICATIONS** 

SENIOR EXECUTIVE POSITIONS

Published every Monday, this is a compilation of senior positions published in the INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE and other selected publications. Comments concerning this feature can be addressed to Juanita Caspari in Paris.

LOCAT.

the cover of a few small hills east and southwest of the base.

At Shindand, he reported, are Soviet fighter-bombers and helicopter gunships. Western military sources say these aircraft are used primarily for operations against the resistance, but it is conceded that the establishment of the base could have a wider significance,

#### Frontier Adjustments

The Soviet Union also has lengthened the runway and built additional storage depots at the southern Afghan base at Kan-dahar, Intelligence reports indicate that this construction is on a lesser scale, and security measures at Shindand indicate that the Kremlin regards it as more important.

Mr. Gailani said the Kremlin annexed territory near the Chinese-Afghan frontier as early as 1981, when President Babrak Karmal visited Moscow. During the visit the Afghan leader reportedly agreed to a border adjustment in the narrow corridor between the started a railroad from the frontier Soviet Union and Pakistan that

The rebel leader said the official into Afghanistan. The major Soviet-Afghan offensive this spring was nexation of part of this district. He said roads are being built down the corridor toward China and toward attacking truck convoys moving corridor toward China and toward through the Panjsher Valley, 62 Pakistan, and Soviet Tajiks are miles (100 kilometers) west of Kabeing moved in to replace the Af-

Soviet helicopter gunships, he said, have been the most effective that had been shot down, and According to Mr. Gailani, the these were threading through a

"Otherwise, we have only .303 What the rebels want are artil- Lee-Enfield rifles to take on arlery missiles with a range of at mored belicopters firing rockets least 12 miles in order to fire from and heavy machine guns," he said.

Source

CONTACT

## Hijacker Sits In Jail Cell In Sri Lanka

#### Signs Now Indicate Extradition to Italy

COLOMBO, Sri Lanka - The Sri Lankan hijacker who became a momentary national hero by bluffing his way to \$300,000 in ransom money was put in a maximum se-curity cell Sunday amid strong signs that his government plans to extradite him to Italy.

Sepala Ekanayaka, 33, was ordered held in custody until July 16 pending formal charges. The detention order can be extended.

Police sources said Magistrate Sanath Gunatille, who conducted the hearing at his home, denied an application for bail for the man who hijacked an Alitalia Boeing ple hostage for 32 hours in Bang-kok. 747 Wednesday and held 259 peo-

The hijacker's brother, Sathyabala Ekanayaka, a 38-year-old teacher in southern Sri Lanka, was arrested Saturday night, police sources said. They said he had tried to conceal \$10,000 under his clothes. He went to the same section of the prison as his hrother.

The hijacker was given safe pas-sage to Sri Lanka Thursday after getting \$300,000 for the release of his hostages. He then spent two days living lavishly off the ransom money in Colombo, followed by adoring crowds, until his arrest

Things started turning sour when a bank refused to deposit \$297,000 of his ransom loot because he lacked identification. Then a hotel kicked him out.

#### Italian Warrant

The Sri Lankan Foreign Minis-try said the Italian ambassador, Franco Micieli de Biase, called oo Foreign Minister Shahul Hameed oo Saturday to inform him that a criminal warrant for Mr. Ekanaya-ka's arrest has been issued in Italy.

"With regard to the question of extradition, the minister of foreign affairs said that once the papers were received the government would take appropriate action," the statement added, Mr. Hameed emphasized that his government is fully conscious of its international obligations.

Although it is probable that the hijacker will be extradited to Italy, a senior police source said that if he remains in Sri Lanka he will be charged with extortioo and redeeming stolen property.

The first charge carries a maximum sentence of 10 years in jail and a fine. The second could bring a three-year term.

#### Nimeiri Removes A Vice President From South Sudan

KHARTOUM, Sudan - Vice Presideot Abel Alier, a veteran

politician of the semi-autonomous from his post by a presidential decree Friday.

President Gaafar Nimeiri named one of Mr. Alier's rivals in southern politics, Joseph Lago, to replace him as one of Sudan's two vice presidents. Political differences between the two southerners had caused tribal troubles that led Gen. Nimeiri to dissolve the Southern Region People's Assembly in October and appoint a transitional administration.

Mr. Lago, who was commander of the southern rebels during a protracted civil war that ended in 1972, had proposed that the south should be further divided into two or three regions. But some southern leaders thought the proposal might be an attempt by the Moslem north to weaken the predominantly black south. Northern Sudan is already divided into five

Gen. Nimeiri also approved Friday a new government for the south, led by James Joseph Tom-bura. The appointment of 18 mem-bers of the High Executive Council and of Mr. Tombura as its presi-dent means that southern Sudan will remain one region.

# Honduran Officer Says Troops Join

# Salvadorans in Drive on Guerrillas New York Times Service

By Raymond Bonner

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras -The Honduran armed forces have begun a joint military campaign with the Salvadoran Army, with a primary objective of crushing Salvadoran rebels in their mountainous strongholds in the eastern Salvadoran province of Morazan, according to a senior Honduran military officer.

But the Hondurans have aiready gone beyond the mission as originally planned, according to the officer, who agreed to discuss the details of the operation on the condition that he not be identified.

According to the officer, approximately 3,000 Honduran soldiers have occupied a large area of territory that both countries claim is theirs. A peace treaty between the countries stipulates that the territory, about 39 square miles (100 square kilometers) in area, is not to be occupied by military forces from either country.

The Hondurans intend to keep their forces in the disputed territo-. ry, the officer said.

In a brief but bloody war between the two countries in 1969, Salvadoran troops invaded Honduras. In the aftermath, the Salvadorans claimed territory that had belonged to Honduras.

#### Arbitration Specified

So bitter were the feelings between the two countries after the war that it was 12 years before a peace treaty was signed. The treaty calls for arbitration to settle the

boundary dispote.

The border between the two countries had been set at the Rio Negro in 1884, but an official Salvadoran government map pub-lished in 1978 shows as Salvadoran an area extending about 6 miles, or about 10 kilometers, north of that river. It is this territory that the Hondurans now occupy.

Asked if this meant that what

had begun as an cooperative ven-ture with the Salvadorans had

SANTO DOMINGO, Domini-

can Republic — President Antonio Guzman died of a gunshot wound to the head in his office at the pres-

idential palace late Saturday night, the government announced Sun-

Government officials gave oo other details and would not say

whether the president's death was

suicide, murder or an accident.

They said only that it occurred un-

Vice President Jacobo Majluta

was sworn in as president early Sunday, and the government called a news conference assuring

that President-elect Salvador Jorge

Blanco would take office as

calm throughout the republic and

there is no reason whatsoever for

panic," the government announced

der "tragic circumstances."

planned on Aug. 16.

in radio broadcasts.

Dominican President

Is Found Shot to Death

turned into an military operation against them, the Honduran officer beamed and said: "We don't forget 1969. We decided it was the opportunity to get what belonged

El Salvador's minister of de-fense, Gen. José Guillermo Gar-cia, has denied that the two armies are conducting a joint operation in

Honduran military officers and foreign diplomats here, however. said that the operation along the border at Morázan had been planned in a series of meetings beween senior military commanders.

The combined operation, according to the Hooduran officer, is a response to increasing tensions along the border, especially near the Salvadoran provinces of Chalatenango and Morázan, where thousands of Salvadoran refugees are living in camps on the Hondu-

Salvadoran, U.S. and Honduran government officials have charged that many of the refugees are rela-tives of rebels and channel food, medicine and other supplies from international relief organizations to Salvadoran guerrillas. Officials

to Salvadoran guerrillas. Officials also say the refugees provide sanctuaries for the guerrillas.

One of the primary missions of the 50 to 60 U.S. military advisers in Honduras is to assist the Hondurans in patrolling the borders, according to U.S. Embassy officials. Some 30 Argentine military advisers fulfill the same function, the Honduran military officer said. the Honduran military officer said.

According to the officer, there are no foreign advisers participat-ing in the operation near Morazan.

About two weeks ago, the Hondurans deployed three battalions as a blocking force on the northern edge of the area, while Salvadoran troops, including a battalion that was trained at Fort Bragg, N.C., were reportedly pushing the guerrillas toward the border.

The original plan was for the Hondurans to remain on the northern rim of the area, but last

Thursday they crossed into it and reportedly reached the Rio Negro Friday morning.

#### Honduran Soldiers Arrested

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras (NYT) — The Honduran Army has arrested a group of soldiers in a connection with the reported de 12 tention and abuse of an American nurse and the disappearance of a Guatemalan doctor.

The action follows an investigation undertaken after the nurse, Cynthia Lee Morin, of Los Angeles, said she had been detained and beaten by Honduran soldiers on June 9. With her at the time, shesaid, was Dr. Augusto Giron To-var. a Guatemalan. Dr. Giron and Miss Morin were working with Guatemalan refugees in Honduras

Dr. Giron has not been seen since, and Miss Morin has said she thinks the soldiers killed him. According to a source close to the investigation, six mean, including a sergeant, were charged with assault, kidnapping and robbery.

#### Costa Rican Bombing

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica (Reuters) — A bomb has wrecked the offices of the Honduran airline Sahsa here, police said. Red Cross officials said they had no reports of casualties.

#### U.S. Seizes Equipment Bought by Cuba Envoy

WASHINGTON - U.S. COStoms authorities have announced the seizure of parts of a television satellite monitoring system pur-chased by a member of Cuba's UN mission in New York.

The action Friday was the latest in a series of seizures begun last October to enforce a law barring the shipment of high technology equipment with a military application to Soviet-bloc countries.



Antonio Guzmán

#### Monsignor Annibale Bugnini Is Dead At 70: Was the Vatican Nuncio in Iran

United Press International VATICAN CITY - Monsignor Annibale Bugnini, 70, the Vatican's apostolic pro-ouncio m Iran. died Saturday in Rome. The cause of death was oot immediately

Born in 1912 in central Italy, he

was best known within the church

for his work on liturgical reform

during the Second Vatican Coun-

Chaim Grade

Grade, 72, a Yiddish poet and nov-

clist whose work gained wide at-tention because of its passion in dealing with Jewish life in Eastern

Europe and with the trauma of the

Nazi extermination of the Jews,

Mr. Grade received an Ortho-

died of a heart attack Saturday.

NEW YORK (NYT) -- Chaim

A spokesman for the presiden-tial palace said Mr. Guzmán, 71, known. The Italian prelate had been hospitalized for several died just before midnight from a 38-caliber hullet that entered the right check. Mr. Guzmán was Mr. Bugnini came into the pub-

#### **New Zealand Reports Nuclear Test by France**

United Press International
WELLINGTON, New Zealand France has exploded a 20-kiloton ouclear bomb at its South Pa-cific testing site beneath Muraroa Atoll, according to Dr. Warwick Smith, director of the seismological observatory of the New Zea land Department of Scientific and Industrial Research.

In Paris, a spokesman at the Defense Ministry said, "As usual, we have no comment. We can oeither confirm nor deny the report." The Greenpeace environmental organization said Saturday in Toronto that Thursday's test was aimed at perfecting the miniaturization of France's neutron bomb.

dead, the government said.

After being sworn in, Mr.

Majluta said: "As commander of the armed forces and the national police, I guarantee the transfer of office to the new authorities elected in last May's elections."

Mr. Guzman became the first

found in a bathroom in his office

He was taken to a military hos-

pital, where he was pronounced

suite, the spokesman said.

leader of the Dominican Republic to voluntarily give up power when be announced he would not run in the May elections.

> dox upbringing in Vilnius, in the Soviet Union, hut in the early 1930s he turned to secular life and to writing. When the Nazis invad-ed in 1941, Mr. Grade fled.

## William L. Worden

TACOMA, Wash. (AP) -- William L. Worden, 72, author and World War II correspondent for lic eye during the American hos-The Associated Press and the Sattage crisis in Iran when he tried urday Evening Post, died Thursunsuccessfully to mediate for their release on behalf of Pope John

#### Foreign Minister Nase Is Replaced in Albania

The Associated Press VIENNA - Albania's longtime minister of foreign affairs, Nesti Nase, has been replaced by Reis Malile, the Albanian Embassy here

confirmed Saturday.

The change in the Foreign Ministry was decided at a People's Assembly session that ended in Tirana on Thursday. The embassy said Mr. Nase had retired. It was the first change in the Albanian government since Adil Carcani took office in January after the reported

suicide of Premier Mehmet Shehu.

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# U.S. May Offer Subsidy 🔛 To Michigan Company To Beat Canadian Bid

ngton Post Service

WASHINGTON -- The Reagan istration, in what would be a complete reversal of longstanding trade policy, is considering provid-ing a \$250-million subsidy to help a company in Michigan wrest a major New York City subway car contract from a Canadian corpora-

The administration has angrily criticized the Canadians for agreeing to provide low-interest, subsidized loans to New York Ciry to help finance the purchase of 825 subway cars from Bombardier of Chabes and the contract of Quebec, complaining that the in-terest rate is well below the minimum level formally set by the major industrial nations.

But the administration, under pressure from Congress and orga-nized labor to help protect Ameri-can jobs from unfair foreign com-

## **Higher Price** Is Sought for African Oil

ABU DHABI - Saudi Arabia and other Gulf states plan to press OPEC's African members to raise their crude prices at least \$1.50 a barrel, the Middle East Economic Survey said Sunday.

The newsletter said current pric-

es do not impose enough of a . premium to take account of differences in quality and transport costs. Thus, the sarvey said, ex-ports from Libya, Nigeria and Al-geria have risen, while Gulf sales

The issue is expected to be taken Arab Emirates said Sunday that the cartel will hold an emergency ministerial meeting in Vienna Friday to review its oil output ceiling of 17.5 millions barrels a day.

OPEC has not confirmed re-ports that such a meeting will be held, but the official said the ministers would meet two days after a Vienna meeting Wednesday of OPEC's four-man market monitor

ing committee.

The ceiling was imposed in March to prevent an oversupply of

man, quoted by the official news agency, indicated that the country might be inclined to support a slight rise in output. The Nicosiabased MIES, which has close contactions with Swill Assis actions. nections with Saudi Arabia, estimated that the OPEC production already had risen to 18.5 million barrels a day and said OPEC could not raise output further, given present market conditions.

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petition, is seriously considering matching the Canadian subsidy, a Treasury Department official said

The official, who asked not to be identified conceded that the costs of matching the Canadian offer might exceed the benefits to the government but said a matter of principle is involved.

You want to show the predatory financiers of the world it's oot going to pay to come into our mar-ket and dump," the Treasury offi-cial said. "It's a matter of princi-ple, not necessarily cost-benefi-

"It's not something we're tre-mendously happy about," said Donald E. deKieffer, general counsel for the office of the U.S. trade representative. "We're in a box on this one."

Government trade officials claimed the action would not be a change of administration policy.

The New York City Transit Authority tentatively awarded a \$663-

million contract to Bombardier over bids by Budd Co. of Troy, Mich., a subsidiary of West Ger-many's Thyssen, and by France's Francorail.
The Canadian company's bid al-

lowed the transit authority to borrow 85 percent of the cost of the cars at 9.7-percent interest, which is below the 11.4-percent rate agreed upon as a minimum by the major industrialized nations. However, the Canadians said they only made that bid to compere with Francorail, which made a similar offer.

The Treasury official said the entire Michigan congressional delegation is pressing Treasury Secre-tary Donald T. Regan to match the subsidy. Mr. Regan must make a decision by July 15. But administration officials fear

that if they help one firm, others up in OPEC meetings next week. will line up to ask the government A senior oil official of the United for subsidies, sources said. "If you will line up to ask the government do that once, doesn't everyone line up to raid the public till?" one source said.

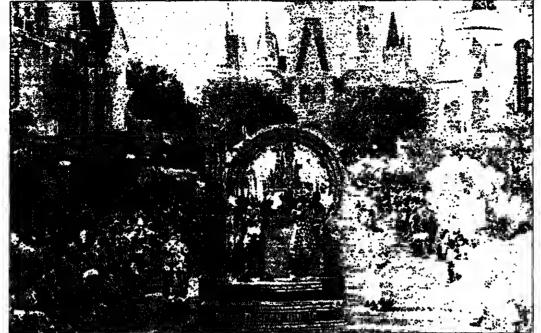
Reports of the administration's possible shift on the subway issue drew mixed responses.
"I think they may be bluffing,"

said Lawrence Krause, senior fel-low in economics at the Brookings Institution. With the government's tight budget, "It's silly to make an issue of this," he said, arguing that the money could be better used for other purposes.

crude from causing a drop in pric-But C. Fred Bergsten, an assistes.

A. UAE Oil Ministry spokes - dent Carter disagreed. "I have always felt one has to fight fire with fire in this business. Though it's not a wonderful thing to do, I think it's the best course."

The administration has already protested Canada's action under the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade as an unfair trading practice, but a resolution of the complaint will take many months.



Disney World soon will be joined in Florida by twin Disney theme parks costing \$1 billion.

# Disney Studios Overhaul Tradition

### 4 Major Projects, Production Shakeup Arouse Interest

By Kathryn Harris

Las Angeles Times Service ANAHEIM, Calif. - After Walt Disney's death 16 years ago, his successors carried on his unfinished work so doggedly that critics feared Walt Disney Productions' most innovative days were over.

They faithfully built Walt's theme park in Florida, and drove company revenue from \$117 million to over \$1 billion.

But the Burbank, Calif., film studio stagnated, be-

coming best known in the 1970s for "Love Bug" sequels featuring Herbie, the Volkswagen. Tentanve elforts to change the Disney approach drew unhappy results, with film profits in two recent quarters the lowest in 22 years, according to one analyst. Disney's management hopes to shake the compla-

cent image when four major projects roll out in the next 10 months. They include: Epcot Center, a \$1-billion project that will add two new theme parks to Walt Disney World near Or-

 Tokyo Disneyland, a \$450-million Japanese venture that will pay Walt Disney Productions 7.5 percent of its revenue after it opens next spring.

• A shakeup in film production, with the decision

to hire outside producers for five coming releases. • The Disney Channel, a pay-TV service slated to

The projects are generating more cothusiasm on Wall Street than Disney has enjoyed in years. "After being very pessimistic for five years, I've gone the other way," said Alan Kassan of First Manhattan. A Paine Webber Mitchell Hutchins analyst, Lee fsgur, said: "I'm very builish on Disney."

Such optimism has sent the stock price climbing from its year's low of \$43.375 to \$57.875 at the close

Once the Disney projects are under way next spring, there could be a change in top management. Disney's chairman, E. Cardon Walker, 66, says it is "very possible" he will relinquish the chief executive's job to Ronald W. Miller, 49, the president and a Disney son-in-law.

Mr. Miller's task, if he becomes chief executive, will be to "make it a big company that thinks like a big company," says one entertainment industry consult-ant, who asked not to be identified.

Critics say that after Walt Disney's death the new leaders tried to continue what he had started but that their perpetuation of his tradition too often ignored a changing world. "They're in another world out there," said one busi-

nessman after a visit to Disney headquarters. "Eisenhower is still president."

For example, until 1979, women were not allowed oo the fourth floor of the animation building.

But most Disney employees are genial even in their criticism because, they say, it is such a comfortable place to work. Few workers are fired, and employee benefits abound.

Those comfortable conditions have dulled the studio's creativity, in the view of Don Bluth, a former Disney animator who quit to form his own studio.

Mr. Bluth, who worked under Mr. Disney's direc-

tion in the 1950s, and rejoined the staff from 1971 to 1979, says Mr. Disney's death left a creative void. "Roo Miller has certain instincts and talents, but I don't believe that his passion is animation." Mr.

Mr. Miller got his start in 1957 at the Disney stu-dio, and beaded production in films and television before becoming president and chief operating officer in 1980. Subordinates praise him for his willingness to delegate authority.

In any case, after Disney's death, his successors speot \$282 million to build Walt Disney World. To finance it, they made three trips to the debt market. They also made a stock offering.

Disney World proved highly successful, and its success led to the decision in the mid-1970s to proceed with another project Mr. Disney had dreamed up: Epcot, or Experimental Prototype Community of To-

As Mr. Disney first sketched Epcot, it would be a model city. A dome would control the climate, and office buildings would be orbited by residences, schools and parks.

But Disney executives abandoned the concept as impractical. Epcot evolved instead into two theme parks: "Future World," to showcase technology, and World Showcase," which simulates the cultures of One analyst says Epcot could generate \$160 million to \$280 million in revenue its first year, while another "If they can't get people ... to spend two days in

Epcot, it's really going to be a bomb." To finance Epcot, Disney has won commitments of nearly \$300 million over a 10-year period from such corporate sponsors as American Telephooe & Tele-

graph, General Motors and Sperry.

For the most past, Disney has used its own cash to build Epcot, although it raised \$100 million in a Eurobood offer last year and is counting on a \$150-million commercial paper issue to complete the first phase of Epcot by Oct. 1, 1983.

# OECD Assails U.S. Policies, Sees Rates Remaining High

By Carl Gewirtz

PARIS — The Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development has issued a highly critical report oo U.S. economic policies, saying they are likely to keep real interest rates high through the end of next year.

The report, issued over the weekend, indicates that the Reagan administration's monetarist, supply-side approach is likely to keep the dollar high and may provoke other nations to reimpose exchange controls and raise trade barriers, undoing some of the ma-jor ecocomie achievements of the postwar period.

Much more toughly worded than usual for an OECD country study, the report reflects basic disagreement over economic ideas. The OECD is a bassion of Keynesian economics, which holds that the best way to manage the economy is through influencing demand
— a view that out of fashion in
Washington.

In a particularly acid section, the OECD comments: There is a common thread to

the apparent bias and simplicity in administratioo pronouncements save more." The OECD also sup-on tax policy, in the very restricted ports proposals, rejected by the ad-

NEW YORK - The latest fig-

ures put money-supply growth within the Federal Reserve's annu-

al target range for the first time

**Growth of M-1 Drops** 

To Fed's Target Range

ministration, for oil import fees or to contemplate in budget negotiations and the unduly unflattering light this approach seems to throw on the budget situation. It is the

desire to ...put pressure on ex-penditure through the budget deficit, bence using tax policy in the effort to reduce the scope and role

"This policy bas risks. They can be seen in the perceptions they encourage on bond markets and, more generally, in the dangers of delay and possible breakdown and inaction in the budgetary process."

The cornerstone of the Reagan program is cuts in personal income tax. The OECD argues that "the investment response to tax cuts over a longish period might have been more procounced if more had been directed towards the cor-porate sector." In additioo, it says, more selective approach ... could have produced the same incentive effects ... with much lower revenue losses."

To fill in the revenue losses, the OECD favors a tax on personal spending, which "would not dis-rupt work and savings incentives but would confine the benefits to

Maria F. Ramirez, senior money market economist for Merrill

Short-term rates also showed

slight improvement following re-

said he suspected that the subdued

market reaction might have been

caused by the approaching holi-

day, as many traders departed ear-

Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith.

higher gasoline taxes.

Turning to defense spending the report says "the planned buildup is sufficiently rapid and concentrated that it could well lead to bottlenecks in capacity, materials and labor skills."
The OECD notes "the remark-

able and welcome deceleration of prices." But it says the slowing in inflatioo has been due mostly to the cyclical weakness in commodity prices, and questions whether pressures for higher wages have been permanently reduced.
The OECD forecasts much slower growth than the administra-

tioo: 0.3 percent from the final quarter of 1981 to the final quarter 1982, compared with the 3 percent predicted by Washington. For calendar 1982, the OECD sees an overall decline in gross parional overall decline in gross nanonal product of 1.4 percent, a bit less than the 1.8-percent drop it was forecasting in late May. It sees GNP growth next year of 2.2 per-

cent, slightly less than the 2.7 percent forecast in May.

The OECD predicts that inflation will ebb to 6.1 percent this year and 5.6 percent in 1983 from 2 percent last year.

It forecasts that the federal funds rate - the rate on overnight loans between banks, from which most other rates are scaled up will average 14 percent this year, falling to 12.3 percent in the fourth quarter. The funds traded at around 15 percent Friday.

The report says long-term interest rates should decline to 134 percent at the end of 1983 from 15½ percent last Jan. 1, broadly in line with a decline in the underlying rate of inflation, "Hence real interest rates would show little change, reflecting the tightness of mone-tary growth and liquidity as well as continuing adverse views of budget prospects since it is assumed that the budget package will not be adopted until very late this calen-

By the close of the forecast period, nominal interest rates would be significantly lower than recently but real interest rates still higher than in 1981, presumably paving the way for another period of demand weakness as the mid-1983 fiscal boost eases," the OECD

#### The Fed reported Friday that M-1 fell \$2.2 billion to an average level of \$449.9 billion in the week lease of the money supply num-bers. The yield on 13-week Treas-ury bills, for example, dropped to dar year." 12.58 percent from 12.66 percent earlier in the day. U.S. CREDIT MARKETS Philip Braverman, a vice president at Chase Manhattan Bank,

ended June 23. The decline was steeper than had been expected by most money market participants. "We're quite encouraged by the behavior of the money supply,"

said Cengiz Israfil, a vice president at Morgan Guaranty Trust. Mr. Is-ralil estimated that the money supply was \$800 million below the Fed's upper limit. Economists said that because

the growth of M-1 - the basic measure of the money supply, conand check-like deposits in banks and savings institutions - is within the Fed's target range of 21/2 percent to 51/2 percent, the central bank will not be under pressure to lighten monetary policy further. This, they said, suggests that interest rates are unlikely to rise soon. This has to be a welcome devel-

opment," said Marc M. Goloven, a vice president at Manufacturers Hanover Trust. Despite the warm reaction of

bankers, the credit markets responded only mildly. Prices of long-term bonds rose slightly fol-

CURRENCY RATES Interbank exchange rates for July 2, excluding bank service charges. 4.279 6.5523 1305.86 7.4616 1511.31 CHITMECY

1.287 8.544 4.726 69.30 5.8079 0.7151

#### Issues Launched in Midweek Glow Get a Cool Response lowing the Fed's report but did not gentina prepares to reschedule its fully recoup their modest losses of rcial franc. (b) Amounts needed to buy one pound. ("I Units office. (x) Units of 1,000. Eurobond Yields\*

# PARIS — The brief pause in new-issue activity on the Euro-bond market coded last week with the launching of two straight dol-lar bonds and four Dentsche mark issues, but investors cold-should-

ered the offerings.

The dollar issues were launched amid the glow that investment bankers felt after Tuesday's better-

#### - EUROBONDS

than-expected sale in New York of \$4 billion of four-year Treasury notes. Demand for that issue was 21/2 times greater than the supply, triggering an immediate rally in the bond markets and the offering of the new dollar Eurobonds. However, Thursday's New York

sale of \$4-billion of seven-year notes drew a meager response — resulting in a yield of 14.62 percent, the highest since early January — and the midweek enthusiasm evaporated.

Interest rate jitters remain the fundamental problem, and the gloom broke only late Friday in New York when the Federal Reserve reported a larger-than-expected decline in the U.S. money supply - \$2.2 billion in the week ended June 23 -- and a \$500-milbon revision in the week-earlier figures to a decline of \$2.8 billion. These declines brought the rate of growth to within the Fed's stated targets for the first time this year.

#### Uncertainty Remains

While the Fed report helped lift prices slightly in late New York trading it is unclear how much of an improvement it will mean for the Europond market. Last week's aborted rally, most experts say, was fueled by dealers building up inventory after a month of selling. Investors were conspicuously ab-

Analysts say that institutional investors are not buying preferring the higher yields on offer in New York. And retail clients, the analysts say are unwilling to take the plunge either because they fear rates will climb later this year or because the cost of buying dollars

The first of the dollar Eurobonds to be announced was a \$150-million, 10-year offering for British Columbia Hydro & Power Authority bearing a coupon of 15% percent and priced at 99% to yield 15.35 percent. That level was market deemed acceptable, and the paper was quoted at 97%.

A \$100-million, 10-year bond for France's Caisse Centrale de

Cooperation Economique fared equally poorly, though offered at par and bearing a coupon of 15% Both issues cannot be called for

10 years, a feature designed to appeal to institutional investors, who currently prefer maturities of five to seven years. But the CCCE issue was also quoted at a two-point dis-count. The terms nevertheless were striking for an issue guarantied by the French government France has always insisted on being seen to borrow at the best terms, and the constrast with BC Hydro is clearly indicative of how far

France has fallen from favor. The slide has largely been hid-den as most French issues have had gimmicks, such as warrants, enabling issuers to come to market with cosmetically low coupons.

CCCE itself is not so perturbed about the coupon, because its own cost of funds is considerably below the posted rate. CCCE is actually borrowing Swiss francs but prefers not to do so publicly, as the Swiss demand a very stiff premium these days to buy French paper. So an unidentified U.S. company, which is able to get better Swiss franc terms (6¼ percent for 10 years) than the French but which would fare worse than France in borrowing dollars, is doing a swap with

#### 'Attractive Enough'

Neither CCCE nor the issue's lead manager, Salomon Brothers, would state the cost, which is a two borrowers agreed on as well as percent but is expected to be the Treasury bond futures CCCE priced at a discount of 99½. These

sold to lock in a coupon rate pending the public sale of its paper. 'Let's just say that the terms were attractive enough for both parties to want to do the deal," a spokesman said.

Expected to be launched over the weekend was a \$75-million, seven-year bond for CSR of Australia bearing a coupon of 16 per-

Given the high degree of uncer-tainty about interest rates, floating rate paper remains popular. The latest entry is the Bank of Ireland, which is offering \$75 million of 10-year notes. Interest will be set at 4 point over the London interbank offered rate for six-month Euro-dollars, but the coupon cannot fall below 5¼ percent

Identical terms were offered by Den Danske Provinsbank of Den-mark, which sold \$25 million of eight-year notes, and Italy's elec-tricity ntility ENEL, which sold \$100 million of seven-year paper. ENEL's notes can be converted into 10-year bonds bearing a fixed rate of 13 percent.

DM Bonds Moving Slowly

The problem with Deutsche mark bonds, dealers report, is that foreign investors are just not buying DM assets at the moment despite the steep increase in coupons offered. Shortly before the new-issue calendar was frozen in mid-June, Austria sold 10-year bonds bearing a coupon of 8% percent. By contrast, New Zealand, equally well rated, is offering 100 million DM of five-year bonds bearing a coupon of 94 percent. The price, expected to be par, will be set July

Emhart Corp. is offering 100 million DM of seven-year paper. function of the exchange rate the The paper bears a coupon of 91/2



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#### Week Ended June 30 Int'l inst. ig. term USS ... 15.02 % Ind. long term, US\$..... 15.35 % Ind. medium term, US\$ . 16.20 % Cand medium term..... 17.80 % French fr. medium term. 16.71 %

13.82 %

Int'l inst. lg term yen .... ECU medium term ..... 

Week Ended July 2 (Millions of U.S. Dollars) Totul Dollar Equivalent 5,810.3 5,083.9 726.4 8,548.3 7,896.6 651.7

bonds were quoted on a when-is-sued basis of 98. sued basis of 98.

Especially noteworthy is the 150-million-DM issue for the loter American Development Bank, a Latin American lending insutunon

debts and as worries remain about the ability of Mexico and Brazil to escape the same fate, a coupon of 9% percent is being offered on this seven-year paper. The issue price bas been set at par.

Akzo of the Netherlands is offering 100 million DM of seven-year

bonds bearing a coupon of 91/2 percent and priced at 991/2. Expected this week are a 75-miltion-DM issue for South Africa's General Postmaster and a 100-million-DM issue for Caisse Nanonale des Télécommunications of France. These will be followed by Gillette of the United States and Agip of Italy, and that will com-plete the boldovers from the mid-

The capital market subcommittee, which met Thursday, decided to postpooe any decisioo oo estabishing a new calendar and is to meet again in mid-July.

In the guilder market, Electricité that previously has commanded de France is offering 150 million guilders of 10-year bonds bearing a top rates. However, given invescoupon of 11% percent.
— CARL GEWIRTZ reluctance to get involved with Latin American debt as Ar-

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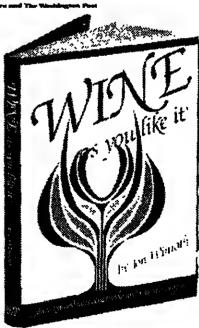
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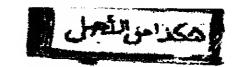
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at 37.2 percent of total debt.



# Report Shows Banks Growing Much More Cautious in Lending Policies

rity distribution of international nations, the level of undisbursed bank lending shows that most of credit commitments they have as a the new loans recorded in 1981's cushion to call on has narrowed. second half were for one year or

While the BIS offers no explanation for this shortening of maturities, it clearly is a sign of bankers, increasing nervousness about the ability of sovereign borrowers to

The BIS notes that 53.6 percent of total new losss in the second

alf were short-term. For Latin America - the biggest single group of debtors two-thirds of new debt fell into the short-term caregory, whereas in Only the U.S. Japanese and mid-1981 some 41 percent of new Arab banks remain active in the

1981 and 41 percent at mid-1978. the latest. Venezuela has the heaviest burden, eign-exchange market has added to

By Carl Gewirtz S57 billion outstanding, has a betlinerrentional Heroid Tribune ter debt profile, with only 48.6 perPARIS—Bankers have become cent of the total due within one outstanding dropped to 14.3 pernotably more cantious in both how year. Brazil, the second largest cent at the end of 1981 from 17.4 and to whom they lead, even debtor, with \$52.7 billion outthough they are lending more than standing, has a better debt profile, with only 48.6 percent at the end of 1981 from 17.4 debtor, with \$52.7 billion outthough they are lending more than standing, has a better debt profile, with only 48.6 percent at the end of 1981 from 17.4 debtor, with \$52.7 billion outthough they are lending more than standing has a better debt profile, with only 48.6 percent of the total due within one
outstanding dropped to 14.3 pertent at the end of 1981 from 17.4 debtor, with \$52.7 billion outtent at mid-1978.

With Poland and Romania seeking to reschedule their debt, it is

A report by the Bank for Inter- Indicative of the weakening ing to reschedule their debt, it is national Settlements on the mature credit standing of Latin American no surprise that the situation in Eastern Europe was even worse with 90 percent of the new loans extended in the second-half falling

due within one year. At mid-1981, new loans were long-term (over only 39.4 percent of new loans fell two years). But reflecting the high into the short-term category. Un- growth potential of these coundisbursed credit commitments contracted to 11.8 percent of total debt from 13.4 percent at midyear and 23.7 percent at the end of

Some 36 percent of Poland's debt and 35 percent of Romania's fall due within one year.

In Asia, a mere 31 percent of

over Libor for seven years — a steep increase from what it had

Instead, it has chosen a \$100million loan, which is being put together as a floating-rate note. It will pay a quarter-point over Libor, the standard margin that floaters bear, coupled with 14 per-cent in commissions. If banks thought they could market these notes to investors there might not be so much brouhaha. But as this is not considered likely, the operation is really a disguised syndicated loan, and bankers say the terms

are unrealistic. A much watched operation will be launched this week for the Electricity Commission of Victoria. Australian borrowers have commanded some of the finest terms seen in the market. However, the utility will be seeking a 15-year loan — well beyond the market's current preference for seven-year deals — with a long grace period,

2 years. Mexico's jumbo \$2.5-billion credit was signed last week with just under \$400 million raised in the market. This left the 27 lead managers holding \$78.9 million each — about 70 percent more than they had hoped to be left holding despite a substantial increase in the margins Mexico

agreed to pay.
It is widely assumed that Mexico will have to further lift the margins it pays (11/2 points over Libor for seven years) to the level of Bra-zil (21/2 points) in order to raise the large amounts it still needs for this

Meanwhile, Yugoslavia is seek-ing a loan from North American banks to bridge it over until tourist revenue begins coming in. The Yuoslavs are said to want \$300 million, but some bankers say \$150 million is more likely.

The maturity is likely to be a maximum of 18 months and the

spread at least 11/4 points over Lijoint \$150-million Italian

eredit for IMI and Isveimer, the institute for economic development of southern Italy, is currently in

tries, undisbursed credit commitmid-1978. ments were little changed and the

Data published by Morgan highest of any group of countries, Guaranty Trust shows the volume of Eurocurrency bank credits in the first half of this year rose 20 The bulk of the debt of Mideast percent from the year-earlier perinations remains short-term, with od to \$46.6 billion, a sharp turna-78.7 percent due within one year. round from the 14-percent drop But the BIS notes that 13.2 percent registered in the first quarter.

of the second half loans were long-But the bulk of the new lending term, up from 11.8 percent at mi-dyear. Undisbursed credit commitwas directed at oil-producing countries, whose borrowings rose ments actually rose, but the ratio 52 percent from a year before, and to total debt slipped to 22.9 perindustrial countries, up 30 percent overall, with Australia and Canada cent from 24.5 percent at midyear. registering huge increases.

The smaller developed countries also showed a trend toward sborter New loans to non-OPEC developing countries rose a scant 8 permaturities, but much less pronounced than for the other groups cent, compared with the 79-perof countries. And while undisincrease in the year-earlier bursed credit commitments also

at mid-1981, the level was higher than the 24.8 percent reported at

TOKYO - A vice president of Nissan says the company has not vet decided whether to build an auto assembly plant in Britain. The official, Masataka Okuma, described as speculation a report

Saturday in a leading Japanese daily, Asahi Shimbun, that Nissan had virtually given up the plan. "I will shortly visit Britain for talks with the British government on the issue," he said. Asahi quoted Nissan's president, Takashi Ishihara, as saying

project is very risky. We cannot push a project for which we cannot obtain company consensus Nissan, Japan's second-largest automaker, announced in January.

Friday that "there is strong opin-ion within our company that the

On Building Autos in U.K. bility study for a project to pro-duce small passenger vehicles in Britain beginning in 1984. Under

Nissan Says It's Uncertain

the plan, output would rise to 200,000 units a year in 1986. The newspaper said that a feasi-bility study had found problems with labor conditions and part costs in Britain.



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# Sharp Rise in Loan Rates Is Seen

ability of sovereign borrowers to PARIS — The pace of interna-manage their ever-increasing bur usual bank lending, which spurted dens of foreign debt. The bunching 20 percent during the first half, is of loans into short-term maturities, slowing markedly. And as financhowever, could increase these bur- ing needs of the nations using the

> SYNDICATED LOANS Enromarket have not diminished.

bankers are confidently predicting that lending charges will rise

mid-1961 some 41 percent of new Arab banks remain active in the loans were made for over two market. One by one, the others years.

As a result, 46.5 percent of total on their balance sheets. The West Latin American debt is now shortern, up from 46.3 percent at mid-

The rise of the dollar on the for-

tion of the franc made this particularly acute for banks in France.

Margins on syndicated credits - the spread banks take over the base lending rate — have been inching higher for some time. A further increase was masked by borrowers increasing use of the prime rate of U.S. banks as the base for their loan costs. The prime, an administered rate, is usually higher than the London interbank rate, the traditional base for Euromarket loans, which is set in relation to the actual cost of

The only way that the anticipated level of borrowing can be met, analysts say, is to get the major inand that means a substantial increase in the margins on loans.

with 61.4 percent of its \$26.2-bil- pressures these banks already were lion debt falling due within, one under, as the soaring dollar has invear. In Peru, 60.4 percent of a creased the value of the loans the \$4.4-billion debt is short-term; banks carry when expressed in lo-month rejected terms proposed by Mexico, the largest debtor, with cal currency. The recent devalua-

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## Over-the-Counter

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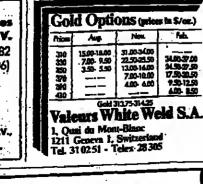
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November 1, 1982.



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75741 PARIS Cedex 15. Bid documents should be submitted to the Dibuti Port Authority, not later than

# Castoffs Lead Pirates to Sweep of Doubleheader With Expos

PITTSBURGH - Dick Davis, Jim Morrison and Larry McWilliams, three players the Pirates acquired from other clubs during the last two weeks of June, all made key contributions to a 4-1, 7-2 doubleheader sweep of Montreal here

10%+ 18%+ 18%+ 18%+ 18%-134 134 134

University and Univer

Consolidated Trading Of AMEX Listings

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256,600 240,200 240,100 238,200 227,500 197,800

Volume; 14,070,000 shores Year to Date: \$86,000,000 shores Issues troded is: 902 Advances; 293 ; declines; 406 ; anchionged; 291 New Highs: 20 ; new lows: 74

Consolidated Trading Of NYSE Listings

Issues Trades in: 2110 Advances: 811 / declines; 951 / unchanged: 278 New highs: 66 / new lows; 163

Treasury Bills

6124 12.10 11.10 1

**Marcos Authorizes** 

15-Cent Subsidy

On State Copper

The Associated Press

nand E. Marcos has authorized

state-owned National Develop-

ment Co. to purchase all of the

country's copper production at a price 15 cents higher than the

world market level, the presiden-

The palace said Saturday that

the subsidy, to continue until the

end of the year, was necessary to

prevent a shutdown of the coun-

try's copper mines, which have

In a directive to the trade and

industry minister, Roberto Ong-

pin, Mr. Marcos fixed the govern-

ment's buying price at 75 cents a

pound. The announcement said

that price would allow the coun-

try's copper mines to break even.

tial palace has announced.

been hard hit by low prices.

MANILA - President Ferdi-

This week Velous Velous

Week Ended July 2

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Friday night.
After Tony Pena's three-run home run sparked Pittsburgh to victory in the opener. Davis hit a three-run homer and Lee Lacy and Morrison drove in two runs each to highlight the second-game tri-umph. In the nightcap, McWilliams pitched six strong innings in his first start for Pittsburgh.

#### FRIDAY BASEBALL

John Candelaria, 4-4, combined with Rod Scurry and Kent Tekulve on a six-hitter in the opener. Tekulve, registering his ninth save, came on in the eighth with the bases loaded and none out. He struck out Tim Wallach and Al Oliver before getting Gary Carter to fly to left

Pena's sixth home run of the year came in a five-run second inning off Charlie Lea (6-4). Bill Madlock contributed run-scoring singles in the fourth and fifth.

#### **Baseball Line Scores**

Friday's Results

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Son Prencisco 200 091 010-4 7 1
Fourities, Holland (5), Airbon (9) and ArryVendis (9); Curtis, Chitter (6), Drovectiv (8),
Lucos 19) and T.Kannedy, W—Holland, 3-1, L—
Drovectiv, 6-1, HS— Son Francisco, Event (11),
Clark (W), Margan (5); Son Diego, RuJenes
(10).

Second Game

Son Francisco 811 000 000—2 2 0

Son Dieso 000 990 28x—3 5 0

Goté, Lovelle 17) and Brenly: Lotfor, Luces
(9) and T.Kennedy, W—Lotfor, 8-2 2—Lovelle, 8-4

HR—Seb Dieso, T.Kennedy (9),
Chicoso 210 000 100—6 2 1

Risley, Kravec (4), Tidraw (7) and J.Davis:
LoPoint, Keener (7), Kapt (7), Bair (9) and
Porter, W—Kravec, 1-0, L—LoPoint, 4-2

Houston 110 000 002—4 7 6

Los Angeles

Sutron, LoCarte (9) and Pulois; V-Roma. .os Angeles COU COC CONTINUE (9) and Pulpist, V.Roma.
Forster (6), A.Pena (8), S.Shirley (9) and classics, W.S.Shirley (9) and Country Pulpist (2).

AMERICAN LEAGUE

New York 100 001 601—3 6 0 Cleveland 500 001 600—1 8 0 Erickson, LaRachs (4), Frazier (7), Gossons (3) and Wynesor: Walth, Wilhism (9), Glynn (9) and Hossey, Bando (8), W—Erickson, 5-7, L—Wolfs, 6-6, HRs—New York, Winteld 2 (11).
Battimore 110 001 005—5 7 2 Pulmderwood (4), Tobik (8) and Porrish, W-Palmer, 7-3. L.-P.Linderwood, 3-5. HRs-Beltimore, E.Murruy (11), Ripker (9)) Defroit,

013 078 000-5 8 2 Boston 91 (19 000- 3 \$ 2 All Youtheast 25 G2 45c-14 17 1 Torrez, Burgmeier (5) and Allenson; McClurs and Simmons, W-McClurs, 7-2, L-Torrez, 4-5, HRS-Boston, Shoeten, 61, Evans (9); Milwootes, Simmons (11), G.Thomas 2 (21), COOPEr (17). 100 118 204-7 15 1 000 112 000-4 7 0

Minnesotu G00 112 600—4 7 0
Gott, D.Murray (6). J.McLaughtin (8) and
B.Martinez, Whith (8): Havens, R.Davis (7).
Little (7) and Laudner. W— D.Murray. 4-3. L—
Hovens, 3-4. HR—Toronto, Moseby (4). Voshow
(11): Minasesta, R.Johnson (8). Ward (11).
California G00 082 000—2 9 0
Kansos City 310 011 011—7 12 1
Residus, Hassier (1), Sanchez (4). Aase (6) and
Boone: Blue, Armstrone (7) and Wathon, W—
Blue, 5-6. L—Renko, 7-2. HR—California, Baylor
(12).

200 010 203-7 14 0 306 000 000-6 2 1 Texts 200 of 200-7 is 7 to 100 collaborary 200 collaborary 200

Saturday's Results

SALETTAY PROCESSES

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Son Prencisco 201 600 600 600 607—4 11 2

Son Diego 600 600 600 600 607—4 11 2

RAMORTIN, Levelle 181. Borr (8). Holkand (111.

Winton 113) and Brenty, May (10): Weist, DeLeon (8). Leuces (111. Show (12). Chiffer (13) and T.Kennedy, Swisher (13). W—Mirhon, 5-4.

L—Chiffer, 2-1. HRs.—Son Francisco. Clork (15).

C.Dovis (9).

Houston 600 646 600—4 8 8

Houston 000 040 000—4 8 0 Los Angeles 112 900 01x—6 9 0 Ruhle, Copenzzella (5), Roberge (7), LoCalle 18) and Putols; Valenauela and Scioscia. W—Valenauela, 11-6 L—Roberge, 6-1. HR—Los Angeles, Manday 16).
Chicaso 900 200 900—2 4 0 000 200 080-2 4 000 000 001-1 16

Ameles, Monday 16).

Chicoso 900 200 060—2 4 6
St. Loois 900 900 001—1 16 1
Filer, W.Hermandez (8) and J.Dovis: Andulor
and D.Porter, Brummer (9). W.—Filer, 1-2, L.—
Anduler, 7-4.

Montreal 900 200 000—2 7 9
Polimer, Frymon 15) and Carter: Sommenta,
relucive 191 and T.Pena, W.—Sommenta, 1-1. L.—
Potmer, 3-2, H.Rs.—Montreal, Carter 177).
Phthaburgh, J.Thomeson (16).

Cincinnair 200 900 00—2 4 0
Allanta 100 100 20x—4 6 0
Allanta 100 100 20x—4 6 0
Soft, Hume (7) and Trevine: Mohler, Gorber
(8) and Benedici, W.—Mohler, 8-4, L.—Soft, 7-5.

1Philiodelphilo of New York, poshporad, role.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE
Californio 900 907 000—2 6 0

W—Cure. 9-4. L—Golfz. 1-2. HR—Collifornia ReJuction (16).

ReJockson (16).
Boston 900 900 960-6 2 1
Alliwoukee 200 301 61x-7 11 9
Reiney, Asonte (6) and Gedman; Vaciovich and Sintmens, W.-Vuckovich 19-3, L.-Reiney, 43, HRS--Milwouket, Melitar (8), Cooper 2 (17). Yours | 121. 970 000 000-1 4 T

Alinnesoto 100 006 dix-2 2 0
Clonicy and B.Martinez; O'Cannor and
Loudner, W-O'Cannor, 1-2, L.—Claney, 7-5, HR—
Toronto, Maseby (57.

New York (80 000 305—16 10 1

Cleveland 281 000 000—6 11 2

John, Frazier (6), LpRache (7), Gessepe (0)
and Wyneger; Sorarsen, Solliner (7) and Bando.
W-Frazier, 2-1, L.—Solliner, 5-5, HR3—New
Yark, Winfield (12), Nettles (6), Cleveland,
Thornton (20).

Thernton (20). Bellimers Thornton (20).

Bottlimors 190 214 000-4 12 0
Detroil 000 301 205-3 11 6
G.Davis, Grimsley (7), Stonhouse (7).

T.Mortinez (9) and Nolam; Uldur, Lopez (5), Soutier (6), Sess (9) and LM.Partist, Fahry (7), Wocksoftes (8), W.—C.Davis, 1-1, L.—Uldur, 1-4, His.—Baltimore, Singston (6), Roben (10), Noten (4), Raylard (1), Ford (6), Dehreit, Leoch ΠI-

1)1 800 000-3 5 0 Ockland 180 T20 000-5 10 T Honeyout, Comer (5) and Sundbern: Lansterd and Al-Heath, W. Lansterd, 7-9, L-Honeyouth 4-4. HR-Texas, B.Bell (?). Chicago — Scottis 148 610 900—4 10 2
Chicago — 685 901 61x—7 9 2
M.Moere, B.Clork (3), Startfon (5), Coudil (8)
end Sweet, Buffing (8); Lame, Koosman (2) and
Flak, W.—Koosman, 2—1 L.—Startfon, 1—2 HR—
Chicago, Luzinski (11).

More Sports On Page 13

#### Giants 8, Padres 4 Padres 3. Giants 2

In San Diego. Terry Kennedy's hases-empty homer capped a three-run eighth that gave the Padres a 3-2 victory over San Francisco and a split of a twin bill. In the 8-4 opener, Joe Morgan hit a three-run home run to cap a four-run San Francisco ninth. Dar-rell Evans drew a walk to open the inning off Dave Dravecky (0-1) and was forced at second by Guy Sularz. Milt May blooped a single to center to put runners on first and third. Gary Lucas, relieving Dravecky, got pinch hitter Bob Brenly to hit a slow roller to short, but Garry Templeton booted the

#### larz to score the tie-breaking run and brought Morgan to the plate. Braves 6, Reds 4

ball for an error that allowed Su-

In Atlanta, Bob Horner drove in two runs with a single and his 14th homer of the year and right fielder Claudell Washington made a game-saving catch in the ninth to help the Braves to a 6-4 victory over Cincinnati. Loser Tom Seaver (4-9) struck out three batters to move past Bob Gibson and into fifth place on the all-time strikeout list with 3,119.

Mets 8, Phillies 4 In New York, Craig Swan pitched 51/3 hitless innings and

#### Cubs 4, Cardinals 3

In St. Louis, Larry Bowa doubled and scored on a fielder'schoice grounder in the seventh as Chicago edged the Cardinals, 4-3. Ken Kravec, pitching one inning in relief of Alan Ripley, won his first game of the season.

#### Astros 4, Dodgers 1

In Los Angeles, Don Sutton pitched a six-hitter over 81/3 innings and batterymate Luis Pujols drove in two runs with a home run and a single to pace Houston past the Doadgers, 4-1. Ron Cey singled in a run in the ninth to spoil Sutton's

#### Brewers 14, Red Sox 5

In the American League, in Milwaukee, Gorman Thomas hit two homers, Ted Simmoos added another and Cecil Cooper hit a grand-slam home run to pace a 17hit attack that carried the Brewers to a 14-5 victory over Boston. Boston, down 2-0, got a run back in the second on a homer by Dave Stapleton and went ahead, 4-2, in the third when Dwight Evans fol-lowed singles by Reid Nichols and Wade Boggs with his ninth homer. Milwankee took the lead for good against Mike Torrez (4-5) in the

Mookie Wilson and Rusty Stauh third. Paul Molitor and Yount sineach drove in two runs to help the Mets to an 8-4 victory over Philadouble to left. Ben Oglivie was safe on an error and Thomas hit his league-leading 20th homer. Improving his record to 7-2, Boh McClure went the distance and

#### pitched an eight-hitter. Yankees 3, Indians 1

In Cleveland, Dave Winfield hit two homers and Rich Gossage re-corded his 14th save, enabling New York to snap the Indians four-game winning streak with a 3-I triumph.

#### Orioles 5, Tigers 4

In Detroit, Cal Ripken's sixthinning home run was the decisive blow in Baltimore's 5-4 decision over the Tigers and Jim Palmer's 255th career victory.

#### Blue Jays 9, Twins 4

In Minneapolis, Alfredo Griffin drove in the tie-breaking run with a seventh-inning single and Lloyd Moseby and Willie Upshaw hit bases-empty homers to spark Toronto past Minnesota, 9-4.

#### Royals 7, Angels 2

In Kansas City, Mo., Amos Otis drove in three runs with a single and double and the Royals capitalized on 10 walks to defeat California, 7-2. Vida Blue, scattering seven hits over six innings, evened his

In Oakland, Calif., Charlie Hough (7-5) pitched a two-hitter and Lamar Johnson drove in three runs to lead Texas past the A's, 7-0. Oakland's Rickey Henderson stole two bases, giving him 75 in 79 gamès.

## Major League Standings

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•	E	Ontions
merican	Exchange	Options
	Week Ending July 2, 1982	_

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## **BOOKS**

FAMOUS LAST WORDS

By Timothy Findley. 396 pp. \$14.95. Delacorte, 1 Dag Hammarskjold Plaza, New York, N.Y. 10017

Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

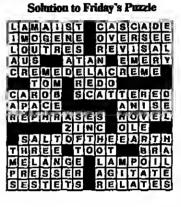
N HIS remarkable new novel, "Fa-mous Last Words," Timothy Findley — the Canadian writer whose earlier novels include "The Butterfly Plague" and "The Wars"— has mixed fact and fiction, actual people and invented ones, to produce a new and bizarre form of historical romance. Similiar in mood to D.M. Thomas's "The White Hotel" and almost as boldly imagined. Famous Last Words" reflects on the catastrophe that is 20th Century history and raises further doubts about the possibility of surviv-

ing it.
It is March of 1945 when the novel opens. Hugh Selwyn Mauberley, the poet-protagonist of Ezra Pound's four-part poem of that name, has taken leave of his master in Rapallo, Italy, and retreated with two suitcases full of notebooks to the Grand Elysium Hotel in the Tyrolean Alps, where the Hemingways and the Shirers once stayed and Marielle de Pencier, "the ricbest woman in the world," used to indulge her taste for the company of midgets and dwarfs and monkeys on

One month later, several members of the United States Seventh Army discover Mauberley's corpse with an icepick in its eye and a silver pencil in its hand. In four adjoining rooms, the walls are covered with words, beginning "All I have written here is true; except the lies." Lieutenant Quinn a demolitions expert who, milike his superior, Major Freyberg, believes that the handwriting on the walls may exonerate Manberley's well-known fascism — begins to read. The novel within the novel commences.

What it tells is essentially the story

of a secret cabal, involving such peo-ple as Charles A. Lindbergh, Joachim von Ribbentrop, Rudolf Hess, Count Galeazzo Ciano and Mauberley him-self, who plotted secretly during the 1930s and 1940s to create some sort of



super anti-Communist state with the Duke and Duchess of Windsor at the

head of it. Never mind that this cabal is revolting and implausible, and hence the weakest link in the entire story. We try to excuse it with the rationalization that Findley, in order to recap-ture the appeal of fascism in the 1930s, has tried to create some ideal form of it, however grotesque such a notion may seem. (And, lest we forget, there is always Freyberg, with his

Dachau scrapbooks, to remind us.)

Nor does it finally matter that we never do quite understand the appeal of the cabal for Mauberley. Again we rationalize: Mauberley is the artist of a refined civilization, as Pound meant him to be. What he sees in the cabal is the possibility of that higher civiliza-

The reason that one rationalizes so is simply because one wants to keep reading and believing Findley's narrative. And the reason one does this because of the extraordinary scenes he keeps creating. Wallis Simpson in the Imperial Hotel in Shanghai announcing that henceforth she will make her. ing that henceforth she will make her way by wiming at poker, Charles Lindbergh, "weatherbeaten as a prairie bone," standing on the great lawn of the Allenby estate in Kent, and telling Edward Allenby that the cabal "goes beyond mere Nazism, Ned"; Mauberley and the Duchess of Windsort doing the Castle Walk before an admiring crowd while he whispers to admiring crowd while he whispers to her about the submarine that will take her and the duke from Nassau back to Europe: the duke and duchess making love in front a portrait of Queen Mary — that such scenes as these often year from the plausible into the fantastic is rarely problematic and often strangely

One doesn't object to an artist tak-ing batwings and snakeskin and creat-ing a jabberwock. No more should one protest Findley's having taken a von Ribbentrop and a Duke of Windsor and created his own form of monster. And perhaps it isn't altogether unreal. As Mauberley concludes of the monster he has described:

"What rose towards the light" from the depths of the sea and was briefly glimpsed by those on shore "is left to sink unnamed: a shape that passes slowly through a dream. Waking all we remember is the awesome presence, while a shadow lying dormant in the twilight whispers from the other side of reason; I am here. I wait.

Christopher Lehmann-Haupt is on the staff of The New York Times

## BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

SOME simple suit combinations are in reality far from simple. Suppose you are in three no-trump and that dummy's only substantial asset is a diamond suit that looks like this:

NORTH ♦AJ9532 SOUTH **\$104** 

What chance do you have to collect five tricks, assuming that the other suits will not provide an entry? The answer depends on the caliber of your opponents. If they are moderate performers, your chances are moderate. If they are expert, your chances are poor indeed.

Suppose you lead the ten and West plays the queen. If West is an expert, you must duck and hope that he began with K-Q doubleton, for he would not have played the queen with K-Q-x or Q-x-x. If he is a weak player, he might have K-Q-x and you can duck and finess later.

Suppose you lead the ten, bringing two low cards and an honor from East. Against a weak opponent, you should finesse next time. But an expert in the East suit would refuse to win with K-x or Q-x, so your best chance is to play the ace next, hoping to drop the remaining honor. You cannot expect the missing honor to appear from West next time, for he would surely have covered holding Kx or Q-x.

An unusual twist in this situation was provided in the deal shown, played in Sheffield, England. The hero in the South seat was Ian Reissman, who has since become one of his

country's best young players.
South overcalled one spade with
one no-trump and eventually tried three no-trump when his partner showed a desire to play a diamond part-score. The final bid can be attributed to youthful ebullience, for Reissman was 19 at the time. But his play,

in a duplicate game played at the rate of seven minutes a deal, vindicated his

Even with all the hands in view it is not obvious how to make nine tricks. After winning the first trick with the spade queen, South made the reasonable assumption that East held a 5-4-2-2 distribution, with the club king and one diamond honor. At the second trick, he led the diamond ten, and when West played low he made the key play, a most unusual one, of the diamond jack from dummy.

East had to duck to prevent South from running diamonds later with a finesse against West. But now the declarer was in the dummy. He finessed the club queen and played the ace removing the king. This established the club jack as an entry to dummy, and South reverted to diamonds, setting up that suit. He thus made an over-trick, and was loudly applauded by his perceptive partner.

NORTH V654 **♣**J76 WEST EAST(D) **♦**J1092 **◆**K6765 ♥AQ109 **♦ K87** SOUTH ♦AQ3 ♥KJ32 **♣**AQ32 East and West were vulnerable. The

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West led the spade jack. RADIO NEWSCASTS

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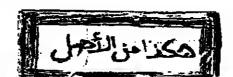
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## **SPORTS**

# Connors Upsets McEnroe in 5 Sets; Navratilova Wimbledon Titlist

# Final Produces Brilliant but Erratic Play

WIMBLEDON, England — Jimmy Connors edged John McEnroe, 3-6, 6-3, 6-7, 7-6, 6-4 in a 4-hour, 15-minute diriller Sunday to regain the Wimbledon title after eight

Connors, 29, held the last trump. cards in an amazing final, full of brilliant but erratic tennis, which hlew up into one of the most dra-matic in Wimbledon's 105-year

In winning the title back after an interval of eight years, Connors was just short of a record. Bill Tilden won it in 1921 and came back to win it again in 1930, nine years

The crowd of 14,000, still excited after the cut and thrust of the last few games, gave Connors a standing ovation as he went straight to one end of the court and kissed his wife Patti.

In the final set Connors danced and shuffled with joy as he hit. winners. "I guess I was keyed up emotionally," he said: "It was kill or be killed.

"But after that kind of tennis," after so long on court, it was killing both of us. It wasn't over until he missed the last shot."

## Mixture

Both men mixed hrilliant strokes with errors, especially in the early part of the match, McEnroe slammed 19 aces and hit 10 double-faults. Connors did not serve a single ace all afternoon; he double-faulted 13 times. Yet Connors had the better

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overall success rate on first services — 60 percent to McEnroe's
54. From 5-5 in the third set,
McEnroe did not break service. and that was the key to Connors' triumph.

From one set apiece, Connors charged forward and got a service break at the start of the third. At 5-4 he was serving for a 2-1 lead in sets, but ran into double-faulting trouble. He hit two, one after the other, to lose the game,

McEnroe eventually won it on a tie-breaker, by seven points to two, and it seemed that Connors big chance might have gone.

The fourth set went with service all the way, and the title hung on another tie-breaker. McEnroe led, four points to three, and needed only three more to retain his

But Connors hit a hot streak, winning four of the next five points, and finally slammed a service winner to win the set and level. the match at 2-2.

#### Rose

The final set was contested amid a continuous roar of cheering, and unnive Bob Jenkins repeatedly had to call for silence.

Connors bit two winning back-hand returns to break McEnroe's service for a 2-1 lead. The defending champion's crown was wobbling and to keep it he had to break back. He could only win two points against service in each of the fourth, sixth and eighth games, and Connors kept his nose ahead to lead 5-3. McEnroe won a love game to make it 4-5,

Conners served for the title and went to 40-0 amid pandemonium.
Then he made a double fault — his 13th - and McEnroe was still alive. With his next serve, however, Connors wrapped it up. He aimed for McEnroe's forehand, and the return flew over the sideline. --

Both players shouted and yelled throughout the match as they in doubt. made errors and yielded vital points, and there were a few disputes over line calls. McEuroe appeared unlucky once or twice,

behavior after last year's stormy events and kept his dignity.

Connors received a warning for "abuse of an official" after protesting to a linesman over one call. Connors won because he was

able to continually wrest the initiative from McEnroe. He served better throughout, despite the weak period late in the third set, and points.

McEnroe ultimately paid for too many loose service games. His touch was also not as sharp as usual, with missed volleys and half volleys, and overheads sprayed wildly outside the court.

McEnroe later lost his men's doubles title as well. He and compatriot Peter Fleming crashed, 6-3, 6-2, to Australiaos Peter McNamara and Paul McNamee in a final reduced to best-of-three sets because of the late hour. The two pairs have dominated

the event for the past three years. McEnroe and Fleming won in 1979 and 1981, while the Australian pair took it in 1980.

"We are pleased to win, but it was very difficult for John to play after losing such a hard five set match first," said McNamara. McEnroe is no longer Wimbledon champion, but he does not need to hang his head now when he enters the gates of the presti-gious All-England Lawn Tennis and Croquet Club.

last. The clob's committee, headed by Air Chief Marshal Sir Brian mett, made him a member after be had lost his title to Connors.

The management committee is pleased to announce that Mr. J.P. McEnroe ... " said a statement in the club's most dignified Englisb style.

So ended a bitter fend that had tarnished McEnroe's crown ever since he toppled five-time champion Björn Borg a year ago. Every Wimbledon champion is

ven honorary membership. It has been the tradition since Arthur Wentworth Gore won the first All-England championship at Wimledon in 1877. Last year McEnroe got into

deep trouble with umpires and linesman and offended the club by arguing over line calls and abusing He was snubbed when he became champion. The clob never gave him membership, and he has

smarted over it ever since. As this Wimbledon approached, and McEnroe was heading back to defend his title, Burnett explained

"I want him to be an honorary member of our club," the Air Chief Marshal said. "But first I want to see him setting an example to the young people who watch the championships, and he does oot do that at the moment.".



Jimmy Connors during the final at Wimbledon.

# France and Poland Advance to Cup Semifinals

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches
MADRID — France and Poland qualified for the semifinals of the World Cop Sunday.

Alain Giresse and Dominique Rocheteau each scored two goals as France swamped Northern Ireland, 4-1, here to reach the semifinals for the first time since 1958. In Barcelona, Poland qualified by holding the Soviet Union to a 0-0 draw. The result maintained Poland's unbeaten record in five 1982

#### WORLD CUP SOCCER

cup games and ensured its heading Group A, which also included Belgium. The Russians and Poland both had beaten Belgium, but the Poland needed only the tie to advance on goal difference.

The French played with panache and drive in a game described by Coach Michel Hidalgo as "the most important in 20 years" for French soccer. France topped Group D of the second round with cultive victories over Austria and Northern Ireland the latter

make the final 12 France needed only a draw to advance to a semiinal match against West Germany or England Thursday in Seville. But its approach was enterprising from the start and the Northern frish were

outclassed throughout. Captain Michel Platini and Jean Tigana were thoughtfully inventive in midfield, and Giresse and Rocheteau finished with clinical efficiency. The Northern Irish midfield was so busy trying to contain Tigana, Platini, Giresse and Bernard Genghini that it seldom launched attacks of its own.

Once Giresse had given France a 33d-minute lead from close range, the result was not seriously Rocheteau scored two fine indi-

vidual goals. The first came in the 47th minute when be glided away from a tackle from David

he shrugged off three challenges before beating Jennings from in-

side the penalty area.

Gerry Armstrong scored the lone goal for the losers - a team composed largely of veterans and players with lower league English clubs — in the 75th minute. Giresse scored his second five minutes later, leaping to head home a cross from Tigana.

#### Missing Man

Poland will be without star midfielder Zbigniew Boniek for Thursday's semifinal in Barcelona against either Italy or Brazil, Bonick, scorer of four goals in the tournament, was cautioned during the game and now faces a onegame suspension.

It was Booick's hat trick against lgium last week that secured Poland's qualification. Frestrated at his tight marking, Boniek was booked for a foul on his Soviet shadow, Sergei Baltacha. He had been booked against Italy in the

The Russians, playing in the fi-

goalkeeper Pat Jennings at the to win to advance but played with-near post. Twenty minutes later, out great drive. start of the second half we may have been in with a chance.

Poland seemed unwilling to attack, apparently satisfied to point for the draw. And, after a first half of patiently built moves, the Russians showed no urgency in the second half, during which they had only one clear chance at goal.

It was the Poles who came clos-

est to scoring in the livelier second half, with Boniek and Stefan Majewski forcing goalkeeper Rinat Dasaev to make his only real save of the match and Wlodzimierz Ciolek beading the ball over the

The Russians had a lucky escape in the 51st minute, when Sergei Borovsky did not clear cleanly, and the ball flew inches wide of the Soviet goal.

A comber of Polish fans at the

Nou Camp Stadium match raised hanners supporting the trade union Solidarity, but the banners were removed by police during the second half.

"Although we were, 1-0, down at nal stages of the cup for the first halftime. I thought that if we held time in 12 years, knew they needed the French for 15 minutes at the

"The fact we didn't hold out was due to brilliant French play. f threw players forward from midfield and, of course, if you do this you play straight into their hands, as they are a counterattacking team. We were punished for that."

Bingham said he thought the difference in the teams was that France had five or six truly gifted individuals.

"When you have four or five players of very high quality, your team is always likely to make goals from nothing." He said the French played with a flexibility of movement and interchange of positions similar to the Brazilian system.

France's semifinal opponent will be decided Monday night. England will meet Spain in Santiago needing to win by two clear goals - or by one goal if it scores more than three. Otherwise, France will face West Germany.

Three-time cup winner Brazil will seek its fifth straight victory -Losing manager Billy Bingham and a semifinal berth - against Itin a Group C Monday match in Barcelona.

> member that game in bilbao [when England beat France, 3-1, in the first round]. We would like to show them what we can do now.

if they lost.

"Platini proved that he could play brilliantly as an individual but also as a member of the team," Hidalgo said.

think there is much between us outclassed them. That is oot to say it will be easy.

will probably start the same team that played a scoreless tie with West Germany.

#### One Thing and Another

so because they don't fit into his

The team is picked with the idea of winning, but whether we can do that is another thing," he

#### Nelson, Wesikopf Tied For Western Open Lead

United Press Interno OAK BROOK, III. - Larry Nelson sank a seven-foot birdie putt on the final hole Saturday for a four-under-par 68 that tied Tom Weiskopf at 10-under after the third round of the Western Open golf tournament.

six-under 138, three strokes back of Bob Gilder - who had set a Butler National course-record 64 in Thursday's opening round but, at 135, beld only a one-stroke lead over Weiskopf at the midway point. Gilder blew to a 74 Satur-day while Weiskopf shot a 70.

## No Doubts Remain About New Champion

By Mike Littwin Las Angeles Times Service

WIMBLEDON, England — No more is it a case of mind over Martina. No longer is there the choking. the maddening inconsistency. Martina Navratilova won her third Wimbledon single's title Saturday by dumping all the negative thoughts into her oppo-

Playing with deserved confidence here over the last two weeks, Navratilova came back from a service break down in the third set to defeat Chris Evert Lloyd, 6-1, 3-6, 6-2.

#### Defender Buckles

It was Evert, the defending champion, who broke down in the end. It was Evert who seemed to doubt from the beginning that she could win. And it is Navratilova, if anyone doubted it, who is the best woman's tennis player in the world. Navratilova has won 54 of the 55 matches she has

played this year. She has won the last three Grand Slam events and undoubtedly will be the favorite in September's U.S. Open.

I was imagining the headlines — 'Evert upsets
Navratil. /a,' "— said the victor, who finally became

a bit concerned after losing her only set of the 1982 Wimbledon. "I wanted to live up to everybody's expectations. I knew I had it in me."

Evert had not been sure of that. "I thought maybe Martina would crack at a certain point," she said.
"At the U.S. Open last year, she kind of choked that match [the final, against Tracy Austin]. When she's been in a tight situation in the past, Tracy and I have usually come out better than she has. Mentally, that's been her problem. "But she won the match and she came up with

some great shots. I certainly didn't give it to her."

But it looked as if she might after the 22-minute opening set, which Navratilova dominated. At that point, Evert just wanted to make things respectable. "After the way I lost the first set," Evert said, "I really didn't think I could win the match.

"I didn't want to be bumiliated. I was surprised bow well I played in the second. I just wanted to make it a good match. But after I won the second set, it was a 50-50 proposition."

The odds were slightly better, or should have been, when she broke Navratilova's serve in the third game of the deciding set. But Evert, who controlled the middle set, was tentative serving thereafter. Navrati-lova won the last five games of the match; she took the day's final game — Evert serving — at love.

Through the third set's third game, Evert's

groundstrokes were a match for Navratilova's serveand-volley tactics. But Navratilova won the mind

#### Snappy Comeback

"I knew I had to break ber right back," Navratilova said, "I was trying to pick my spots too much. I was too complacent, sitting back on the baseline until I got my shot. I knew I had to get to the oet more. Once I got to the net, I won the majority of the

She broke Evert in that fourth game with a back-hand volley and rewarded herself with a little applanse. And that's all she got from Center Court crowd, firmly behind Evert. But nothing was to bother her Saturday. She kept backing Evert deep into a corner, making her hit her backhand into her own forehand at the

net. Navratilova went after her point after point, throwing in an occasional drop shot. When Evert dropped ber serve in the fourth game, tying the match, she wondered whether it was all over. "After I lost that game," Evert said, "I felt I had my chance. I did have my chance."

But the match wasn't decided until two games later, when Evert, after leading 40-15, again lost her serve. She lost one point on a skidding bounce that she hit into the net and another when she netted an easy forehand. The game was at dence, but Navratilova took control with a smash to win the advantage and then passed Evert with a backhand for the game.

Navratilova's beating Evert in the Wimbledon final is becoming something of a tradition; each of her three victories here, including 1978 and 1979, have been against Evert, herself a three-time winner. But win or lose, Evert is also a tradition here, having made the finals eight of the last 10 Wimbledons.
"If I made it to the finals," said Navratilova," I ex-

pected to see Chris on the other side of the net. Evert knows how to beat Navratilova - hit to her backhand and come to the net. But that isn't Evert's game. "If I was a little more comfortable at the net,"

ne said," I would have won." Instead, it again was Navratilova who received the championship's gold plate. In her mind, she was shared that moment with ber friend, Nancy Lieberman, and her coach, Renee Richards, who have

helped turn Navratilova's game around. With Lieberman to condition her and Richards to teach her, Navratilova, in less than a year, has come to dominate the game. Remarkably, she has made the finals in her last 19 tournaments, winning 14 of them. She has won on grass, oo clay, on cement and in-doors. Before Wimbledon, she won the Australian Open and the French.

Navratilova has oever won the U.S. Open, but she likes her chances. "I will be the favorite. If I didn't give it away [Saturday], I'm oot going to give it away. Someone is going to have to play a hell of a match to

A victory in September would give ber the Grand Slam. "I would truly be one of the greatest players of all time," she said. "And that's what I've always



'I was imagining the headlines . . .

# Spanish Cyclist May Have to Settle side to meet England or West Germany. "I think, sentimentally, I might prefer England because I re-

By Samuel Abt New York Times Service

BASEL Switzerland - Modesto Urrutibeazcoa has an appointment with a few hundred of his neighbors July 15 when the Tour de France reaches the Pyrenees. For the trip to Pau, in southwest France, from the Spanish village of Tolosa, the neighbors will travel by bus. Urrutibeazcoa plans to arrive by bicycle, wearing No. 119.

First they had three buses, but last night they called to say there would be two more," he said before Saturday's stage of the bicycle endurance race. The agricultural village of Tolosa, near San Sebastian in the Basque country, has only 3,000 residents, so Urruthermore observed by beazcoa was obviously pleased by promise of a big turnout.

In his first Tour de France, the

22-year-old rider is also beginning realize just how difficult it will be for him to attend the reunion.

Of the 170 riders listed for the start, perhaps 40 are making their first appearances in the demanding and prestigious race. Only a few of these are also making their debuts this year as professional racers; Urrutibeazcoa is one. But, in his open way, he is typical of the young riders who set out each year the first major adventure of

their careers.

Some handle it badly. Jean-Mary Grezet, the young hope of Swiss cycling, quietly went home just before Friday's start, saying only that he was not sure he was up to his first Tour de France.

Urrutibeazcoa is trying to remain calm. But there is much to learn, he acknowledged on the cir-cuit outside Basel. Saturday's race, through green, rolling countryside, was won by Ludo Peeters of Belgium, who finished 38 seconds ahead of a crowd. His victory gave temporarily Peeters the overall leaders's yellow jersey.

#### Cheerful Cliche Second in the overall standings

after the first leg was Frenchman Bernard Hinault, 14 seconds back, with Gerry Knetemann of The Netherlands third, West German Gregor Braun fourth and Phil Anderson of Australia fifth, Hinault, the overwhelming favorite to win the tour for the fourth time in five years, had been expected to yield the yellow jersey early in the race for strategic reasons. Far, far behind the leaders is

Urrutibeazcoa, 153d overall as of Saturday, when he finished 133d. more than five minutes behind the winner. "I had a puncture 10 kilometers from the finish and lost logue winner, Bernard Hinault

BASEBALL

American League
CHICAGO—Designated Eddle Solamon,
pitcher, for reassignment and called up Richard
Barnes, pitcher, from Edmantion of the Pacific Coast Leapue.

CLEVELAND—Acquired Larry Militor

Noting Lague
ATLANTA BRAVES—Reactiveted Terry
Harper, outfielder, from the discibled list,
Purchased the contract of Bob Parter,
outfielder, from Richmond et the international
Lague. Optioned Brett Butter, outfielder, and
Ken Smith, first basemon-outfielder, to
dickmond. PITTSBURGH Placed Wille Mordanez, first

bosemon, on waivers for the purpose of giving him his unconditional release; sland Tom Mahl, caricher-outfielder, and assigned him to Brodenton of the Guit Coast League.

Canadian Fatheri Leone
TORONTO—Apquired the rights to Rick Mohr,
defensive end; Rob Smith, effensive guard; and
Don Moen, linebacker, from British Columbia in
exchange for the Lions' first-and second-round draft picks in 1963.

Webb, linebockers: Larry Dehviche, putter; and Den Pensiek, defensive lineman. Named Brian McCaskey oscision froline; CINCINNATI—Signed Rodney Helman, Hight

NEW ORLEANS-Signed Rodney Lewis. prostrock, N.Y. JETS—Signed Mork Jerue, linebocker and Rocky Klever, running back each to a series

esistent cooch. KANSAS—Nomed Larry Kirksey roceivers' vernen's head golf coech.

NORTH TEXAS STATE—Signed Corky Netson, head football coach, to a litres-year contract.

more than a minute replacing the ranking and the threat of elimina-

Nobody expects Urrutibeazcoa to finish with the leaders in any stage of the 22-day race. His role with the Teka team is that of a "domestic," as minor racers are

As a domestic, he works for his leader, exchanging wheels with him after a puncture, ferrying water bottles to him, relaying and. protecting him in the pack. Sometimes, for tactical reasons, he may be sent on a diversionary breakaway or be may be the rider dispatched to chase and wear down an opponent who has bro-

Rarely do domestics know as professionals the glory that first attracted teams to them while they were amateurs. Since he signed as a professional last December, Urrutibeazcoa has registered just one victory, in a stage of last month's Valles Mineros race in the Spanish

region of Asturias. He dropped out of a major French race, the Dauphine Libere on the final day, finished "in the 60s or 70s out of 120" in another French race, the MidI Libre, and "around 35th" in the tour of the

As an amateur he won 10 races last year, including a six-day track race in Madrid. "In amateur races, you only have to turn it on in short burst," he says. "As a professional,

you have to keep going."
He began racing eight years ago, encouraged by a former pro who ran a bicycle shop in his village. Urrutibeazcoa's parents raise fruits and vegetables on their farm, and he says he would probably be working with them if he weren't a

How long does he plan to con-tinue? "Until they throw me off." Just then, the race announces alerted the riders to approach the start. Urrutibeazcoa began to move forward. "Since 1 was a boy," he said, "it was always my hope to do the Tour de France. Now I am here, and all I want is to

finish the race. The important thing is to finish." He was gone - another jersey in the throng of racers - before he could be asked if he would settle for making it to Pau, in the Pyrenecs, and meeting his neighbors from Tolosa.

#### Anderson Wins 2d Leg NANCY, France (Reuters) -

Phil Anderson of Australia took the overall lead in the Tour de France by winnning Sunday's 246kilometer (about 152 miles) second leg, from Basel, Switzerland, in six hours, 31 minutes and 33 seconds. Henk Lubberding of The Netherlands was second and Bernard Vallet of France third.

## but he was evidently on his best McCreery before firing low past British Crews Are Dominant 3) were consecutive singles by Wade Boggs and Dave Stapleton At the 132d Henley Regatta

By Norman Hildes Heim

New York Times Service HENLEY-ON-THAMES, England — American speciators and 47 seconds. clustered in the Stewards enclosure Yale Univ watching the finals of the 132d Henley Royal Regatta had to wait until Sunday's final race before all three events in which it was enpopping their Fourth of July mpagne in celebration of the only U.S. victory of the day - the Charles River Rowing Associa-tion's successful defense of its

Thames Challenge Cup title. Uotil then, Sunday's racing had been a succession of American loses to English crews in what one British octogenerian observed was a "very good regatta for the old

English teams took nine of the 13 cup titles, with the remainder, in the addition to the U.S. victory, going to the Yugoslav pair without coxswain, from the Vesicki Klub Gusarm taking the Silver Goblets and Nichols Challenge Cup; the Swiss four without coxswain from Ruderclub Schaffhausen and Thalwill winning The Stewanrds Challenge Cup; and the Irish national lightweight four with coxswain from Neptune Rowing Club claiming The Britania Challenge Cup.

Until Sunday's final, Charles River, the U.S. national team training squad made up of freshmen and sophomore oarsmen from various collegiate rowing programs, had not been pushed in any of its races.

Cambridge University's Boat Race crew, pressing throughout the 1-5/16-mile course, which was made complicated by a strongly gusting Charles River was not sure of

Its final race was considerably different, with Goldie Boat Club,

victory until the mile post, by Henley terminote which position it had achieved a than five lengths.

two-boat-length margin on Cam-bridge — the same margin by which it won in a time of 6 minotes

tered. lenge Cop Saturday and a Yale four lost in the heats of The Visi-

Isis Boat Club, this year's Oxford University junior varsity Boat Race crew, defeated Havard University's lightweight varsity in the other semifinal heat of Ladies' Plate. Despite having rowed only one race to London's two in the morning Isis lost the final to London hy three-quarters of a length

Holy Spirit High School of Absescon, N.J., could not match the crispness of stroking of England's Eton College and lost in its defense of the Princess Elizabeth Challenge Cup for schoolboy eights by one and a quarter

amond Challenge Sculls title for the second straight year against nominal competition. In the final, Baillien won "easily," which in Henley terminolgy means by more

Yale University soffered through a second successive year of Henley frustration, again losing

The Yale heavyweight varsity lost its heat of The Grand Chaltor's Challenge Cup, leaving the school's hopes pinned to its junior varsity heavyweight eight, racing in the Ladies' Challenge Plate Sun-

After leading the University of London for the entire course, Yale weakened in the final strokes of its morning semifinal, rowing to a dead heat. The two had to re-row the course a half-bour later, with London prevailing by one and a quarter lengths in time of 7:09.

in a time of 7:10.

Chris Baillieu of retained his Di-

two-run home run. Royals 6, Angels 2

A's 5, Rangers 3

Dwayne Murphy, Mickey Klutts and Mike Heath had run-scoring singles in the fifth to lift the A's past Texas, 5-3. Langford (7-9) struck out one and walked one in tripled in one run and scored another to contribute to Tom Filer's pitching his league-leading 10th first major league victory as Chicacomplete game. White Sox 7, Mariners 6

lief to earn the victory. Twins 2, Blue Jays I

In Chicago, Jerry Hairston's sac-

rifice fly in the eighth scored Bill Almon to give the White Sox a 7-6

victory over Seattle. Jerry Koos-

# Brewer Pitching, Power Down the Red Sox, 7-0

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches MILWAUKEE - Pete Vuckovich pitched a three-hitter, Cecil Cooper hit two home runs and Paul Molitor and Robin Yount

BASEBALL ROUNDUP had one apiece Saturday night as Milwankee tied Boston for first

place in the American League's

Eastern Division by trouncing the Red Sox, 7-0. The game was played before a County Stadium ecord crowd of 55,716.

with two out in the fifth and a

ninth-inning single by Dwight Ev-

their last 17 games, have set a league record with 35 homers in 15 consecutive games; the Detroit Tigers of 1970 hit 31 over a 15-

The Brewers, winners of 14 of

Yankees 10, Indians 6 In Cleveland, Graig Nettles drove in four runs to help New York defeat the Indians, IO-6, before a crowd of 69,557 - the largest in the majors this season. Nettles' two-out bases-loaded single in the seventh drove in the tying and

### lead runs; in the minth, he hit a

In Kansas City, Mo., Hal McRae tripled in two runs during a five-run fifth to carry Larry Gura and the Royals to a 6-2 victory over California, Gura (9-4) yielded six hits, walked two and struck out one over six innings to enable Kansas City to pull within half a game of the first-place Angels m the Western Division. Dan Quisenberry went the final three innings to earn his 21st save.

In Oakland, Calif., Rick Lang-ford retired the last 19 batters and

man (2-3) pitched 7% innings of re-In Minneapolis, Ron Washing- Padres,

oone out in the eighth to back Jack O'Connor's six-hitter and give Minnesota a 2-1 squeaker over Toronto. Castino started the eighth with a double off Jim Clancy (7-5). Bob Mitchell singled Castino be-

### fore Washington's single to left.

Orioles 8, Tigers 3 In Detroit, Baltimore, backed by five home runs and by solid pitch ing from rookie Storm Davis downed the Tigers, 8-3. The Oriole Ripken, Floyd Rayford, Dan Ford

#### and Ken Singleton.

Dodgers 6, Astros 5 In the National League, in Los Angeles, Steve Garvey's tie-breaking single in the eighth gave the Dodgers a 5-4 decision over Houston as Fernando Valenzuela became the major leagues' first 11-game winner. Valenzuela (11-6) struck out five, walked one and gave up eight hits — five of them during a four-run Astro fifth. But he surrendered only one other hit the rest of the way, retiring 13

straight during one stretch.

their ninth in 11 games.

#### ny Sarmiento held Montreal to ooe run through eight innings as the Pirates ran their winning streak to six with a 4-2 triumph. It was the

Expos' fourth loss in a row and

Pirates 4. Expos 2

In Pittsburgh, Jason Thompson hit a two-run home run and Man-

Braves 4, Reds 2 In Atlanta, Glenn Huhbard's two-run single with two out in the seventh gave the Braves a 4-2 victory and extended Cincinnati's losing streak to six. Atlanta began its winning rally against Mario Soto (7-5) with two out when Rafael Ramirez doubled to left; Soto then walked pinch hitter Larry Whisenton and Claudeli Washington to load the bases for Hobbard.

#### go nipped the Cardinals, 2-I. It was the third straight loss for St. Giants 4, Padres 3

Cubs 2, Cardinals I

In St. Louis, Leon Durham

In San Diego, Max Venable threw out the winning run in the bottom of the 14th and Chili Davis led off the 15th with his minth home run of the year, giving San Francisco a 4-3 decision over the

French Manager Michel Hidalgo said it was difficult to say whether it would be better for his

"Sunday, we had the will to win. "I told the players to go out there and play quality soccer and that I would take the responsibility

England's stand-in skipper, Mick Mills, said Sunday, "I think we have a good chance against Spain because I honestly don't and the Germans and they

To start with we will have to put the number of goals required out of our minds completely and just concentrate on the game, making sure we don't make any slip-ups." Added Manager Ron Greenwood: "Its a very strange situation to be in. We are not sure how the Spanish will react." Greenwood

Coach José Santamaria is certain his team will defeat England. While declining to oame his squad, he ruled out at least five players -Santiago Umiticoechea and Juanito due to injury, and Jose Sanchez, Ricard Gallego and Joaquin Alon-

#### "My boys are going to play Eng-land with the pride that the Span-ish player has," Santamaria said. "I'm going to think of the ideal men who will try to rebuild morale and to play a worthy role."

Nelson had entered the round at

**More Sports** On Page 11

wheel," he explained, not discuss-ing the rest of his deficit. At this rate he is facing climination soon because of time differen-

tial with the leader. Using a complicated mathematical formula, the race organizers are likely to apply this sometimes-neplected rule to reduce the field, the largest in his-"It's not how you start but how

you finish," said Urrutibeazcoa, delivering the cliche in cheerful Spanish In fact, he started terri-First, he was one of five riders, four of them tour newcomers, who

forgot to sign in before Friday's prologue. "In Spain, you don't usually have to sign in for a time trial," he explained. The infraction cost him a fine of 75 francs. Then, just as he rolled down the starting ramp on his five-mile run, the chain on his bicycle rattled loose. "It was a new chain, just put on for the race," he said. "I lost 20 seconds, maybe more, catching my rbythm." He finished one minute and 24 seconds behind the pro-

# Transactions

Infielder, from Minnesota in exchange for Larr rional League

SUFFALO SILLS—Released Lowrence Controlled, fullback, CHICAGO—Signed Ricky Yeuns and Brad

of one-vect contracts.

COLLEGE

COLORADO STATE—Named Rich Herbst

TRACK AND FIELD
ATHLETICS Wast—Announced that Dick
Quar, head coach, restored, Namod Bob Sevene
head coach,

## LANGUAGE Bridgehead Revisited

By William Safire

NEW YORK — For the time being, it's settled: The name of the island group is the "Falklands." Argentines may still call it the "Malvinas," but that must be used now in a sentimental or defiant sense.

in this short war, the word that first troubled me was bridgehead. The press -

and I believe London itself — is referring to the British landings on East Falkland as a 'bridge-head,' writes Robert Ricker of Vienna, Va. "In my soldierly days, the term applied specifi-



cally to a landing on the other side of a river, from dirt to dirt with water in between. When landing from the high seas on an island or a continent, it was a 'beachhead.' The copy editors of The New York Times changed bridgehead to beachbead between editions, in a military analysis by Drew Middleton. The distinction is best explained by Cleve Corlett, of Ar-ington, Va.: "When the Allies landed in Normandy, they man-aged to secure a beachhead; when an armored column of the U.S. First Army seized, intact, the Lu-dendorff railroad bridge at Remagen on March 8, 1945, it succeeded in establishing a bridgehead on the east bank of the Rhine."

Recuperation Without Recovery

The Argentine junta recognized the importance of the war of words in choosing the verb recuperate in connection with their initial takeover of the islands. In current American usage, that word is mostly applied to getting well after an illness, but another meaning exists for such a recovery — to re-cover, or take back control of, ter-

ritory or property.

Meanwhile, the Brits (not a term they use themselves, but not especially derogatory) invented a term for Argentines: Argies, with a soft g. "It was as if somewhere there is a store of rude names for every nation in the world," wrote Simon Hoggart in Punch, "which can be brought out and employed the moment we go to war, like petrol

ration coupons." For that, we must thank the men who make up the front pages of newspapers. In linguistic physics, the power of compression is the

AMERICA CALLING

length of the name divided by the desperation of the headline writer. The Argies' navy, most of which never put to sea, was intimidated by the presence of British bunterkiller submarines. For a moment, I thought this ferocious adjective was as unnecessary as the "battle" in "battle tank" - what do they make tanks for, other than battles? - but ire subsided with this explanation from a Defense Department spokesman: "There are two types of submarines. There are the subs for conventional warfare; these are the bunter-killer subs,

Then we come to decimate, a word used often in connection with the war in the Falklands and in Lebanon. A colleague standing at a news ticker saw this word appear and said, "Don't they know it means 'reduce by a tenth? Why do they use it when they mean 'de-

which destroy ships. Submarines

that launch ballistic missiles are

not hunt-and-kill; they're strategic

**Kissinger's Chrysalis** 

Sorry, usage is usage. True, deci-mate originated with the Roman legions, whose commanders pun-ished mutiny by selecting every tenth man by lot and killing him. However, to limit the word's meaning to "one-tenth" would be like limiting myriad to its literal "10,000" — time and usage have broadened the meaning of both words. Decimate now means "destroy a large portion of," and myriad means "a great number of."

What was the most beautiful, most unusual word used in connection with any of the wars going on lately? My candidate appeared in, of all places, an article by Hen-ry Kissinger. The subject was post-Lebanon diplomatic strategy in the Middle East, and the former secretary of state wrote: "The dominant trend within our own Department of State - seeks to nudge the talks in the direction of a Palestinian entity, the inevitable chrysalis of a Palestinian state."

Chrysalis - accent on kris - is selection of taste and suitability, far better than embryo, formative stage, starting point or basis. A chrysalis is the pupa of an insect, when the insect is encased in a cocoon, halfway between larval and adult stages; by extension, a chrys-alis is a sheltered state of being just before coming of age. After two volumes of memoirs, Henry is getting the hang of writing.

New York Times Service

By Michael Zwerin

PARIS - Kenny Clarke, the father of be-New York Times Service bop drumming, first came to Europe with the Edgar Hayes Blue Rhythm Band in

1937, before belop was born.
"We played Brussels and I just came down to see what Paris was like. I liked it right Clarke laughed: "I even liked Brus-

Clarke -- or Klook, as he is known -- was born in 1914 and has been living in France so long now he can even laugh about liking Brussels (the French tell Belgian jokes, which are like Polish jokes). He settled in Paris in the 1950s because he wanted a certain quality of life. It was not a matter of money; on the contrary, he had been busy in New York —

"Economically everything was all right, but there was something I had to clear up in my mind. You know people look for different things in life, but all I want is peace and quiet" - there is a twinkle in his eye - "and

money. Clarke knew something was seriously wrong when he found himself hiding from Miles Davis, who was offering him work: "Miles knocked on my door, so I told the little girl I was with to tell him I'm out. He just kept knocking, said, 'Klook, Klook, I know you're in there.' I just didn't feel like going on that gig. I'd been recording for Savoy Records almost every day. I was tired."

A Familiar Back-of-the-Head

He turned on his television one evening in 1955 for a Maurice Chevalier spectacular and saw the back of a head he recognized. "When he turned around, sure enough it was Michel Legrand. I called up the station and we got together that night at Basin Street East, where I was working with Phineas Newborn. I told him how tired I was of New York. He said he could get me on his uncle Jacques Helian's big band, 'a real jazz band,' he called it. I was ready. The following September he sent me a first-class ticket on the Liberté and I left with

everything I owned."
He had just recorded with the Modern Jazz. Quartet for their first album. The MJQ turned out to be extremely successful, bot, asked if he ever regretted leaving that gold mine just before it panned out, Clarke answered without hesitation: "Not for one minute. Weil, I've thought about that, someone said, Klook, you should have stayed here and made all that money.' But money's only good

when you need it. Clarke has nothing against money. He is in fact known to be a hard negotiator, and he has done well in Europe. But he is someone who follows his own inclinations, who wants to take life, and music, on his own terms. In the late 1930s he got tired of playing like Jo Jones, boom boom boom on the bass drum. He took the main beat away from the bass and put it up on the ride cymbal. The beat became lighter. The bass drum was then used only for kicking accents, "dropping bombs," it was called. In 1940, Teddy Hill

Notes on the Birth of Bebop, Bass Drum 'Bombs,' Kenny Clarke

Notes on the Birth of Bebop, Bass Drum Bombs,

Missing MJQ Gold, and Life in Brussels and Paris



Kenny Clarke aka Klook and Liaqat Ali Salaam: Following his own vision.

But one year later Hill called Clarke and asked him to organize a band for Minton's, a club he was managing on 118th street in Harlem. He hired the eccentric and then unknown piznist Thelonious Monk, bassist Nick Fenton, and Joe Guy on trumpet. Dizzy Gillespie ("a saint," says Clarke) sat in regu-larly, as did Charlie Christian and Charlie Parker ("a prophet"). And that's where behop

was born. After a three-year spell in the Army, which brought him back to Paris ("I made a lot of friends, real friends"), he returned to New York "sort of disgusted with everything. I didn't know what to do. Dizzy talked me into playing again." Fate seemed continually to push him to Paris: He was back again in 1948 with the legendary Dizzy Gillespie big band ("One night in Sweden the band was swinging so hard, Dizzy jumped up on the piano").

Practical Reason

During the early '50s a lot of black jazz musicians began taking Moslem names. There was a practical reason: On police cards they could be listed as Moslem instead of Colored and some keepers of segregated hotels were persuaded that they were visiting Arab dignitaries. Clarke called himself Liagat Ali Salaam. But this didn't last long; he follows his own vision. American jazz musicians who settle in Europe tend to be more open, more interested in life's variety, more interest-

ing than average. These people are nonconformists in a metier known for nonconformism. Despite their concertizing in major halls, playing the White House and teaching in universities, jazz musicians retain their outlaw side and Europe still appeals to it. French residence, a Dutch wife, Danish plates on the car and plenty of work in Germany - it's all tailormade for a maverick.

In his book "Notes and Tones," the

fired Clarke for dropping bombs with his big drummer Arthur Taylor quotes Clarke as saying in 1972: "To organize, you must be organized within yourself first. Because otherwise it turns out like the trade unions, in other words gangsterism. The Black Panthers, for example, that's all gangsterism." And, commenting ou the Afro hairdo craze: "I think it's a whole lot of needless work. The time it takes them to keep their hair in an Afro could he spent reading." These were not terribly popular things for a black man to say at that time. But Europe gives Clarke the perspective

From the Heart'

And in the early 70s, when big bands were about as dead as they would ever be, Clarke co-led, with the Belgian arranger-pianist Francy Boland, one of the best of them. This all-star American-European aggregation created some of the fattest, most swinging big band sounds ever and almost single-handedly kept the genre in the public's ears - at least the European public. Americans were beginning to concentrate on electricity.

With electronic jazz, form wins over content. How music is reproduced or amplified tends to be considered more important than its stuff. While Herbie Hancock travels with a big pile of computer magazines, and George Duke's table talk is more like an engineer's than a musician's, Clarke says: "You shouldn't become wrapped up in technical things as far as music is concerned, because

music comes from the heart." Lifestyle comes first: That's it, if music can belp me along the road, so much the better. There's a difference in the mentality, the social mentality, here. People are not afraid to walk in their neighborhood, to become friends; socially you feel adjusted. I've been hicky. I found a little bouse in Montreuil [a Paris suburb] about four years after I got here. Things were going good, so I just bought it. And when I bought the house I said, Well, here I am. This is home." LETTER FROM SPAIN

# Soccer 10, 'Dallas' 0

By Tom Burns Washington Post Service

MADRID — The World Cup road show is now three weeks old, but Spaniards will have to wait one week more before discovering whether Bobby Ewing has run his marriage onto the rocks by reviving old romances during Pamela's working trip to Paris. That was the state of play in the "Dallas" saga before all-consuming soccer wiped the soap opera off the television screen.

The daily cycle of illusion and reality has come to a standstill. In real life Premier Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo is battling to keep his government party together, not to mention his own political future, and the army is said to be restless. But café talk is about last night's game, tonight's game and tomorrow night's. The cafes all have television sets above the bar and every self-respecting newspaper carries a daily eight-page supplement con-taining all the soccer gossip that could conceivably be printed.

There is a big brother watching over Spain and he is very familiar. He is called "Naranjito" — Little Orange. Spain's national fruit dressed up in the Spanish national colors passes for the World Cup emblem, and it will see you through your vacation: In the morning you don your Naranjito T-shirt, pack your Naranjito beach towel in your Naranjito shoulder bag and head for the sand with your Naranjito beach ball and your Naranjito suntan lotion. The aperitif will be Naranjito wine served with Naranjito peanuts on a Naranjito plate.

'orrible 'ooligans

In Bilbao, some English soccer fans had "I'm an 'orrible 'ooligan" printed over a British bulldog on their T-shirts. But most of them went stripped to the waist sporting their tattoos. As the fierce sun mottied their backs, they draped Union Jacks over their shoulders like Roman capes. The English have improvised a new anthem to the tune of "He's Got the Whole World in His Hands." In a bar by the stadium before a recent match they were practicing it: "We've got the Falklands in our hands, we got the Falklands in our hands."

Projecting Naranjito into the Anthony Burgess lantasy the English soccer fans were the "Clockwork Orange" mob holding the

stage in Bilbao. It was Pampiona's bull-running festival relieved by the punk British unemployed in els De the stately Basque shipping and commercial center. The bulls were the no-nonsense riot police who the no-nonsense riot police who moved the fans on from bar to bar up and down Bilbao's Chinatown

until the early morning. Down in Alicante, where Argen-Down in Alicante, where Aliger
tina was playing, the fans who arrived on package tours from Buenos Aires had a counterslogan; España, Argentina, Gibraltar y

Relaxed Kiwis

Malvinas.

In Malaga the New Zealand squad, also new to the finals, was very relaxed by the latest count the "Kiwis" had taken time off to make a trip to Tangiers, had watched two bullfights and had sat up most of the night at a flamenco fiests. The locals noted approvingly that the New Zealanders had dropped their special consign ments of homegrown lamb in favor of Malaga's deep-fried fish cuisine. Their coach said, "We're here to learn." They lost all three of their

Losing was not the game in Val-ladolid, high up on the central pla-teau north of Madrid, where Kuwait was having its first shot at World Cup glamor. The Gulf Arabs balked at a French goal and forced the referee, from the Soviet Union, to disallow it by threatening to walk off the field. It was unprecedented blackmail for this World Cup and it cost Kuwait x \$50,000 fine. The French won anyway and the Kuwaiti squad began to lose faith in its last-minute — a camel hired from a Spanish film-props company. The camel was accustomed to excitement, the Kuwaiti squad had been told: "He's acted with Anthony Quinn."

Madrid Calm Before Flood

With the excitement on Spain's periphery, where the first-round games were being played, Madrid was in the doldrums. "It's like the hungry '40s," the headwaiter of a long-established Madrid restanrant said as he gloomily surveyed the empty dining room.

But it was the calm before the storm as the action moved into Madrid and Barcelona, Madrid will be packed by the big final on. July II. Everything else pales by comparison, including "Dallas."

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